THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

VOL. XXXVI NO. 286 | COPYRIGHT 1944 BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY | BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1944 | ** ATLANTIC EDITION | THREE CENTS FIVE CENTS Greater Boston Newsstands, Elsewhere

Dewey Makes Strong Appeal For Bay State's 16 Votes; Assails Roosevelt Record

New York Governor on tour of State pledges national administration like Saltonstall's.

Republican nominee hits New Deal's 'record of broken promises' in Buffalo speech.

By John Bond
Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 1—Gov. Thomas E. Dewey of New York, heading for Boston in his drive for Massachusetts' 16 important electoral votes, today told cheering crowds here and in Pittsfield he would restore a faith in our country and our Government and would bring to Washington the kind of administration Governor Saltonstall has given Massachusetts.

Hopeful of tucking Massachusetts' presidential votes into his pocket before President Roosevelt follows him into New England on Nov. 4, the Republican presidential nominee hammered at the New Deal by saying he wants to end "the abuse, name calling, insults, and smears on the part of the President of the United States to members of Congress."

To a crowd of 10,000 massed about the Springfield City Hall Plaza, Governor Dewey also announced his intention, if elected next Tuesday, "to turn the whole practice and theory of this administration around."

Gov. Thomas E. Dewey

Lack of Confidence

He charged that lack of legislative confidence in New Deal legislation had delayed passage of an adequate reconversion bill for six months.

A metal elephant was presented to him at the conclusion of his speech by Mayor Arthur Long of Westfield. Governor Dewey acknowledged the gift by saying he was "glad to add this magnificent specimen to my collection of elephants with their trunks up."

In a rear platform speech at Pittsfield, his first stop in Massachusetts, Governor Dewey apparently set the tone of his Bay State campaign by telling a cheering crowd of 3,000 that next January would see the "biggest wholesale housecleaning in the history of Washington."

The Republican candidate declared that the Administration has demonstrated "a total lack of understanding of how jobs are created." He cited the failure of the New Deal to provide jobs for 10,000,000 unemployed in the 1930's and said: "We must not bring 11,000,000 heroes back to that condition after the war."

Governor Dewey was in jovial humor as he began his important tour of Massachusetts, whose 16 electoral votes loom very large as the campaign enters its closing days. He quipped with the crowd, and at one stage of his Pittsfield talk, when escaping steam drowned his words, remarked: "Looks like I carry my competition with me."

At Pittsfield, Mr. Dewey was making a bid for votes in a section of Massachusetts which was enthusiastically for Wendell Willkie four years ago. From this area have come persistent reports that a large number of internationally minded Republicans were planning to desert Party ranks this year.

The Pittsfield speech apparently was scheduled in part to counteract the effect of the pronouncement by the influential Republican Berkshire Eagle in favor of President Roosevelt. It was the first time this paper ever has come out for a Democratic candidate.

Introduced by Governor Saltonstall, who with other State Republican leaders joined the train here, Governor Dewey said: "There is no question in anybody's mind that on next Jan. 3 Lev Saltonstall is to be the next Senator from the State of Massachusetts."

"One of the things it seems to me we can do best for our country will be to bring to Washington the kind of government Leverett Saltonstall is giving to

Continued on Page 2, Column 4

The World's Day

Its News at a Glance—November 1, 1944

Boston: Speedy Completion of Airport Urged

Utmost haste by Massachusetts in completing Logan International Airport at East Boston, was urged today by Capt. Edward V. Rickenbacker, who pointed out that not only domestic air lines, but those of foreign countries are now laying plans for future air service. [Page 2.]

Legality of suspension orders issued by the Office of Price Administration against gasoline dealers was challenged today in United States District Court as being "without due process of law." [Page 2.]

Widening of the unexpected fissure in the Massachusetts Democratic Party, as a result of the public differences between Senator David I. Walsh and the Democratic Vice-Presidential candidate, Senator Harry S. Truman, was seen as a distinct possibility by political observers. [Page 2.]

Railroads cost American taxpayers about one and two thirds billion dollars under Government operation in World War I out in present war will pay Federal Treasury about four billion dollars in taxes, William H. Day, transportation authority, told Rotary Club of Boston today. [Page 2.]

Japan: Koiso Heads New Central Planning Bureau

Japan has formed a new Central Planning Bureau under Premier Koiso, to "strengthen the nation's fighting power," the second administrative change since the battle of the Philippine Sea. [Page 7.]

In Europe: Britain to Distribute Stored Food

Distribution throughout England of 20,000 tons of food stored in secret larders since 1940 when Britain was preparing against invasion will be arranged by the British Government in time for Christmas.

The Romanian Cabinet has resigned, according to the Rome Radio, which gave no details except that King Mihai had accepted the resignations. Yesterday, the Moscow Radio implied that the Cabinet had resigned but was continuing to function.

Shops in Athens are closing as a result of the fantastic decline in the value of the Greek drachma. In the past 24 hours the drachma has dropped from a theoretical value of 10,000,000,000,000 for a single British gold sovereign (nominally $4.87) to 22,000,000,000,000.

A proposal that Generalissimo Francisco Franco and his Government step aside voluntarily in order to avoid a new civil war in Spain has been made in a personal message to the Caudillo by Miguel Maura, Chief of the Spanish Republican Party, a report from Paris disclosed.

A big explosion just outside the Paris city limits caused an air raid alarm to be sounded, a Paris dispatch said. Air defense officals, however, reported no hostile planes in that region.

Washington: Test Case Against Ohio CIO Asked

Attorney General Biddle has been asked by the Senate Campaign Investigating Committee to institute a test case against the Ohio Congress of Industrial Organizations to determine whether it violated the Corrupt Practices Act in connection with circulation of a pamphlet attacking Senator Robert A. Taft (R) of Ohio. [Financial Page.]

The War Manpower Commission, seeking women workers for radar tube plants, said 3,300 additional workers must be found by Dec. 1 for the 12 major plants producing tubes.

National: Destroyer Bole Launched in N. Y.

A 2,200-ton destroyer, named for Lieut. Commander John A. Bole, Jr., was launched at the Bethlehem Steel Company's Staten Island, N. Y., yard. Commander Bole had commanded the submarine Amberjack, reported lost on March 22, 1943. The Bole was sponsored by his widow, Mrs. Constance Stephens Bole of New London, Conn.

A 455-foot attack transport named for James Bowie, Texan hero of the Alamo massacre, was launched at the California Shipbuilding Corporation yards, San Pedro, Calif.

Americas: Colombia Joins 'Argentine' Meeting

The Government of Colombia is "disposed to join in the meeting of foreign ministers asked by the Argentine Republic, considering it to be justifiably useful in the present moment," it was announced in Bogota.

Dewey to Blast New Deal Radicals

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

Aboard Dewey Special, En Route to Boston, Nov. 1

Gov. Thomas E. Dewey will open up on the "radical and subversive" elements in the Democratic Party in a hammering speech in Boston Garden tonight calculated to make inroads on the Massachusetts vote which has previously gone to President Roosevelt.

"The Governor will discuss at Boston the question of who will outbid the 'One Thousand Club' for control of the captive Democratic Party," Paul E. Lockwood, Executive Secretary to Mr. Dewey, stated.

"He will talk about the subversive elements who now seek to take over the country. He will also outline the principles by which we must live if we are to be freed."

Coming Winter Held Critical One for Autos

By W. Clifford Harvey
Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

With the nation's stockpile of new automobiles now down to something like 15,000 cars, and with one out of every four cars on the road recording mileages close to or beyond the 100,000-mile-mark, Lyle Harris, President of the Massachusetts Automobile Dealers Association, today warned that the winter of 1944-45 will be "the most critical period for passenger car transportation in New England's history."

Such things as "pinging" motors, metallic-sounding engines, and engines that won't pick up in high gear, Mr. Harris pointed out, the criterions of an emergency era just ahead in the fields of automotive maintenance. They are due, he said, not to engine faults, but to poor gasoline.

"We used to think," the dealers' spokesman stated, "that an automobile was about ready for the junk pile when it reached the 50,000-mile mark. Now we are running our cars well over that mark with most of them sorely in need of major overhaulings."

When the cars won't start sometime this winter is the time Mr. Harris anticipated that motorists will be sharply awakened to the urgent need for overhaulings delayed for the lack of mechanics and the urgent need of transportation by defense workers.

Added to the maintenance emergency, the Association president foresaw the end of the nation's stockpile of prewar 1942 cars this winter should the war continue. At the standard rate of 3,000 new cars allotted every month to dealers throughout the country, there remains no more than a five months' supply for rationing, he said.

In Worcester, where Mr. Harris conducts his own retail business, the stockpile of new cars has dropped in the past three months from 500 to about 150. Every day, Mr. Harris said, calls come in from all over New England to supply motorists with new automobiles on OPA certificates. Which means that the 150 remaining cars are not necessarily held for local motorists only, but are part of the all-New England pool for allocation to motorists throughout the northeastern states.

Dewey's Record of Broken Promises

Roosevelt Promise	Dewey Evaluation
Peacetime jobs for all	Worthless
Million new homes yearly.	No Good
Decent farm prices	Worthless
Free labor from bureaucracy	No Good
Aid for small business	Worthless

To set against this record of what he describes as Mr. Roosevelt's chronic "failure to keep promises," Governor Dewey is plighting his own word in his commitment: "Your next President will never make you a promise that he does not intend with all his heart and soul to keep.

"Your next Administration will take office honestly, without secret promises of special privilege to any class, group or section. We shall represent all the American people equally—we shall restore honesty and good faith to the Government of the United States on Jan. 20, 1945."

It was in the course of his address in the Municipal Auditorium in Buffalo, N. Y., before a tumultuous audience eager to show its enthusiasm for the Republican nominee, that Mr. Dewey gave special emphasis to his view that he is not asking the American people to turn out the New Deal without a concrete and constructive alternative to put in its place. Instead, he is offering what he describes as a "program of action" to which he is adding more details as he approaches the concluding days of the election. Here, in brief recapitulation, are what

Continued on Page 10, Column 4

Governor Dewey's address in Buffalo: Page 9.

President Confirms Demand Of Chiang to Oust Stilwell

By Neal Stanford
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1—President Roosevelt confirmed reports published these last two days that four-star Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell was recalled from his command in the China-India-Burma war theater at Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's request.

The President insisted there was no clash of policies involved, rather of personalities, and explained that since the Chinese Generalissimo was insistent that General Stilwell be removed there was nothing to do but acquiesce.

At the same time he insisted there was no connection between the resignation of Clarence E. Gauss as United States Ambassador to China and the Stilwell affair. The American Ambassador will get a new diplomatic assignment, he added. He has long wanted a change.

General Stilwell who is returning to Washington is also expected to get a new assignment. While Gen. George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, has approved the recall of General Stilwell there was no censure of his military abilities. The War Department originally announced that he would get a new post. President Roosevelt yesterday confirmed it saying he would get a new command of equal importance and commensurate with his rank. What that job would be remains undisclosed.

Four-Star Field Limited

While the new post could be to head up invasion forces on the China coast it is improbable that General Stilwell would be any more acceptable to General Chiang in that position than he was as his Chief of Staff. More probably it would be to command the invasion of Japan proper when that time comes.

There are not many jobs open or available to a four-star General. In fact, there is some reason to believe that the fourth star which General Stilwell acquired during the attempts to get the American General and the Chinese Generalissimo to co-operate may be a little embarrassing. For the fourth star limits the fields in which he can be utilized.

President Roosevelt made it quite clear in his press conference that there was nothing to do but accept General Chiang's demand for General Stilwell's recall. The Generalissimo is Chief of State. He is head of the Government and Commander in Chief of the Chinese Army.

President Roosevelt insisted that there was no connection between General Stilwell's recall and disagreements between the two men over military strategy, or that relations between General Chiang and the so-called Chinese Communists was a factor. He also denied that the recall was connected with Maj. Gen. Patrick J. Hurley's mission to China as the President's personal representative, though the War Department

Continued on Page 10, Column 6

War Fund Records $2,370,179 In First Two Days of Drive

After just two days of campaigning, the Greater Boston United War Fund has received $2,370,179 in contributions, it was disclosed today at the first report luncheon of the campaign. This is 31 per cent of the final goal.

General Chairman Henry A. Laughlin told a large group who had gathered at the Boston City Club today that he confidently expected the Fund to go over the top as it did last year.

Betty Jo Dazey was the feature of the entertainment program at the luncheon. She is "Miss New York City, 1944," a former Harry Conover model, and is now traveling with one of the hard-working U. S. O. camp shows. Already in the week and a half she has been with the show she has traveled 2,000 miles, including her trip by Army bomber from Presque Isle, Maine, to get to Boston for the opening of the Fund campaign here.

The slender, blonde singer says there was never an audience so appreciative as the G. I's. "You should see them," she says, "when you sing something smooth to them like, for instance, 'I'll Be Seeing You.' The look of longing that comes into their faces is enough to make you weep. And there just never was such applause as we get. Why, even the old jokes, that you wouldn't think of using at home, get a big laugh."

Miss Dazey turned down two offers from Hollywood and a chance at a part in Busby Berkley's new show to go with Camp Shows, Inc., and she hopes soon to get overseas.

U. S. O. Camp Shows, Inc., is one of the recipients of money

Continued on Page 3, Column 2

Weather Predictions

Fair—Mild

Complete Weather Predictions for New England on Page 2.

Allies Land Near Flushing To Clear Antwerp Channel; British Troops in Salonika

British bomb Cologne 8th time in 72 hours; Soviet forces push closer to Budapest.

By the War Editor of The Christian Science Monitor
From Associated Press And other direct news dispatches

Allied forces have effected a new amphibious landing near Flushing, Dutch port guarding the entry to Antwerp.

Flushing is on the large Walcheren Island at the mouth of the Schelde. The island has been flooded by Allied bombers, who destroyed the dams to drive out the German defenders. A few pockets of these remain on dry ground in the flooded region.

At the east end of Walcheren Canadians of the First Army penetrated into the island from the 1,100-yard-long causeway connecting it with South Beveland Island. They were held up for a time by a great bomb crater 25 yards short of the island, but, according to last reports, had crossed the obstruction.

To the north, General Dempsey's British forces had pushed right up to the Maas River just east of the important bridge across the river at Geertruidenberg. Their progress is being seriously impeded by mud, which covers the Lowlands at this time of the year. Some fighting was done in knee-deep mud.

The main consideration in the West is the opening of Antwerp to Allied shipping. General Eisenhower is now in a position virtually to double the equipment and supplies sent to his forces at the West Wall. Meanwhile, the Germans continue their retreat northward—presumably to attempt a stand from Rotterdam along the course of the Rhine.

In the air, British Lancasters and Halifaxes continued the series of crushing attacks on Cologne—the eighth raid in 72 hours, representing altogether 10,000 tons of bombs. Cologne is one of Hitler's chief advanced war-production bases. The Allies seem bent upon obliterating it.

While no major move is reported from the Russian front, Russian forces continue to press forward in Hungary toward Budapest. They are already 44 miles southeast of the Capital at the large city of Kecskemet.

At the same time the British force that landed in Greece Oct. 3 has pushed quickly northward, entering the great port of Salonika. Abolition of German opposition here has opened the prospect of a strong Allied advance based on this port. The British are only seven miles from the Yugoslav border and within a few miles of Russian forces in Bulgaria to the east.

In the East, some sensation was caused in Tokyo by a B-29 Superfortress flying over the Capital—apparently on a reconnaissance mission, for it dropped no bombs.

Latest statistics from Washington show that American submarines have struck 18 Japanese vessels, including a destroyer, in their operations in Japanese waters.

Carrier aircraft of the United States Third and Seventh Fleets destroyed 2,594 Japanese planes and probably destroyed or damaged 252 others between Aug. 30 and Oct. 31, the Navy announced.

Western Front:

Allies Land On Walcheren

Allied amphibious forces have landed on the south shore of Walcheren Island and are assaulting the last Nazi gun positions blocking the sea lane to Antwerp, the Berlin Radio declared.

The Germans said the sea-borne strike was aimed at Flushing, on the lower tip of Walcheren, even as Canadians to the east fought across the narrow causeway from conquered South Beveland Island, through a wall of enemy fire.

The Allies landed on Walcheren after an artillery barrage from the south shore of the Schelde estu-

Continued on Page 6, Column 2

Associated Press

Liberation Under Fire

A native woman and small children flee a native hut on Leyte Island in the Philippines as Americans move ahead to clear out Japanese snipers. The soldiers are from 7th Division.

Rötgen Clings to U. S. Rule; Secret Radio Urges Revolt

By a Special Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

ROTGEN, Germany, Nov. 1—Six weeks after being occupied by our troops, this "test tube" German small town of 2,300 persons has grown so used to American soldiers that its chief fear is that others less agreeable will come in later to take our place.

The lessons that American military authorities are learning here will apply, they believe, to most other small communities—and there are thousands of them—in the Rhineland area. On the whole they are encouraged, for a tractable population means that fewer troops need to be diverted from combat occupations to hold the control of communities which have been captured.

Most important from this point of view is the fact that the people are virtually unanimous in expressing admiration for the correct behavior of our troops. Whether this is mere German practicality in the face of tanks and guns—and there is a strong chance in my opinion that it is—is unimportant.

Follow the Winner

The same Germans who succumbed to Hitler's display of military muscle have now succumbed to ours, and when they say that none of them, not even former Party members, look upon us as an enemy, they probably mean it. Most Germans I have seen are eager to ride with the winner, whoever he is.

Since Sept. 10, when we occupied Rötgen, no incidents between the inhabitants and American troops have been reported. But one thing they do fear—that some day we will move on and Belgian or French troops will occupy the land.

Hitler has been shunned by Rötgenites as a hopeless, lost leader. In the past six weeks they have become unanimous in their condemnation of his policy of continuing a war they feel sure cannot be won.

Former members of the Nazi Party are loudest in accusing the Führer, and all invariably claim they were forced to join the Party and would have lost jobs or otherwise gotten into difficulties if they had not signed up.

It is most interesting to observe, however, that a majority of these test-tube Rötgenites do not con-

Continued on Page 6, Column 5

Osmena Puts Guerrillas In Filipino Army

LEYTE, Philippines, Oct. 28, Delayed, (AP) — Embarking upon a program to wipe out every vestige of Japanese influence, President Osmena and his Philippines Commonwealth Government today reopened post offices and issued "victory" currency based on the American dollar. Mr. Osmena and his Cabinet already have held their first Cabinet meeting on Philippine soil.

By Gordon Walker
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS IN THE PHILIPPINES, Nov. 1—By a proclamation dated Oct. 28, President Osmena of the Philippines has officially proclaimed that all recognized guerrilla forces in the islands are incorporated in the regular Filipino branch of the United States Army.

This gives the guerrillas fresh official status and at the same time confirms all field promotions. Absorption of any member of the guerrillas into the United States Army is made retroactive from the date on which he joined the guerrilla band which operated under a commander appointed by Gen. Douglas MacArthur.

Just where these guerrillas are now operating behind enemy lines cannot be disclosed for reasons of security. But they are playing a vital role in blocking the escape of about 9,000 Japanese who are

Continued on Page 6, Column 7

Spain Faces Rising Protest Of International Criticism

By J. Emlyn Williams
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON, Nov. 1—There is a growing realization in diplomatic circles that the "problem of Spain" will demand careful handling in the near future if it isn't to involve much international misunderstanding.

The difficulty is to estimate correctly the actual strength of the Spanish Republican forces, whether in the French Underground movement in the south of France or within Spain itself. Some sensational reports have spoken of an imminent anti-Franco revolution, while others maintain that the Spanish dictator's military preparations are well able to deal with the situation. Whatever the outcome in the near future, however, none will deny the unenviable position Franco Spain finds itself in today.

Though it is more than five years since the Spanish civil war ended, there still remain 500,000 political prisoners, "residues" of that unfortunate struggle, against a large proportion of whom no charges yet have been preferred.

Amnesties Granted

Generalissimo Francisco Franco has granted some small amnesties in the intervening years, but insufficient to indicate any genuine clemency or to pacify Spanish workers.

Since the outbreak of World War II, the Spanish opposition movement has consisted mainly of local Spanish "Maquisards," thousands of "Reds" in international camps in France, and hundreds of former members of the International Brigade scattered through-

Continued on Page 5, Column 4

British Wives Ask Share of Income

By Reuter
London, Nov. 1

Male members of Parliament can expect a difficult time tomorrow. Some of Britain's wives are demanding the legal right to share in the family income and proper recognition of services which housewives give to husbands. The proposed new social security plan gives an allowance for each child to fathers. Mothers think it should go to them.

Laden with a monster petition containing 77,000 signatures, a Laborite, Dr. Edith Summerskill, will advance to the bar of the House of Commons and formally present the demands. So heavy is the petition that Dr. Summerskill will not be able to carry it herself.

Truman-Walsh Spat Widening Rift in Bay State Democrats

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

CLINTON, Mass., Nov. 1—Widening of the unexpected fissure in the State Democratic Party, caused by the Truman-Walsh "isolationist" controversy, was seen by political observers after Senator David I. Walsh said today he did not intend to do anything to patch up his differences with the Democratic Vice-Presidential candidate, Senator Harry S. Truman of Missouri.

"I have no immediate plans to participate in any speaking during the campaign," the Senate Naval Affairs Committee Chairman added. "However, I will support the Party, as I stated before."

The dividing wedge was driven by a statement made by Senator Truman in Providence Monday in an interview in which he said that Senator Walsh's record was no different from the eight Republican Senators the Missouri Senator has asked Governor Dewey to "repudiate" because of isolationist tendencies.

Mr. Truman added at the time that "Senator Walsh has two more years to serve, and we have a chance to reform him."

In rebuttal, Senator Walsh, who has been Senator since 1919, with the exception of two years, and who in the 1940 election was re-elected with a 250,000 plurality in Massachusetts as against Mr. Roosevelt's majority of 136,000, retorted: "If there is any reforming to be done I am going to work to do this myself, but within the ranks of my own party, which I shall not quit."

Senator Walsh asserted yesterday that Senator Truman's classifying him as an "isolationist" was an invitation to 80 per cent of the State to walk out of the Democratic party.

He questioned what Mr. Truman meant by the term "isolationist," and asked if he meant to apply that term to 80 per cent of the American people who were against war before Pearl Harbor. . . . "I was among that 80 per cent and have no apologies to make to anybody for my stand."

In the 1940 election campaign, Mr. Walsh declared his firm opposition to our entry into the war, and it is conceded that he won his election largely on that issue and on the basis of his years of popularity among Democratic voters.

Senator Walsh said yesterday he resented "being called an isolationist if the term means being put into a type" with Prime Minister Churchill and Marshal Stalin.

"The two most outstanding isolationists in the world today," he added in a statement, "are Churchill and Stalin, who are always doing everything possible to protect, and in some cases expand, their imperialistic powers."

The senior Bay State Senator, who on Sunday indorsed the State and national ticket of his party during a visit in the State of Senator Truman, said he stood "with those who believe in fullest co-operation for peace consistent with our constitution."

In New York, Senator Truman refused comment.

Six House Fellows Named at Bates For Girls' Dormitories

Six House Fellows have been appointed at Bates College: Miss Elizabeth Beal, college library cataloguer; Dr. Mary L. Carlson, instructor in Greek and Latin; Miss Mary E. Durfee, assistant in hygiene and physical education for women; Miss Lydia A. Frank, instructor in speech and mathematics; Miss Elizabeth Perkins, assistant in the library, and Prof. Lena Walmsley, head of the women's physical education department.

Dr. Charles F. Phillips, President of the College, said the purpose of the appointments was to provide closer faculty-student relationships.

The House Fellows will live in the women's dormitories, and according to Dr. Phillips' statement, "Each House Fellow will become personally acquainted with the students in her house. This background of daily personal contact will make her a valuable source of aid and advice for the student. She will play an important part in the social life of the dormitory and will act as counselor on study habits and social problems."

Vandalism in Portland

PORTLAND, Maine, Nov. 1 (AP)—A large monument in the Grand Army of the Republic Plot and more than 15 headstones in Forest City Cemetery were overturned Halloween night, William J. Doherty, Park Commission Secretary, reported today.

State and City Welcome New Air Service to Boston

By a Staff Photographer

Eastern Air Lines Inaugurates Flights From Boston to Florida

Aboard an Eastern Air Lines plane, which today inaugurated service from Boston to Miami, Fla., Capt. Edward V. Rickenbacker and a group of company officials were welcomed by State, city, and civic officials. The group shown around the plane, which arrived yesterday, are: Left to right, Melville D. Liming, Managing Director of the Boston Chamber of Commerce; Herman A. MacDonald, State Commissioner of Public Works; Captain Rickenbacker; Lieut. Gov. Horace T. Cahill; Arthur H. Tully, State Commissioner of Aeronautics, and Ralph M. Eastman, Chairman of the Aviation Committee of the Boston Chamber of Commerce.

OPA Revises Hand Laundry Ceiling Prices

Generally higher ceiling prices for hand-laundered items will become effective in seven Eastern Massachusetts counties on Nov. 6 under revised ceiling prices issued today by the Regional Office of Price Administration. Occasional items were given lower ceilings, but in most cases increases were allowed.

The step was taken, OPA stated, to relieve hardship experienced by hand laundries, most of them operated by Chinese, which had been under ceilings made effective in December, 1942.

Power laundries are not affected by this action. Hand laundries are defined as those finishing wearing apparel by hand-ironing done on the premises, employing 10 persons, or fewer, and giving little if any delivery service.

The new ceiling prices are uniform in the seven counties of Barnstable, Bristol, Essex, Middlesex, Norfolk, Plymouth, and Suffolk.

Previous ceiling prices for shirts in this area ranged from 12 cents to 15 cents. The new ceiling is 16 cents. The former ceiling on sheets ranged from 13 cents to 15 cents. The new ceiling is 13 cents.

The complete list of new ceilings follows: Shirt, .16; collars, .05; undershirts, .10; shorts, .10; union suits, .20; socks, .05; pajamas, .25; trousers and slacks, .35; handkerchiefs, .03; hand towels, .04; bath towels, .05; sheets, .13; pillow cases, .05; nurses uniforms, .45; overalls, .30; coveralls, .40; overall pants, .25; overall jackets, .25.

What Referendums Mean

Thousands of Massachusetts voters still are confused over the five State-wide referendums on the Nov. 7 ballot. The legal language tends to obscure rather than clarify the issues on which the voters are asked to take a position. In an effort to eliminate such confusion the following table is presented:

Vote "YES" on Question No. 1 if you want a simplified summary of proposed constitutional amendments or laws to be printed on the ballot instead of the present confusing legal language.

Vote "NO" on Question No. 2 if you want to block a move to empower the Legislature to prescribe terms and conditions of pardons granted by the Governor and Council, a plan opposed by outstanding penologists because of the question's ambiguity.

Vote "NO" on Question No. 3 if you want to retain the present system under which the Massachusetts Legislature meets every other year, instead of annually.

Vote "YES" on Question No. 4 if you want to permit qualified voters to vote by absentee ballot if they are physically unable to go to the polls.

Vote "YES" on Question No. 5 if you want to continue the ban against operation of beano games for prizes, a system which previously had led to racketeering in many instances.

(Clip and carry with you to the polls on election day)

Dewey Makes Strong Appeal For Bay State's 16 Votes

Continued from Page 1

Massachusetts," the Republican candidate said.

Governor Dewey greeted the Pittsfield crowd as "Neighbors." "It is very pleasant to get over on this side of the line this morning and talk to you very briefly about the great issues we face in this election," he said.

"We have a tremendous job ahead of us and as we cast our minds and our eyes ahead to the days when victory will be here we must consider what we are going to face. As I said on the radio last night, an administration must be judged by its record and not by its promises, however often they are repeated.

"We have the tremendous problem of whether we can and will build an effective organization for the establishment of permanent peace. Can this be done by an administration which is so split with quarreling that its majority leader in the Senate has had to rebel and resign against the head of his own party in the White House? Can that be done when at least one third of the Democratic members of the House and Senate have completely lost confidence in the Administration and vote against its bills regularly."

Others who boarded the campaign train with Governor Saltonstall at Pittsfield were George B. Rowell, Chairman of the Republican State Committee; Russell B. Stearns, Chairman of the Massachusetts Republican Finance Committee; Mrs. Anderson B. Green, Vice-Chairman of the State Committee; Mrs. Alfred Williams, National Committeewoman from Massachusetts; Henry Minot, personal adviser to Governor Saltonstall, and Carroll Meins, Chairman of the State Public Utilities Commission and political adviser to the Governor.

John W. Heselton, District Attorney of the Franklin-Hampshire district and candidate for Representative in Congress from the First District, appeared on the rear platform with Governor Dewey.

Mrs. John Fossa, Chairman of the State Committee for Western Massachusetts, presented a large bouquet of chrysanthemums to Mrs. Dewey.

Springfield Speech

At Springfield, United States Senator Sinclair Weeks and Lieut. Gov. Horace T. Cahill met the campaign special and joined the motorcade to Court Square where Governor Dewey spoke in front of the Municipal Auditorium.

Four Republican mayors also were on hand to welcome the Republican candidate. They were: Mayors Albin Anderson of Springfield, Arthur Long of Westfield, Henry J. Toepfert of Holyoke, and Henry Bourbeau of Chicopee. Representative Charles R. Clason of the Second District was in the official reception party.

Mrs. Irene Evans, Republican State Committeewoman, presented a bouquet to Mrs. Dewey.

Arriving at Worcester, Governor Dewey again left the train and proceeded through the station to a platform in Union Depot Square where he was greeted by Mayor William Bennett of Worcester and Representative Pehr G. Holmes.

Representative Joseph W. Martin, Jr., House Minority Leader, joined the Dewey party at Worcester.

25-Car Motorcade

Governor Dewey is arriving at South Station at about 4 p. m. Leaving by the Summer Street exit, he and Mrs. Dewey will enter the first car in a 25-car motorcade and drive to the Hotel Statler.

Their route will take them up Summer Street, to Washington Street through Newspaper Row, to Adams Square, Dock Square, Union Street, to Hanover, to Scollay Square, along Tremont Street, to Boylston Street, to Copley Square, through Dartmouth Street and Stuart Street, ending at the Columbus Avenue entrance to the hotel.

Lieut. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, Commanding Officer of the New York State Guard, will ride with Governor Saltonstall in the second car of the cavalcade. The next two cars will be devoted to the wire press services. In car No. 5 will ride Lieutenant Governor Cahill and District Attorney Robert F. Bradford. Senator Weeks and Mr. Martin will ride with Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook in car No. 6, while in the seventh car will be Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Wheaton of the Dewey party, Frank A. Goodwin, Fred J. Burrell, and Clarence A. Barnes, party nominee for State Auditor, Treasurer, and Attorney General, respectively.

Car No. 8 will be occupied by Mrs. Addison B. Greene, Vice-Chairman of the Republican State Committee; Mr. Rowell, Chairman; Mr. Stearns, Mr. Minot, and Mr. Meins.

In Car No. 9 will ride Kathleen Grace, Arthur Barnett, and Elliot Bell, all members of the Dewey party; while in Car No. 10 will be Mrs. Cahill, Mrs. Bradford, and Mrs. Barnes.

The remaining 15 cars have been reserved for press representatives who have been accompanying the candidate.

Governor Dewey's schedule of appointments here includes a conference with Massachusetts labor leaders. At 9 p. m. he will head the cavalcade again en route to the Boston Garden by way of Arlington Street, to Boylston, to Tremont, through Scollay Square, along Sudbury Street to Haymarket Square and through Haverhill Street to the Garden.

Apples Shipped By Air to Governor

Apples to New England may resemble "carrying coals to Newcastle," nevertheless, air express emphasized the speed with which the product of western orchards can be delivered in the East when a box of Wenatchee, Wash., apples was presented to Governor Saltonstall.

The box of apples was delivered to the Governor yesterday by Leonard F. Whidden, General Agent of the Railway Express Agency, and Mildred Hurd, Air Express driver. The shipment, flown east in observance of National Apple Week, reached Boston just 29 hours after it was loaded aboard a transport plane at Wenatchee. Other shipments were also air-expressed to President Roosevelt and Governor Dewey, state executives, and air line presidents.

Increase in Exams For Draft Explained

Greater numbers of Massachusetts men being called for preinduction examinations by local Selective Service Boards does not mean a corresponding increase in the number of men to be inducted during November and December, State Selective Service headquarters stated today.

With the urgent demand for replacements lessened, the armed services are becoming more "picky and choosy" in their selection of recruits, officials pointed out.

An increasing percentage of rejections plus the desire of the boards to have available pools of qualified men to meet unexpected demands are also factors in the larger number of men being called for examination, they added.

Cargo Ships Launched

SOUTH PORTLAND, Maine, Nov. 1 (AP)—The ships Liguria and Belle Isle, 10,500-ton cargo vessels built for the United States Navy, were sponsored today in construction basins of the New England Shipbuilding Corporation.

Rickenbacker Urges Rushing Logan Airport

After making the point that not only the airlines of the United States, but also those of foreign nations are now laying their plans for future air service to our shores, Capt. Edward V. Rickenbacker today urged the utmost haste by the State of Massachusetts in completing Logan International Airport at East Boston.

"Many of the larger air transport companies, both American and European, are today making plans for terminal facilities," the Eastern Air Lines President pointed out, in an interview previous to his address at the Boston Chamber of Commerce luncheon in the Hotel Statler.

"If these international operators do not see adequate facilities here to take care of their needs, they will settle elsewhere, where facilities are available. Once the lines have established elsewhere, Boston will have lost them for good, or perhaps for a very long time."

In a declaration of Boston's importance on the air map of the United States, Captain Rickenbacker also urged local interests to consider a minimum of at least two more airports, either new or rebuilt, in the environs of the city.

The type of "skip stop" service which Eastern Air Lines is prepared to offer Boston, along with its already established six schedules out of here, will mean that Eastern can serve various sections of the city more conveniently if there are multiple local airports.

Captain Rickenbacker, in a reference to the coming election, outlined a number of programs which he thought America needs. They were taken from the platform of the Republican Party, "and the man who can give them to you," Captain Rickenbacker said, "is on his way to Boston today."

In an earlier reference to the importance of the election, the flier said: "We are on the edge of a canyon and if we don't bridge it, we shall be in the canyon for years."

Senator Danaher Hits Method Of 'Aid to Finland'

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 1 (AP)—The "aid to Finland" bill which Congress adopted in 1940 was "a perfect example of methods used by the Roosevelt Administration to tell people one thing while it does another" United States Senator John A. Danaher, Republican candidate for re-election said here today in a prepared radio campaign address.

"Instead of being an aid to Finland," Senator Danaher asserted, "the 1940 vote on this bill was a movement to extend the borrowing power of the Export-Import Bank under cover of a popular title."

He stated that "at the very time that the people were told that Congress was seeking legislation to loan money to Finland to defend itself against Russia, a credit of $10,000,000 had already been set up for aid to Finland by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, without congressional action."

"However," Senator Danaher continued, "the truth was that a limitation had been placed by our government on Finland's use of the loan. She could use the money only for agricultural purposes. She wanted implements of war.

"Meanwhile we were exporting gasoline to Russia," he said.

"The way we could most easily and promptly aid Finland was to stop giving aid to Russia," Senator Danaher asserted. "The net result was that Finland got no loans to aid in her defense.

"Some day, after the war is over and the boys come home," he added, "a lot of people are going to be held to account for the way the American people have been treated in this whole field of foreign relations."

U. S. Office in New Place

Effective today, the field office of the Social Security Board, formerly located at 40 Central Street, Boston, will be removed to the India Building, 84 State Street, according to an announcement by Manager Edward J. Tracy. The office serves downtown Boston, North and West Ends and Charlestown in issuing account number cards and filing of claims under old-age and survivors insurance.

Ell Going to Bates Event

President Carl S. Ell of Northeastern University will represent his institution at the inauguration of Dr. Charles F. Phillips as President of Bates College, Lewiston, Maine, on Tuesday, Nov. 14. Dr. Phillips succeeds Clifford Gray as President of Bates.

Roosevelt's Invasion of N. E. Opens Saturday at Bridgeport

Political Roundup

Several million New England voters will hear and see President Roosevelt on his tour of the northeastern States starting officially at Bridgeport, Conn., Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, and winding up with a talk to thousands of Bostonians in Fenway Park, at 9 p. m., the same day.

The President's New England itinerary will carry him from Bridgeport to Hartford, by train, where he will make a three-minute address at noontime. From Hartford, he will motor over the road to Springfield, Mass., arriving there at 1:15 p. m., for a complete tour of the city.

He will arrive in Boston by special train at 5 p. m. Originally, the Boston Garden had been selected for the President's main appearance, but the requests for seats resulted in the change to Fenway Park with a capacity of 40,000 people.

Fuller Speaks

Urging the promotion of Republican Lieut. Gov. Horace T. Cahill to Governor of Massachusetts next Tuesday, former Gov. Alvan T. Fuller said last night that the future economic success of the Commonwealth depended on Mr. Cahill's election to the State office of Chief Executive.

Mr. Fuller further asserted that any other results would cause Massachusetts to slip back into the sort of administration that preceded the Saltonstall-Cahill team, an administration that ran the treasury into debt.

Former Governor Fuller pointed out that the present administration has been preparing a comprehensive program for return to peacetime prosperity.

"Rehabilitation, re-education, re-employment of veterans are the first goal," he declared, "but with the backlog of stimulating and assisting business, industry, and agriculture, so that there will be full employment for all who are able to work."

Absentee Votes

The Boston Election Commission has disclosed that some 31,786 absentee ballots have been sent to the armed forces, and to date 19,851 of the ballots have been returned to the Commission. Approximately 1,186 federal war ballots also have been received from other Boston men and women serving at distant stations with the armed forces.

P. A. C. to Meet

In a final effort to marshal the forces of the Boston area in behalf of the re-election of President Roosevelt, and also to elect delegates to the National C. I. O. Convention, which is to be held in Chicago beginning Nov. 20, the Greater Boston Political Action Committee will meet at the Parker House tonight. The meeting, sponsored by the Greater Boston Industrial Union Council, C. I. O., will be addressed by many labor leaders of this area.

Tobin Support

Northampton's Mayor Edmond J. Lampron last night pledged his support to Mayor Tobin for the office of Governor. He said that voters have the choice between "a dynamic young man of great ability and energy" and a "reactionary" Republican.

Backs Barnes

Campaigning for Clarence A. Barnes, Republican candidate for Attorney General, District Attorney Frank E. Smith of Taunton charged last night that Mr. Barnes' Democratic opponent, Francis E. Kelly, was "seriously connected" with the so-called pardons scandal.

Carr for Bradford

Home on furlough, former Democratic Mayor John C. Carr of Medford said he was embarrassed to find that another man of the same name is opposing Republican District Attorney Robert F. Bradford of Middlesex County for election as Lieutenant Governor. Former Mayor Carr, now a Major in the United States Army, expressed his best wishes for Mr. Bradford in the future.

OPA's Authority to Suspend Gasoline Dealers Challenged

Legality of suspension orders issued by the Office of Price Administration, which forbid gasoline dealers from doing business, was challenged as being "without due process of law" in a civil action filed in the United States District Court in Boston and made public today.

Joseph DiMelia of Belmont, owner and operator of the Pleasant Street Garage, Belmont, seeks to "restrain and enjoin" OPA officials from interfering with him in the conduct of his business; that a permanent injunction be issued against them and asking for "whatever relief is meet and proper."

An OPA hearing was held in Boston June 5, after which Mr. DiMelia was forbidden to do business in gasoline for "as long as that commodity was rationed." He appealed this order to the OPA in Washington and recently was advised that the action of the local board was sustained and ordering that it be effective Nov. 8.

The plaintiff sets forth that his business was conducted in accordance with all OPA rules and that he had no knowledge of any violations at his station until proceedings were started by the OPA. He was charged with acquiring counterfeit gasoline rationing coupons and with accepting in exchange for gasoline invalid coupons which lacked auto registration numbers on the face.

Mr. DiMelia charges in his civil action that OPA hearing commissioners undertake to deprive him without due process of law of his right to conduct business and that Washington officials before whom an appeal was taken against the ruling of the local officials have no authority or right to stop him from conducting his business as a gasoline dealer. He claims that it is against the law of the country and the Constitution of the United States to deprive him of his property and the right to make a living without due process.

Consumers' Rights In Price Overcharge Pointed Out Again

In order to make clear to consumers their rights of action in bringing treble damage suits for violations of price regulations of the Office of Price Administration, the Regional OPA office today listed these requirements:

1. If a buyer is overcharged on a commodity under OPA price regulations, he may bring action against the seller within one year from the date of the violation.

2. The seller shall be liable for reasonable attorney's fees and costs as determined by the court plus whichever of the following sums is greater: Three times the amount of the overcharge, or the overcharges upon which the action is based as the court may determine; or an amount not less than $25 nor more than $50 as determined by the court.

3. If the buyer fails to institute an action within 30 days from the date of the violation, or is not entitled to bring the action, OPA may bring suit in the name of the Administrator. If the OPA brings action, the buyer is barred from bringing an action for the same violation.

4. Suit may be brought in state or federal court.

Fulbright to Discuss Stand on His Resolve

Representative J. William Fulbright (D) of Arkansas, author of the Fulbright resolution which placed the United States House of Representatives on record as favoring international co-operation, will take the Democratic side of the question, "Which party will do the better job on foreign policy?" at the first luncheon meeting of the Foreign Policy Association's winter season on Saturday, Nov. 4, at 12:45 p. m., it was announced today. Representative John W. McCormack (D) of Massachusetts, House Majority Leader, was originally scheduled to present the Democratic arguments.

The Republican side of the discussion will be presented by Representative Christian A. Herter (R) of Massachusetts, Judge Lawrence G. Brooks, chairman, will preside. Men and women in the armed forces will be admitted free to the balcony for the discussion, which begins at 1:35 p. m.

Weather Predictions

By U. S. Weather Bureau

Fair—Mild

Boston and Vicinity: Fair and seasonally mild weather tonight and Thursday with the lowest temperature tonight about 49 degrees. Gentle to moderate winds tonight increasing to fresh on Thursday.

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island: Fair and seasonally mild weather tonight and Thursday with wind increasing to fresh on Thursday.

High Tides at Boston

Wednesday: 12:51 p. m.; height 10.7 feet.
Thursday: 1:09 p. m.; height, 11.7 feet.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
An International Daily Newspaper
Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy
Published daily except Sundays and holidays at The Christian Science Publishing Society, One, Norway Street, Boston 15, Mass. Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries: One year, $12.00; six months, $6.00; three months, $3.00; one month, $1.00. Single copies, 5 cents. (Printed in U. S. A.)
Entered as second class matter at the Post Office at Boston, Mass., U. S. A. Acceptance for mailing at a special rate of postage provided for in section 1103, Act of Oct. 3, 1917, authorized on July 11, 1918.

The World's Only Patented Diamond Cutting

MULTI-FACET*

• BLAZING WITH BRILLIANCE

• 40 EXTRA LIGHT-REFLECTING FUNCTIONAL FACETS

in solitaires from $100 to $4000 tax included we recommend above all else:

Certified Gemologist
Reg. Jeweler
Am. Gem Society

Smith Patterson Co.
AT OUR NEW LOCATION
45 SUMMER STREET
BOSTON
*Pat. U. S. Pat. Office

ZIPPER BAGS
Lightweight... Serviceable

$18.50 tax included

Heavy, water-repellent blue or brown canvas with saddle-stitched cowhide trim, handles and corners for extra strength. Equipped with talon fastener and lock. In roomy 18" size.

$21.84 tax included

Blue or brown canvas . . . water-repellent . . . with russet cowhide handles, strap and trim. Bedford cord lined with inside pocket. Talon fastener and lock. 18" size.

GIVE
Show that you care

London Harness Company
SIXTY FRANKLIN STREET, BOSTON

CALL Curtis for LUMBER
CHA. 0313 BOSTON

Learn to Dance Gracefully the Baptiste Way
"Only 4 Weeks More to take advantage of 25% saving"
Our Free Lesson and Analysis
Telephone COMmonwealth 1630

In Boston it's the Baptiste SCHOOL OF DANCING
16 Newbury Street, Boston
DIAGONALLY OPPOSITE THE RITZ-CARLTON

Treadeasy Shoes

Trimly Tailored SUEDE and PATENT

$7.95
ELAINE

You'll step out at your very best pace in this famous-for-comfort Treadeasy. Perforations are ventilating.

TREADEASY SHOE STORE
140 BOYLSTON ST.
Near Colonial Theatre
BOSTON

Bricker Aims At Sewing Up Votes in Ohio

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 1 (AP)—Gov. John W. Bricker, of Ohio, starting the last lap on a campaign trail which he hopes will lead to the vice-presidency, concentrated today on trying to sew up his home State's 25 electoral votes for the Republican cause.

After delivering six speeches, including an address over an all-Ohio radio network from Toledo tonight, he will head eastward tomorrow on a 2,500-mile trip into Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, and Delaware.

The Toledo speech will be devoted primarily to asking a two-year extension of Republican control of the Ohio State government.

The G. O. P. candidate for Vice-President spent yesterday working on speech manuscripts and disposing of matters of State which accumulated during his four-week, 10,000-mile campaign in the West.

The last phase of his campaign calls for 16 speeches, two of them for nation-wide radiocast from Paterson, N. J., tomorrow night and Philadelphia Nov. 3.

Governor Bricker will move back into Ohio Nov. 4, terminating a campaign which will have carried him 16,000 miles since Sept. 6.

FLOWERS FOR Weddings Birthdays AND Anniversaries
Telegraphed Anywhere
LIB. 4317
Penn The Florist
124 Tremont Street, Boston

1000 Rooms—1000 Baths
$2.50 to $5.00 single

$4.00 to $7.00 Double
5 minutes to Times Square
A Few Minutes from Anywhere
Write for Maps and Booklet
Prince George Hotel 14 East 28th St. New York, N.Y.
George H. Newton—Manager

THE HISTORIC CHARM OF BROOKLYN HEIGHTS
For gentle folk who appreciate quiet surroundings at reasonable rates.

SUITES AVAILABLE
Roof Garden. Solarium. Use of Swimming Pool Without Charge. 15 Minutes to Times Sq. Take West Side I. R. T. to Clark Street.
NEW 600 ROOM HOTEL
The PIERREPONT
PIERREPONT AT HICKS STREET
BROOKLYN, N.Y. MAin 4-5500

"We not only SELL . . . but SERVE as well!"
Registered U. S. Patent Office
COMMERCIAL PRINTING
• One Time Carbon Forms
• Factory and Office Forms
• Manifold Books
• Typewriter, Mimeo and Duplicating Papers
• Envelopes of All Kinds
Established 1920
HYGRADE PRINTING & STATIONERY CO. INC.
121 Varick St., New York 13, N. Y.
WAlker 5-0737-8-9

Greater Boston United War Fund Campaign

In co-operation with the committee in charge of the Greater Boston United War Fund Campaign of 1945, The Christian Science Board of Directors has appointed as a committee to receive and transmit contributions:

Mrs. James A. Neal, 20 Chapel Street, Brookline 46.
Mrs. A. L. West Movius, 160 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston 16.
Edwin C. Johnson, 209 Cliff Road, Wellesley Hills, 82.
John H. Hoagland, Chairman, One Norway Street, Boston 15.
Guy C. Larcom, Treasurer, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston 15.

Members of our congregation in Metropolitan Boston, and others who wish to do so, are invited to send or hand contributions for this fund to any one of the five named above. Checks should be made payable to Guy C. Larcom, Treasurer, who will act as treasurer of the committee. Those wishing to specify the agencies to which they desire their donations to be given may obtain a designation sheet from Mr. Larcom.

Members who find it more convenient to do so may make their subscriptions to the Campaign through the regular campaign organization, either at their homes or at their places of business.

In this connection, we call your attention to the following statement which has been prepared by the committee in charge of the Campaign:

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Common Bond

In these days of peril which foreshadow victory, Americans draw closer to each other and closer to their fighting Allies.

United by the common bond of experience and sacrifice many of us feel next of kin to all who wear Allied uniforms. We silently salute our own men when they pass us on the street, wearing the stripes that tell of service overseas. We have a kindred feeling for servicemen from England, France, Australia, Canada, and from other friendly countries. We devoutly hope they will all sense the gratitude we feel for the sacrifices they have made for us and for all mankind.

We want to do more now than we have done, to show how much we care. We want to give the men and women who gallantly carry on in the cruel theaters of war with undiminished faith, proof that our hearts and resources are in the struggle with them.

Fortunately, we are reminded that there is something added we can do in this crisis of the world struggle. Something more than war work. Something beyond the things we have done.

Gifts Reach Round the World

We can heed the stirring appeal of the Greater Boston United War Fund which has opened its Campaign for $7,650,000 to be raised before Nov. 22 in behalf of the National War Fund and in support of the Community Fund, including 267 Red Feather Services in 53 Greater Boston communities. Gifts to the United War Fund will reach around the world and come home to bless the donors.

Into enemy prison camps, the War Prisoners' Aid will take our message of encouragement and hope.

Through the United Seamen's Service, our gifts will provide havens for rest and recuperation for men of our Merchant Marine.

Because we give, there will be more U. S. O. Camp Shows for battle-weary boys in Normandy, Brittany, Belgium, Holland, and on other fronts all over the world.

Gifts to the Greater Boston United War Fund personalize our interest in our Allies because they are given *through* the Fund, directly to the agencies that make up United Nations Relief.

Help for Liberated Peoples

We can now help more than ever to relieve the suffering in countries that have been freed from the German yoke.

Clothing and food will be furnished to Greek refugees; children will be fed in desolated parts of liberated Italy. People in Holland and Belgium will be given definite proof of our desire to help in their task of reconstruction.

Our gifts will help to supply the friendly touch needed to restore faith in humanity that years of oppression have almost erased.

Countries being freed from the enemy occupation . . . Belgium, Luxemburg, Greece, France, the Philippines, Poland, and Holland are included in the United War Fund appeal. Add to these: Britain, Czechoslovakia, Lithuania, Norway, Russia, China, and Yugoslavia, and we have the full list of our Allies that will be helped by gifts to the Fund.

To Supplement Government Aid

It is true that our gifts cannot meet all needs of stricken nations, but they will supply a token of our interest. They will supplement Government help being given through Lend-Lease and through the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration. They will add the personal touch that gives satisfaction to the donor and joy to the recipient.

On the home front, our United War Fund has a tremendous task to keep intact and ready to meet every current need the Red Feather Services of the Community Fund that functioned so effectively when war came. A better and stronger community depends upon the continuance of these services.

They have been a saving and stabilizing influence during war. They answered the roll call of preparedness; supplied initiative, activities, and manpower when civilian defense was essential to our community planning. They helped enlisted men and their families to make necessary adjustments when homes were broken by Selective Service.

With fathers at the front and mothers working in war plants, Red Feather family and youth services of the Greater Boston Community Fund have given nursery care to little children, provided community recreation, helped with family budgeting, advised about war problems and food rationing.

Job Counseling for Vets

Every new social and economic crisis has found Red Feather Services ready to meet the new needs it creates. And now that veterans are returning daily from overseas, these services are organized for job counseling and rehabilitation. Their intelligent and friendly aid has already helped hundreds of men to make adjustments to civilian and business life.

Americans made many mistakes after the last war. One of the most serious was that they allowed their social services to decline. It took years to rebuild and re-establish them. Happily for the country, and thanks to the vision and generosity of its people, Community Chests and War Funds have kept them intact during World War II. Let us help them to meet the challenge of peace.

The theme of the 1945 Greater Boston United War Fund Campaign is "Show that you care." By giving and wearing the symbolic Red Feather, we prove that we care for our Allies, for our men on the fighting fronts and for our own communities.

War Fund Records $2,370,179

Continued from Page 1

from the Greater Boston United War Fund.

Red Feathers began to make their appearance in the lapels of Bostonians as the 30,000 volunteer workers went on with their house-to-house and office-to-office solicitation, and prospects for reaching the goal of $7,650,000 by Thanksgiving seemed encouraging. All eight of the divisions of the Fund were represented at the report luncheon today and enthusiasm ran high.

Maj. Gen. Sherman Miles, Commanding Officer of the First Service Command, was the chief speaker at the luncheon, and there was music by the staff orchestra of radio station WEEI under the direction of Frank Bellezia. Dr. Ashley Day Leavitt of the Harvard Church delivered the invocation. The Massachusetts Women's Defense Corps canteen department served the luncheon.

Navy Ballot Man's Removal Explained

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—A declaration by Senator Homer Ferguson (R) of Michigan that a navy ballot officer had been removed because he was a Republican, encountered today a departmental comeback that it was all "highly proper."

Ralph Bard, Navy Undersecretary, said he had found that the officer, Lieut. Commander Edward McGinnis, who was to have directed distribution of ballots to sailors in the Pacific Area, once had been an active partisan political worker in Chicago.

To save both Commander McGinnis and the Navy from "any possible criticism," Mr. Bard said, he was transferred to other naval work which he requested. He said he told the officer this was no reflection on him. He added that the action had the approval of Capt. William D. Puleston, in charge of ballot distribution.

LISTEN to a New and Thrilling War Story each day
WHDH Monday thru Friday 6:55 P. M.
READ "Your Job in a Shipyard"
FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET
The interesting story of men and women working for victory in Bethlehem Shipyards in the Harbors of New York, Baltimore, Boston, San Francisco and Los Angeles.
BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY
SEND FOR YOUR FREE COPY TODAY!
BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY SHIPBUILDING DIVISION
97 EAST HOWARD STREET, QUINCY 69, MASS.
Please send me a FREE copy of the illustrated booklet "Your Job in a Shipyard"
NAME _____
ADDRESS _____
CITY _____ ZONE _____ STATE _____

TEXAS CITRUS FRUIT
Send Christmas gift packages to your friends and family.

	Bushel	½ Bu.
Oranges	$5.25	$3.25
Grapefruit	4.75	2.75

Express Prepaid
SUNDIAL GROVES
MERCEDES, TEXAS

Control of World Aviation at Stake in Chicago Conference

By Ralph W. Cessna
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

CHICAGO, Nov. 1—With the realization that the future peace and prosperity of the world may very well hinge on their deliberations, fully as much as on the Bretton Woods financial talks, perhaps even as much as on Dumbarton Oaks itself, representatives of 50 nations assembled here to begin today some three weeks of conversations on postwar civil aviation.

The big question to be threshed out, with Great Britain and the United States as the main contenders, is how the lucrative and, politically as well as economically, important international air lines will be divided up and controlled after the war—who flies what, and where, for whom.

The absence of Russia, which announced only last Sunday that because of the presence of Spain, Portugal, and Switzerland, which it considers anti-Soviet, it would not be represented, came as a blow to the conferees, and though it is felt by many that no world agreement in this field would be effective without Russia, any more than could a peace agreement, plans are going ahead on the assumption that this rift may be ironed out. It may turn out to be a question as to whether Spain, Portugal, and Switzerland are to be sacrificed for Russia.

The United States has at the moment attained a dominant position in the civil air business, due largely to its geographical position removed from the theaters of war. Commercial, and political interests too, would like to see that advantage retained. It is this very fact which has given concern to the British who have frankly eyed the situation with misgivings, and who hence have a big stake in the results of this conference.

Division of Territory

Before the war Germany, by Government subsidies to private companies, had pretty much control of the air business in Europe, and was also showing the most initiative in interior South America, and in the South Atlantic.

The profitable north Atlantic trade was divided equally, by agreement, between Britan and the United States. An American firm ran the Pacific line to Hawaii, Australia, and China. Britain controlled the route to Egypt, Africa, and India. The Dutch had a route to the East Indies.

The United States advantage at present, giving it most of the business over the north and south Atlantic, the Pacific, and other major routes, is supported by its proven colossal resources and ability to build equipment.

Lord Swinton, head of the British delegation, who supplanted Lord Beaverbrook as key Empire man, will bring to the conference a proposal that the nations establish an international agency with power to prescribe routes and govern conditions between and over the various countries.

Two American Views

Meanwhile, the job of Adolf A. Berle, Jr., Assistant Secretary of State, and United States delegation head, will be to try to reconcile the views of two factions within this country, one of which wants unlimited competition between the American companies, with a minimum of regulation, the other of which would like to see one American line chosen as the United States "entry" in the international race, to compete with other countries, but not with other American lines. This latter policy probably would, it is held by many, involve some kind of Government subsidy.

It is apparent that Washington would particularly like to see come out of this conference preliminary or temporary understandings which would allow our planes to continue to operate to foreign ports after the fighting stops.

Russia's direct interests until now have not been great, but its control of border areas, as they come out of the final peace plan, especially the Balkan zones in its orbit, will, many here believe, depend more and more on control of air traffic.

Atlantic Fares Listed

American initiative in this field is illustrated in recent announcements by at least two large air lines of plans to fly—if given the right—across the Atlantic at fares ranging from $148 to $263. Pan American says it will fly passengers from New York to London for $148. TWA will do it for $263.80, and points out that this compares with the present minimum air rate of $572, and the pre-war first class steamship rate of $316.

A point of particular concern to such cities as New York, Boston, Detroit, and Chicago is how far inland the international lines will be allowed to fly. Actually, of course, by bee-line it is no farther from Chicago to Paris than from New York, but the making of this inland city a port of entry is a big question which east coast cities, in particular, are not overlooking in the competitive struggle to come.

World Precedent Set By Air Conference

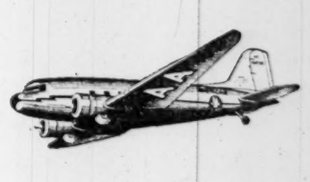
By the Associated Press

Chicago, Nov. 1

The International Civil Aviation Conference has no close counterpart in air history, and only one which resembles it in the matter of participants. That was the Paris Convention of 1919 which related solely to the technical aspects of aviation and which was not ratified by the United States.

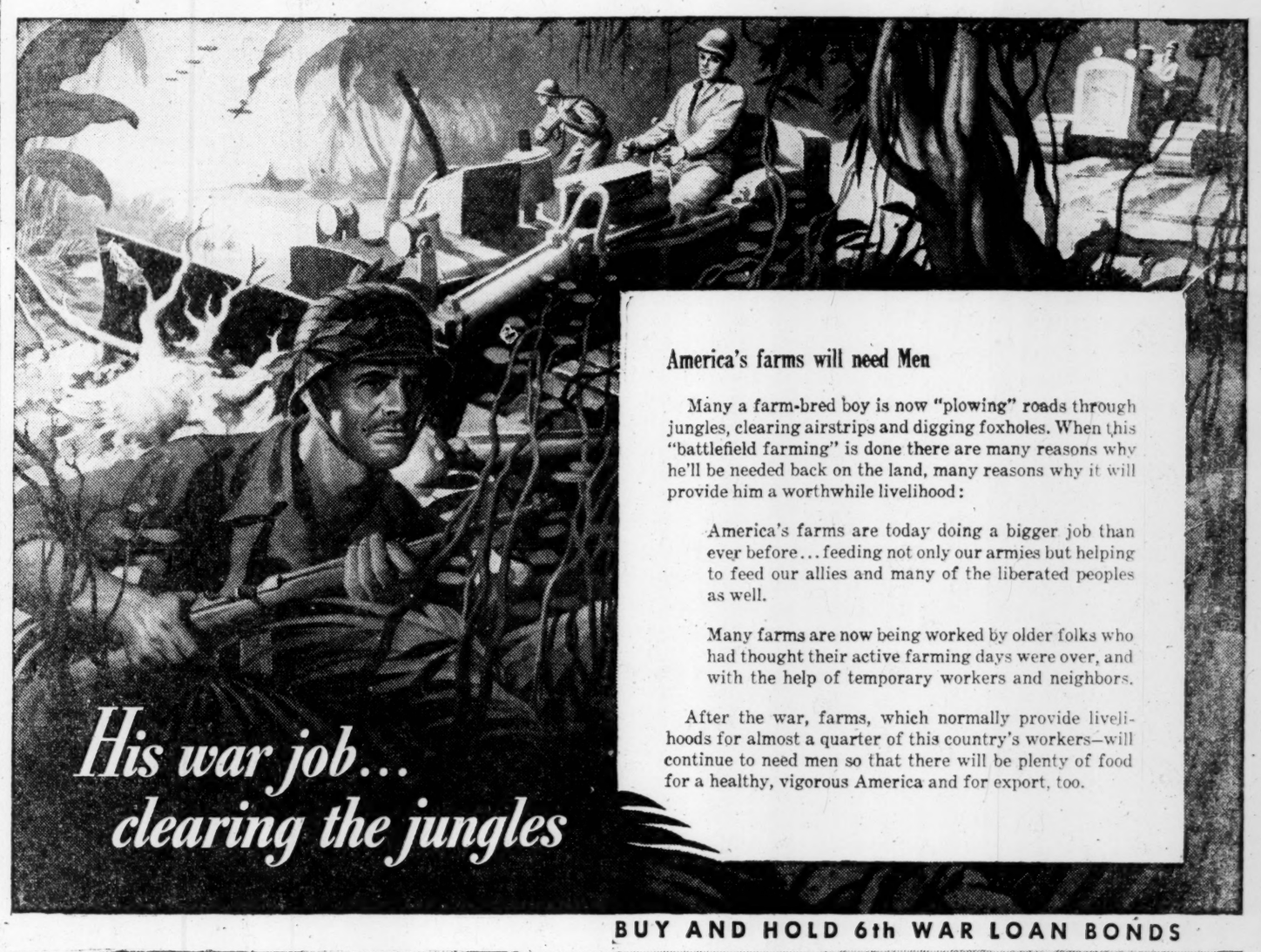
The question of immediate operations seems likely to get a great deal of attention, since no country, other than the United States, is quite so ready to operate. President Roosevelt only last week ordered the Army and Navy Air Transport Services to carry civilians for pay in circumstances where commercial air lines could not meet the needs of international air travel. That matched a practice of the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

MARKILO MARKERS
Five styles: TH (holes), TN (notched), Flex, Limp, Klip (clip-on). Samples and circulars on request.
MARKILO
3623-B So. Racine Avenue Chicago 9, Ill.

CHICAGO
Washington • Los Angeles

Now, every day, American Airlines provides 21 Flagship flights South and West from Boston. There are 7 through flights to Chicago . . . 7 through to Washington . . . 5 through to Los Angeles. No change of Flagship! Also, there are 9 daily non-stop flights each way between Boston and New York. For reservations, call the nearest American Airlines office.

BOSTON Phone: East Boston 2000 Statler Hotel
HARTFORD Phone: 7-5141 722 Main Street
PROVIDENCE Phone: Greenwood 1800 Turks Head Building

AMERICAN AIRLINES Inc.
ROUTE OF THE FLAGSHIPS
GIVE NOW TO THE NATIONAL WAR FUND


His war job... clearing the jungles

America's farms will need Men

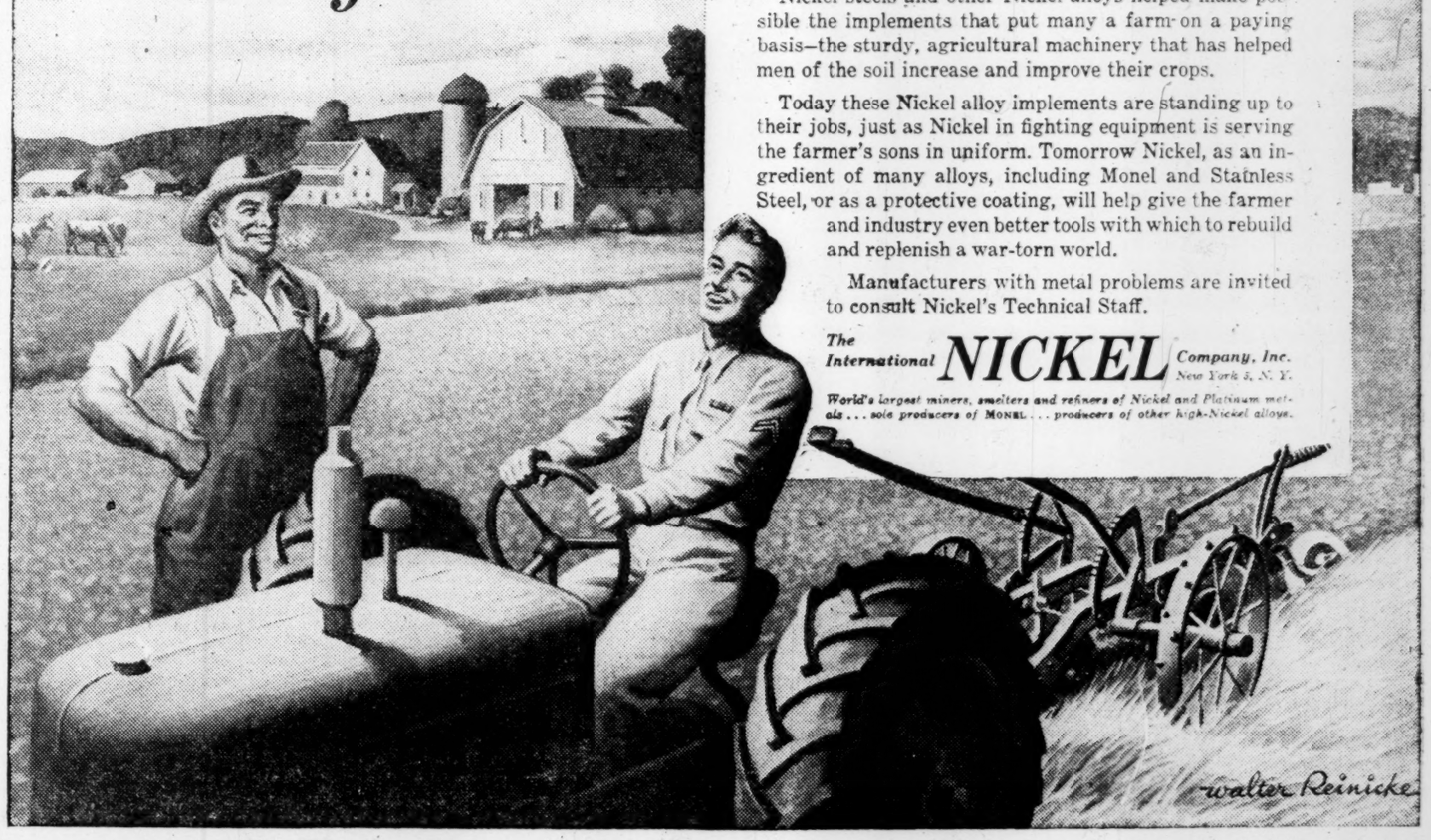
Many a farm-bred boy is now "plowing" roads through jungles, clearing airstrips and digging foxholes. When this "battlefield farming" is done there are many reasons why he'll be needed back on the land, many reasons why it will provide him a worthwhile livelihood:

America's farms are today doing a bigger job than ever before . . . feeding not only our armies but helping to feed our allies and many of the liberated peoples as well.

Many farms are now being worked by older folks who had thought their active farming days were over, and with the help of temporary workers and neighbors.

After the war, farms, which normally provide livelihoods for almost a quarter of this country's workers—will continue to need men so that there will be plenty of food for a healthy, vigorous America and for export, too.

BUY AND HOLD 6th WAR LOAN BONDS

his peace job... working the land

Farm implements will require Nickel

One of the farmer's unseen friends before the war was Nickel.

Nickel steels and other Nickel alloys helped make possible the implements that put many a farm on a paying basis—the sturdy, agricultural machinery that has helped men of the soil increase and improve their crops.

Today these Nickel alloy implements are standing up to their jobs, just as Nickel in fighting equipment is serving the farmer's sons in uniform. Tomorrow Nickel, as an ingredient of many alloys, including Monel and Stainless Steel, or as a protective coating, will help give the farmer and industry even better tools with which to rebuild and replenish a war-torn world.

Manufacturers with metal problems are invited to consult Nickel's Technical Staff.

The International NICKEL Company, Inc. New York 5, N. Y.

World's largest miners, smelters and refiners of Nickel and Platinum metals . . . sole producers of MONEL . . . producers of other high-Nickel alloys.

walter Reinicke

Hedy Lamarr, Paul Henreid Coming to the Metropolitan

Hedy Lamarr and Paul Henreid will be seen at the Metropolitan beginning Thursday in "The Conspirators." The cast includes Sydney Greenstreet, Peter Lorre, Victor Francen, Joseph Calleia, Carol Thurston, Vladimir Sokoloff, and Edward Ciannelli. The story is concerned with espionage and intrigue in Lisbon, carried on by underground workers. The film was directed by Jean Negulesco.

The other feature will be "Dark Mountain," a melodrama about a forest ranger. A forest fire and an automobile chase are to be found among the exciting incidents. The cast includes Robert Lowery, Ellen Drew, Regis Toomey, and Eddie Quillan.

Lana Turner's New Film

At the State and Orpheum the program beginning Thursday will be headed by "Marriage Is a Private Affair," with Lana Turner, James Craig, and John Hodiak in the principal roles. The story is said to be about the marital problems of a girl who marries after a romantic courtship and then begins to wonder if she is still interested in a former sweetheart. The plot is based on a novel by Judith Kelly. The cast includes Frances Gifford, Keenan Wynn, and Hugh Marlowe.

The other feature will be "Mark of the Whistler," with Richard Dix, Janis Carter, and Porter Hall.

'Master Race' Stays

A second week is scheduled at the Keith Memorial for "The Master Race," a postwar anti-Nazi film depicting plans for an underground movement in preparation for another world war. The cast includes George Coulouris, Stanley Ridges, Morris Carnovsky, Carl Esmond, and Osa Masson. The other feature, which also continues, is "Reckless Age," with Gloria Jean.

'Till We Meet Again'

Ray Milland and Barbara Britton are starred in "Till We Meet Again," the film coming to the Paramount and Fenway beginning Thursday. The other feature will be "The Great Moment," with Joel McCrea and Betty Field.

'Merry Monahans'

The feature film at the RKO-Boston starting Thursday will be "The Merry Monahans," with Peggy Ryan, Donald O'Connor, and Jack Oakie. On the stage will be Charlie Barnet and his orchestra and the Three Sailors.

At the Exeter

"Wing and a Prayer," starring Dana Andrews, Don Ameche, and William Eythe, comes Thursday to the Exeter in a program which has the English film, "The Courageous Mr. Penn," as the other feature. Clifford Evans and Deborah Kerr have the leading roles. "Janie," with Ann Harding, Joyce Reynolds, and Edward Arnold will be seen beginning Sunday. The other feature will be an English spy film, "Secret Mission," with Hugh Williams, Carla Lehman, and James Mason.

At the Uptown

Gary Cooper and Teresa Wright in "Casanova Brown" will head the program at the Uptown beginning Thursday. The other feature will be "Mademoiselle Fifi," starring Simone Simon and Kurt Kruger.

At the Majestic

"The Song of Bernadette," which arrived at the Majestic on May 3, is now in its final week. "Wilson" is announced to open at the same theater a week from today.

Concerts to Come

Marian Anderson

Songs of the settled recital repertory, classic airs, and Negro spirituals make up the program which Marian Anderson, contralto, presents in Symphony Hall on the afternoon of Sunday, Nov. 5, at 3:30 o'clock, Franz Rupp assisting at the piano.

Carroll Glenn

Helping to uphold the popularity of the Saturday matinee recital, Carroll Glenn, violinist, comes to Jordan Hall on the afternoon of Nov. 4, 3 o'clock.

Alexander Borovsky

Russian names that hold on in the piano field are those of Medtner, Rachmaninov, and Prokofiev, standing on the program of Alexander Borovsky, who plays in Jordan Hall on the evening of Tuesday, Nov. 28. Other names, those of Bach, Chopin, and Liszt.

William Kapell

Faithful to classic names, William Kapell, the pianist, announces works by Scarlatti, Bach, Beethoven, Chopin, Liszt, and Debussy (no longer modern) for his program in Jordan Hall on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 19.

Joseph Szigeti

Back to recital notice comes the Franck Sonata in A major for violin and piano on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 26, Jordan Hall, the performers being Joseph Szigeti on the violin and Harry Kaufman on the piano.

Impending on the Screen

© Loew's, Inc.

Lana Turner and John Hodiak

In "Marriage Is a Private Affair," coming Thursday to the State and Orpheum.

Today on Short Waves

Melbourne—8:00 a. m.—News. VLC6, 9.61 meg., 31.4 m.
Chungking—10:20 a. m.—Talk in English. XGOY, 9.64 meg., 31.3 m.
Moscow—6:48 p. m.—Program in English. RKE, 15.1 meg., 19.7 m.
Caracas—8:00 p. m.—Songs of Latin-America. YV5RN, 6.20 meg., 48.4 m.
London—8:45 p. m.—Nancy Logan, pianist. GRH, 9.82 meg., 30.5 m.; GSC, 9.58 meg., 31.3 m.; GSL, 6.11 meg., 49.1 m.; GSU, 7.26 meg., 41.3 m.
Moscow—9:00 p. m.—Comments in English. RKE, 11.8 meg., 25.3 m.
London—9:30 p. m.—Radio Theater. GRH, 9.82 meg., 30.5 m.; GSC, 9.58 meg., 31.3 m.; GSL, 6.11 meg., 49.1 m.; GSU, 7.26 meg., 41.3 m.
Melbourne—9:45 p. m.—News; Talks; Music. VLC4, 11.84 meg., 2.53 m.
Guatemala—11:15 p. m.—Concert of the Tabacalera Nacional, S. A. TGWA, 9.68 meg., 31 m.
London—11:15 p. m.—"Current Events." Vernon Bartlett. GRH, 9.82 meg., 30.5 m.; GSL, 6.11 meg., 49.1 m.; GSU, 7.26 meg., 41.3 m.; GRM, 7.12 meg., 42.1 m.; GRC, 2.88 meg., 104.2 m.

Owing to conditions abroad, some of these programs may be subject to change.

International Ballet Debut In New York

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

New York

The Ballet International, New York's newest dance company, on Monday evening opened a six-weeks engagement at its own theater, the International, in Columbus Circle, to a crowded house that in appearance and enthusiasm was in the best balletomane tradition.

The theater, which has been renovated, made a bright and intimate setting for the dance, the capacity being comparatively small, 1,300. The over-all effect of the evening was brilliant, with now and then evidence that there will be opportunity to strengthen the presentations in detail as further individual performers of first quality are added and the ensemble gains in smoothness with practice together.

It was plain throughout the evening that pains have been taken with the preparations under the sponsorship of George de Cuevas, president of the Ballet Institute, and artistic director of the company.

The star performers Monday night were André Eglevsky, well known for his dancing with other companies, Viola Essen, beautiful and accomplished soloist, William Dollar, and Marie-Jeanne, the two last named appeared to especially good effect in a restaging by Mme. Fokine of "Sylphides."

There were two world premières, "Brahms Variations," composed by Mme. Nijinska in two scenes, the first presenting the Muses on Olympus, and the second with an artist (Mr. Eglevsky) who is under the spell of a melody, personified by Miss Essen. Both had opportunity to display their talents to the full in this number, which has a décor by Vertes.

Mme. Nijinska also was in charge of her version of Ravel's "Bolero," which brought the evening to an exciting close.

The other first performance was "Colloque Sentimental," a dance duet arranged by Mr. Eglevsky to a successful musical setting by Paul Bowles, of the mood of a poem by Verlaine. Salvador Dali provided the décor for this. Alexander Smallens conducted a well-rehearsed orchestra.

Radio Political Addresses Tonight

Republican

4:30 p. m.—WNAC—Gov. Thomas E. Dewey, recording of Buffalo address.
6:30 p. m.—WEEI—Warren H. Atherton, for National Committee.
7:45 p. m.—WNAC—John P. White, for "Cahill for Governor."
9:30 p. m.—WBZ and WNAC—Gov. Thomas E. Dewey, from Boston, Massachusetts.

Democratic

6:25 p. m.—WHDH—Howard Mumford, for Massachusetts Independent Committee for Roosevelt and Truman.
7:15 p. m.—WNAC—State Committee.
8:15 p. m.—WNAC—Dorothy Thompson, from New York, for National Committee.
9:00 p. m.—WBZ—From New York, John Gunther, Orson Welles, Quentin Reynolds, for National Committee.
9:55 p. m.—WEEI—Sinclair Lewis from New York, for National Committee.
10:00 p. m.—WHDH—National Committee speaker.
11:15 p. m.—WNAC — Vice - President Henry A. Wallace and Secretary Harold Ickes, from New York, for the "Put Wallace on the Air Committee."

Entertainment Timetable

Theaters

Colonial—"Tomorrow the World," by James Gow and Arnaud d'Usseau. Featuring Stephen Chase and Barbara Robbins. 8:30. Matinees Wednesday and Saturdays at 2:30.

Wilbur—"In Bed We Cry," by Ilka Chase. Presented by John C. Wilson. Featuring Ilka Chase, Frederic Tozere and Paul McGrath. 8:30. Matinees Wednesdays and Saturdays at 2:30.

Opera

Boston Opera House—"Rigoletto," presented by the San Carlo Grand Opera Company. 8:20.

Little Theater

New England Mutual Hall—"Julius Caesar," presented by the Boston Tributary Theater. 8:30.

Films in Boston

Exeter—"The Seventh Cross," Spencer Tracy, Signe Hasso. 3:05, 6:05, 9:05. News and short films. 2, 5, 8.

Fenway—"Hail the Conquering Hero," Eddie Bracken, Ella Raines. 11:35 a. m., 2:50, 6:05, 9:15. "Oh, What a Night," Edmund Lowe, Marjorie Rambeau. 1:30, 4:45, 8.

Keith Memorial—"The Master Race," Stanley Ridges, George Coulouris. 9:40 a. m., 12:40, 3:40, 6:40, 9:50. "Reckless Age," Gloria Jean. 11:25 a. m., 2:25, 5:25, 8:25.

Kenmore—"Tales of Manhattan," all-star cast. 2:28, 5:54, 9:20. "I Married a Witch," Fredric March, Veronica Lake. 1, 4:26, 7:52.

Majestic—"The Song of Bernadette," Jennifer Jones. 9:45 a. m., 12:31, 3:15, 6, 8:45. (Last week.)

Metropolitan—"Till We Meet Again," Ray Milland, Barbara Britton. 12, 3:15, 6:25, 9:40. "The Great Moment," Joel McCrea, Betty Field. 10:25 a. m., 1:40, 4:55, 8:10.

Modern—"Mask of Demitros," Sydney Greenstreet. 9:10 a. m., 12:35, 4:05, 7:40. "Janie," Joyce Reynolds. 10:50 a. m., 2:20, 5:50, 9:25.

Orpheum—"An American Romance," Brian Donlevy, Ann Richards. 10:20 a. m., 1:15, 4:10, 7, 9:58.

Paramount—"Hail the Conquering Hero," Eddie Bracken, Ella Raines. 9:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 6:30, 9:30. "Oh, What a Night," Edmund Lowe, Marjorie Rambeau. 11:15 a. m., 2:15, 5:15, 8:15.

RKO-Boston—"Bride by Mistake," Alan Marshal, Laraine Day. 10:50 a. m., 2, 5:10, 7:45, 10:15. Stage Show: 12:35, 3:45, 6:40, 9:15.

Scollay—"Rainbow Island," Dorothy Lamour, Eddie Bracken. 11:50 a. m., 3:05, 6:25, 9:45. "Atlantic City," Constance Moore, Bradford Taylor. 10:20 a. m., 1:35, 4:55, 8:15.

State—"An American Romance," Brian Donlevy, Ann Richards. 11:15 a. m., 1:50, 4:35, 7:15, 9:59.

South Station Theater—"Inside France," "Once Over Lightly," "Name Bands," "National and War News," comedy. Continuous 9:30 a. m., to midnight.

Telepix—"France," "The Women Marines," "Bugs Bunny," "Unusual Occupations," "Target-Japan," "Persian Treasures," "MacArthur Returns to the Philippines," "World News." Continuous 10:30 a. m., to midnight.

Uptown—"Janie," Ann Harding, Joyce Reynolds, Edward Arnold. 2:35, 6:05, 9:35. "Mask of Demetrios," Sydney Greenstreet, Peter Lorre. 1, 4:25, 7:55.

Washington Street Olympia—"Rainbow Island," Dorothy Lamour, Eddie Bracken. 10:35 a. m., 1:25, 4:15, 7:05, 9:55. "Atlantic City," Constance Moore, Bradford Taylor. 9:05, 11:55 a. m., 2:45, 5:45, 8:25.

Recitalist

Carroll Glenn

Playing in Jordan Hall Saturday afternoon, Nov. 4.

Jeanette MacDonald

Songs on the lighter order and on the serious, too, come in for the attention of Jeanette MacDonald, who gives a recital in Symphony Hall on the evening of Wednesday, Nov. 29. Composers' names include Carey, Rachmaninov, Strauss, Debussy, and Herbert.

Guide to Recent Films

BABES ON SWING STREET—Juvenile musical about youngsters who develop talents in a settlement house.—M. Y. C.
DARK MOUNTAIN—Violent melodrama for double bills.—M. Y.
GIRL RUSH—Musical Western of the gold rush era for passable double-bill presentation.—M. Y.
IRISH EYES ARE SMILING—Technicolor musical about ballad writer of 30 years ago. Good singing and acting cast.—M. Y. C.
NONE BUT THE LONELY HEART—Cary Grant and Ethel Barrymore head strong cast in story of London's slums, and a mother's yearning for a lad who nearly succumbs to his environment.—M. Y.
MURDER IN THE BLUE ROOM—Stencil shocker with relieving interludes by a trio of girl harmonizers.—M. Y.
NATIONAL BARN DANCE—Based on a popular radio show, with popular entertainers in framework of backstage routine.—M. Y. C.
MASTER RACE—Drama of postwar Nazi efforts to establish an underground movement in preparation for another world war. Some lurid aspects, but well acted and photographed.—M. Y.
THREE HOURS—Strong French melodrama about soldier who finds during brief leave that the girl he is leaving behind is true to him. English titles.—M. Y.

Operatic Twins Return Under San Carlo Banner

By Winthrop P. Tryon

Opera, often thought of as a collection of sweet tunes, is rather to be defined as an assemblage of entertainers, such as appeared on the stage of the Boston Opera House last evening, Fortune Gallo their impresario, Nicholas Rescigno their master of ceremonies, and Mascagni's "Cavalleria Rusticana" and Leoncavallo's "Pagliacci" their material.

Opera indeed comes down practically to the persons who perform it, depending only remotely on the engineers—librettist and composer—who plan it. All the maker of the drama has to do is to furnish a viable scheme of action and talk, while all the maker of the music has to bother about is to fix up a singing framework for the words and to set under them the support of some instruments.

The plan must be something that the entertainers will enjoy putting into execution and that the public will like to see and hear. The plan gets the name and the composer gets the fame of the thing; and still, the men and women to whom the plan becomes a career and a living are what count.

They were a well selected and effectively organized companionship in last night's pair of familiar events, too. "Cavalleria" will seldom materialize with more certain and poignant illusion than it did with Willa Stewart as Santuzza, Mario Palermo as Turiddu, and Frank Richards as Alfio. The orchestra was drawn into the design with somewhat unsteady attraction by the baton of Mr. Rescigno.

Possibly sonorities fell into better line and disposition when the change took place from Mascagni to Leoncavallo. At any rate a baritone voice of charm, skill, and power came to notice immediately upon Mostyn Thomas's arrival before the curtain with the "Pagliacci" Prologue.

Some composers know just what devices to consider in presenting their baritones to an audience. Verdi likes to bring them on for a grand scene perfectly fresh and energetic and with everything prepared, as in "Aida" and "Traviata." Leoncavallo starts his man going at the first moment, as if at the opening of a recital. It is a poor artist here who cannot produce a fair impression; and a good artist always receives full value of applause for his efforts. Mary Henderson, excellent in Nedda's Bird Song; Tandy MacKenzie, first-class, San Carlo style, in the satires and laments of Canio.

Richard Crooks

A global idea is to be noted in the program which Richard Crooks, tenor, announces for his recital in Symphony Hall on the afternoon of Sunday, Nov. 12, along with Joseph Fuchs, violinist. "William of Orange," Norwegian Underground Song, "O Canada," "Waltzing Matilda" (Australian), "Trekking Song" (South African), and "Chi Lo" (Chinese) figure among his titles.

Radio Timetable

WEEI-590kc-CBS	WHDH-850kc-BLUE	WBZ-1030kc-NBC	WNAC-1260kc-MBS	WMEX-1510kc-199m
3:00 "Marv Marlin"; sk	Morton Downey, songs	"Woman of America"; sk	Bob Rhodes's Orch.	Irish melodies
3:15 "Tena & Tim"; sk	Hollywood Star Time	"Ma Perkins"; sketch	Concert orchestra	News service
3:30 News; Snapshots	"Beautiful Music"	Pepper Young's Family	"Smoothies"; vocal trio	Political talk
3:45 Parade; Studio pgm	"Beautiful Music"	Sports program	Musical Roundup	"Cowboy Jamboree"
4:00 Dorothy Myles, Melody in Sky; Songs	Popular music; songs	Backstage Wife; sketch	Walter Compton, news	News; Ray Scott's Orch.
4:15 Hollywood Revues	Newscast	Stella Dallas; sketch	Jane Cowl; talk	Tommy Tucker's Orch.
4:30 Help Wanted; News	Westbrook Van Voorhis	Lorenzo Jones, sketch	Gov. Dewey, recording of Buffalo address	Will Bradley's Orch.
4:45	"Hop Harrigan"; sk	Young Widder Brown		J. Manning, troubadour
5:00 Five O'Clock Follies; E. Howe, mc	Terry and the Pirates	"When a Girl Marries"	Musical Roundup	News; Dolly Dawn's Or
5:15 Notes for Victory	"Dick Tracy"; sketch	"Portia Faces Life"	"Chick Carter"; sketch	Ginger and Bobby
5:30 'Inside MGM'; int.	"Jack Armstrong"	"Just Plain Bill"; sk.	"Superman"; sketch	Ginger and Bobby
5:45	"Captain Midnight"; sk	"Front Page Farrell"; sk	"Tom Mix"; sketch	News service
6:00 Comment; News	Jack Rogers, songs	News; Geoffrey Harwood	News service	Sports; Musicale
6:15 Lynn Murray's Or.	Newscast; Political	K. Ivers; Swingcopaters	Sports; "Snapshots"	Moment Musicale
6:30 Rep. Nat'l Com.	"Jerry and Sky"	"Pleasure Parade"	"The Answer Man"	Political speakers
6:45 News; 6:55 J Harsch	Political talks; Talk	Lowell Thomas, news	Lou Holtz; music; drama	Sports of the Day
7:00 'I Love a Mystery'	"Scramby Amby"; quiz	Johnny Mercer's Orch.	Fulton Lewis, Jr., news	Political talk
7:15 Popular music	"Scramby Amby"; quiz	News of the World	Democratic State Com.	News service
7:30 'Easy Aces'; sketch	The Lone Ranger; western drama	Dick Preston, songs	"Corcoran for Senator"	Irish-American amateur program
7:45 'Easy Aces'; sketch		John Barry comments	Republican State Com.	
8:00 Jack Carson Show	Glifford Prevost, news	"Mr. and Mrs. North"; comedy mystery drama	Cecil Brown, news	News service
8:15 Jack Carson Show	Lum 'n' Abner; sketch		Dorothy Thompson, talk	Eddie Barrie's Orch.
8:30 Drama with Jean Hersholt; News	"My Best Girls"; drama	Carol Bruce; E Howard; Henny Youngman, mc	Stop That Villain; quiz; Joe Reichman's Orch.	Tommy Carr's Orch.
8:45	"My Best Girls"; drama			"Lest We Forget"
9:00 Frank Sinatra; gst	Network program	Democratic National Committee; speakers	Gabriel Heatter, news	Political speakers
9:15 Charles Boyer	Network program		"Screen Test"	Political speakers
9:30 'Which Is Which';	Lionel Hampton's Or.	Gov. Thomas E. Dewey	Gov. Thomas E. Dewey	Classical Album: Organ Music 19-20 Centuries
9:45 Quiz; Political	Dance orchestra; drama	Gov. Thomas E. Dewey	Gov. Thomas E. Dewey	
10:00 Moments in Music; "Rigoletto"	Political speaker	Kay Kyser's College of Musical Knowledge, Phil Harris	Sumner Welles, com'nt	Local sports
10:15	Political speaker		Paul Schubert, news	Local sports
10:30 Nelson Eddy; Rob't Armbruster's Or.	The Symphonette, with M. Piastro, conductor		Musical Roundup	Local sports
10:45		Kay Kyser; pol. talk	Parade; Music; Morgan 5	Local sports
11:00 News; Rideout	News; Sports news	News; Elmer N. Eddy	News service	Glen Gray's Orch.
11:15 "Unrationed Jam"	Frankie Master's Or.	Weather; Bump Hadley	Wallace on the Air Com	Earl Hines' Orch.
11:30 Miriam Solovieff, violinist; Orch.	Fishermen's program	Hopkins Pr's'ts: A MacMahon: Beyond Horizon	Vice-Pres Henry Wallace & Sec. H. Ickes	Day's End: music
11:45	Dance orchestra; News			Day's End: News

Thursday's Programs

WEEI-590kc-CBS	WHDH-850kc-BLUE	WBZ-1030kc-NBC	WNAC-1260kc-MBS	WMEX-1510kc-199m
7:00 Top o' the Morning	Musical Alarm Clock	News; "Dress Parade"	Musical program	
7:15 News; Herb Lewis,	Newscast; Music	Dress Parade; Weather	Nelson Churchill, news	
7:30 Music; News	Musical Alarm Clock	Nelson Bragg, news	"Happy Hank"	New England Fellowship; religious program
7:45 News; Rideout	Music; News; Weather	Ranger Joe's Ranch	Musical Clock	
8:00 News of the World	Martin Agronsky, news	World News Roundup	News service	Newsreel of the Air
8:15 Caroline Cabot	Church in the Wildwood	The Wax Museum	George & Dixie, News	Musical Timetable
8:30 Carl Moore's Club	Jesting With the Jesters	News commentator	Louise Morgan	Musical Timetable
8:45 Music; News	Musical Moments; News	Musical program	Louise Morgan; Weather	Musical Timetable
9:00 Priscilla Fortescue	Breakfast Club	Mildred Carlson, talk	News; "Tune Factory"	Scandinavian Melodies,
9:15 School of the Air;	Breakfast Club	Ed. MacHugh, hymns	Quiz program	Scandinavian Melodies,
9:30 Far & Near Tales	Breakfast Club	Wartime Food News	"Yankee Tune Factory"	Waltz Time; recording,
9:45 WEEI Food Fair	Breakfast Club	Chet Gaylord, songs	"Yankee Tune Factory"	Waltz Time; News
10:00 "Valiant Lady"	Dramatic sketch	Lora Lawton, sketch	News; "Tune Factory"	'Linda Crockett'; drama
10:15 "Light of World"	Drama; Musical variety	Robert St. John, news	"Yankee Tune Factory"	John Kiley, organist
10:30 "Changing World"	Fishermen's program	Studio speaker	"Yankee Tune Factory"	"Going Shopping With
10:45 Bachelor's Children	Dramatic sketch	Political; Music; Parade	"Yankee Tune Factory"	Marie Mason"
11:00 "Amanda"; sketch	Breakfast at Sardi's;	Road of Life; sketch	Arthur Gaeth, news	Studio speaker
11:15 Second Husband	Music; interviews	"Rosemary"; sketch	New England Cupboard	Mystery Melody with
11:30 "Bright Horizons"	Gil Martyn, news	"Now, Voyager"; drama	"Tobin for Governor"	John Kiley, organ
11:45 "Aunt Jenny"	Jack Berch & His Boys	"David Harum"; sketch	Imogene Wolcott; music	News service
12:00 Kate Smith Speaks	Glamour Manor, starring Cliff Arquette	News; Martin Behrens	Boake Carter, news	Dude Ranch; music
12:15 "Big Sister" sk.	Farm & Home Makers	Mayor Maurice J. Tobin	News service	Polka Time; News
12:30 "Helen Trent"; sk.	Farm & Home Makers	Marjorie Mills; talk	Musical Roundup	Italian drama; music
12:45 "Our Gal Sunday"		Marjorie Mills; talk	Musical Roundup	Italian drama; music
1:00 "Life Beautiful"	Baukhage Talking, news	The Wax Museum	Lester Smith, news	Italian melodies
1:15 "Ma Perkins"; sk.	Off the Record	The Wax Museum	Terry's House Party	"Kick Conga"
1:30 B. Flynn, news	Off the Record	"Hollywood Revue"	"Glamour Time"; songs	Curtain Time with
1:45 'The Goldbergs'; sk	Fishermen's program	Carl Caruso, news	American Woman's Jury	Theo Carreiro; News
2:00 Dramatic sketch	WHDH Studio Orch.	'The Guiding Light'; sk	Cedric Foster, news	Sports program
2:15 'Two on a Clue'; sk	Mystery Chef; food facts	'Today's Children'; sk.	"Yankee Kitchen"	Sports; Music; News
2:30 Dramatic serial	American Indian songs	"Woman in White"	"Yankee Kitchen"	Sports program
2:45 'Perry Mason'; sk	Newscast	Hymns of All Churches	"Real Stories"; drama	"Melody Moments"
3:00 "Marv Marlin"; sk	Morton Downey, songs	"Woman of America" sk	Bob Rhodes' Orch.	Irish Melodies
3:15 "Tena & Tim"; sk	Hollywood Star Time	"Ma Perkins"; sketch	Concert orchestra	News service
3:30 News; Hollywood	Easy Rhythm	'Pepper Young's Family'	"Smoothies"; vocal trio	Political talk
3:45 Parade; Studio pgm	Music; Listen, Milady	'Right to Happiness"	Music; Political talk	Cowboy Jamboree
4:00 Chas. Pelley; Melody in Sky; Songs	Popular music; Songs	"Backstage Wife"; sk.	Walter Compton, news	News; Andy Kirk's Or.
4:15 'Hollywood Revues'	Newscast	Stella Dallas; sketch	Jane Cowl, talk	Hal McIntyre's Orch.
4:30 'Hollywood Revues'	Political; "Education"	'Lorenzo Jones'; sketch	Gov Thos E Dewey, recording Boston address	Artie Shaw's Orch.
4:45 Help Wanted; news	"Hop Harrigan"; sk.	Young Widder Brown		Chick Webb's Orch.
5:00 Five O'Clock Follies; Evelyn Howe	"Terry and the Pirates"	"When a Girl Marries"	Musical Roundup	News; Lou Breese's Or.
5:15 "Victory Notes"	"Dick Tracy"; sketch	Portia sketch	Chick Carter; sketch	Cowboy songs
5:30 'Inside MGM'; int.	"Jack Armstrong"; sk.	'Just Plain Bill'; sketch	"Superman"; sketch	Cowboy songs
5:45	"Captain Midnight"; sk	'Front Page Farrell'; sk	"Tom Mix"; sketch	News service
6:00 "Page One"; news	Jack Rogers, songs	News; Geoffrey Harwood	News service	News; Musicale
6:15 CBS World News;	Newscast; Political	News; Sports; "Snapshots"	"Digest"; Snapshots	Moment Musicale
6:30 Band; Political	"Jerry and Sky"	"Serenade"; songs	"Tobin for Governor"	March to Victory
6:45 News; 6:55 J Harsch	Political; Music; Talk	Lowell Thomas, news	Lou Holtz; music; talk	Sports of the Day
7:00 'I Love a Mystery'	Fred Waring program	Johnny Mercer's Orch.	Fulton Lewis, Jr., news	Political talk
7:15 Popular music	Fred Waring program	J. W. Vandercook news	Democratic State Com.	News; Tax talk
7:30 "Mr. Keen"; dr.	Republican State Com.	Bob Burns; Shirley	Confidentially Yours	Musical program
7:45 "Mr. Keen"; dr.	Concert music	Ross; orch.; guest star	Governor Saltonstall	Natural science talk
8:00 'Suspense'; 'Singing Walls'	Clifford Prevost, news	Frank Morgan; C Daley;	Frank Sinziser, news	News service
8:15 Death Valley Sheriff drama; News	'Lum 'n' Abner'	Eric Blore; Robt Young	Rep. Joseph Martin, pol.	Eddie Barry's Orch.
8:30	America's Town Meeting	Dinah Shore's Open	Sammy Kaye's Variety	Tommy Carr's Orch.
8:45	"Is There a Satisfactory Substitute for the Profit Motive?"	House; Frank Morgan	Show; Paul Winchell	Irish Melodies
9:00 Maj. Bowes Amateur Program	Jimmy Joy's Orch.	President Roosevelt	Gabriel Heatter, news	Classical Album: Chopin; Preludes
9:15		President Roosevelt	"Screen Test"	
9:30 Gov. John Bricker	Dance orchestra; drama	Joan Davis; Jack Haley;	"Starlight Serenade";	Classical Album: Chopin; Preludes; News
9:45 Gov. John Bricker		soloists; or.; Political	Alfredo Antonini, cond	
10:00 "The First Line";	Raymond Gram Swing	Abbott & Costello show	Independent Voters for	Local sports
10:15 drama; guests	ILGWUCC speakers	Abbott-Costello; Political	Roosevelt and Truman	Local sports
10:30 Ray Bloch; Larry	News Dramatization	Philip Murray, political	"Parade"; music	Local sports
10:45 Douglas; E Knight	News Dramatization	Philip Murray, political	Parade; Music; Morgan 5	Local sports
11:00 News; Rideout	News; Sports news	News; Elmer N. Eddy	News service	Jazz Album
11:15 Unrationed Jam	Bos. Symphony Preview	Weather; Bump Hadley	"Radio Newsreel"	Jazz Album
11:30 "Viva America";	Fishermen's program	Music of New World;	Guy Lombardo's Or.	Day's End: music
11:45 Marion Inclan	Concert Miniature; news	soloists; orchestra	Guy Lombardo's Or.	Day's End: News

Films in Suburbs

ALLSTON—Capitol: "Janie." "Last Ride." 1:45, 7:45
Allston: "In Society." "Black Parachute." 1:45, 8.
ARLINGTON—Capitol: "I Love a Soldier." "Man's Revenge."
Regent: "Shine On, Harvest Moon." "Danger Area."
BRAINTREE — Braintree: "This Is the Life." "Hour Before the Dawn." 1:45. Continuous from 6:45.
BRIGHTON—Egyptian: "Dragon Seed," "Stars on Parade." 1:50, 7:50.
BROOKLINE — Brookline Village: "Suspicion." "Top Hat."
Coolidge Corner: "Wing and a Prayer." "The Big Noise."
Cleveland Circle: "Christmas Holiday." "A Wac, a Wave, and a Marine." 1:45, 7:45.
CAMBRIDGE—Central Square: "Roger Touhy, Gangster." "Make Your Own Bed." 1:45, 8.
Harvard: "Double Indemnity." "Make Your Own Bed." 2, 8.
University: "Janie." 2:45, 6:05, 9:25. "Crime by Night." 1:30, 4:45, 8:05.
EVERETT—Capitol: "Christmas Holiday." 3:27, 8:19. "Crime by Night." 2:08, 7, 10.
Park: "Man from Frisco." "Louisiana Hayride."
JAMAICA PLAIN—Jamaica: "The Seventh Cross." "Meet the People." 1:45, 7:45.
LEXINGTON—Lexington: "I Love a Soldier." "Gambler's Choice."
MALDEN—Granada: "Dragon Seed." 2:12, 5:19, 8:27.
Auditorium: "Christmas Holiday." "Crime by Night."
Mystic: "Kid from Spain." 1:52, 7:30. "Dead End," 3:27, 9:10.
Orpheum: "Home in Indiana." 3:15, 9. "Empty Holsters." 2:10, 7:55.
Maplewood: "The Imposter." 3:18, 9:18. "South of Dixie." 2:12, 8:12.
Strand: "Mask of Dimitrios." "Johnny Doesn't Live Here Anymore."
MATTAPAN—Oriental: "Wing and a Prayer." "Three Little Sisters." 1:45, 7:45.
MEDFORD—Medford: "It Happened Tomorrow." "The Imposter."
Fellsway: "Home in Indiana." "Falcon Out West.", 1:30, 7:30.
MELROSE—Melrose: "Double Indemnity." "Kansas City Kitty." 1:30, 7:30.
NEEDHAM—Paramount: "Dragon Seed." "The Whistler."
NEWTON — Paramount: "The Seventh Cross." "Meet the People." 2, 8.
QUINCY — Capitol: "Janie." "The Last Ride."
Strand: "Gypsy Wildcat." "Atlantic City."
Alhambra: "The Seventh Cross." "Three Little Sisters."
SOUTH WEYMOUTH—Cameo: "Marine Raiders." "South of Dixie." 1:45. Continuous from 6:45.
WAKEFIELD — Wakefield: "The White Cliffs of Dover." 2:39, 8:24.
WATERTOWN—Watertown Square: "Jam Session." "Mad Ghoul."
Coolidge: "Christmas Holiday." "Ladies Courageous."
WELLESLEY HILLS — Community Playhouse: "The Song of Bernadette."
WEST NEWTON—West Newton: "Dragon Seed." "Three Little Sisters."
WINCHESTER—Winchester: "The Eve of St. Mark." "Pardon My Rhythm."

AMUSEMENTS

BOSTON (MOVIES)

KEITH MEMORIAL
It's the talk of the Town!
EVERYWHERE ... EVERYONE IS TALKING ABOUT THIS UNUSUAL PICTURE!
2ND SMASH WEEK!
The Super Sensation Of This Very Hour!
THE MASTER RACE
An EDWARD A. GOLDEN PRODUCTION
GEORGE COULOURIS • STANLEY RIDGES
OSA MASSEN • CARL ESMOND
NANCY GATES • GAVIN MUIR
MORRIS CARNOVSKY
PAUL GUILFOYLE
PLUS
GLORIA JEAN
RECKLESS AGE
with
JANE DARWELL
DON'T LET THESE TERRORS COME AGAIN!

NOW! METROPOLITAN
Ray MILLAND • Barbara BRITTON
"TILL WE MEET AGAIN"
Plus "THE GREAT MOMENT"
PARAMOUNT : FENWAY
Eddie BRACKEN
"Hail the Conquering Hero"
Plus "OH, WHAT A NIGHT"

EXETER KEN 7067 EXETER & NEWBURY STS
SPENCER TRACY
THE SEVENTH CROSS
Short Films
Thurs. "WING and a PRAYER"

UPTOWN Hunt. & Mass. Aves. Very Popular Prices
Edward Arnold
Joyce Reynolds
Ann Harding
"MASK OF DIMITRIOS" Peter Lorre
"JANIE"

BOSTON (Kenmore Sq.)
KENMORE AIR-CONDITIONED 777 BEACON ST.
TALES of MANHATTAN
ALL STAR CAST
I MARRIED A WITCH
FREDRIC MARCH VERONICA LAKE

SOUTH STATION 2½ HOUR PROGRAM
INSIDE FRANCE
Extra TARGET JAPAN Special

BOSTON (MOVIES)

TODAY—LAST TIMES!
"AN AMERICAN ROMANCE"
in Technicolor
with Brian Donlevy
LOEW'S STATE & ORPHEUM TOMORROW!
Lana TURNER
in M-G-M's heart-throb romance!
MARRIAGE IS A Private AFFAIR
JAMES CRAIG • JOHN HODIAK
plus
ALL NEW! Thrills! Chills!
RICHARD DIX
"MARK OF THE WHISTLER"

BOSTON (STAGE)

PLYMOUTH • 2 Wks. Beg. Mon., Nov. 6 Seats Tom'w
MAX GORDON Presents "THE LATE GEORGE APLEY"
by JOHN P. MARQUAND • GEO. S. KAUFMAN
A Play of American Life Based on Mr. Marquand's Pulitzer Prize Novel
Staged by Mr. Kaufman • Settings by Stewart Chaney
Opening Night Under Auspices Inst. Modern Art
Other Eves.: $3.00, $2.40, $1.80, $1.20—Mats. Thurs. & Sat.: $2.40, $1.80, $1.20 (Tax Incl.)

SHUBERT • SEATS Tom'w
OPENING THURS., NOVEMBER 9th
OLSEN & JOHNSON
"LAFFING ROOM ONLY"

COLONIAL Mat. Today-Eves. 8:30
TOMORROW THE WORLD
Stephen CHASE-Barbara ROBBINS
Eves. 1.20 to 3.00. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 1.20 to 2.40

BOSTON (CONCERTS)

SYMPHONY HALL—COM. 1492
FRI. 2:30—SAT. 8:30
Boston Symphony ORCHESTRA
SERGE KOUSSEVITZKY—Conductor
OPENING MONDAY CONCERT
MONDAY, NOV. 6, at 8:15

NOTICE
Marian Anderson concert this Sun. Aft. is completely sold

Boston School Needs in Way Of Business Training Told

The following article gives further details of the Boston School Survey which was recently completed by Dr. George D. Strayer and a staff of 26 educators from all over the country.

By Laura Haddock
Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

Adequate equipment and facilities exist in the Boston public schools for vocational education, according to the findings of the Strayer School Survey Commission, and Boston can have one of the best business training programs in the country if it makes full use of them.

But first there must be a single administrative head for each branch of vocational training—mechanical, industrial, and commercial—with the Director of Business Education as responsible head of the entire program.

Then, says the report, there must be clear-cut standards, firmly adhered to—standards both for entrance upon a course and for completion of the course. These standards should be definitely and realistically tied in with the demands of the business world and the jobs the young people will have to fill.

The Strayer group found little evidence that children were being sifted out intelligently before being permitted to enroll in a trade school, in a commercial course in high school, or in a mechanic arts school or course.

No Aptitude

As a consequence many children embark on such courses who have no aptitude for them, and far too large a percentage drops out before completion of the course, having wasted valuable time on something they were not fitted for in the beginning, and with an added sense of failure.

Especially did the Strayer Commission find this true in the trade schools, to which many children were admitted on the basis that they had little academic aptitude and must therefore be good at manual arts. The report quotes several sources to prove that this is a total fallacy. Also, young women were taking up the study of shorthand and typing without any attempt made to give them qualified advice first as to whether they needed it or could succeed at it.

The survey staff was unable to find any evidence of standards in Boston's business courses that came anywhere near meeting the requirements of the girl's first office job, "although," it admits, "in most schools there is a desire to have them."

A Low Rate

In stenography, for instance, a girl can graduate if she can "produce at least 500 words of mailable transcript within a class period," which adds up to the strangely low rate of 12½ words per minute; and this standard is entirely divorced from her ability to read shorthand notes she has taken. Yet in office life, the two are not separate functions, the report points out.

Girls who take the commercial course in high school must evidence "knowledge about office routine" before they graduate, but they are not required to know how to handle this routine, and even so, reports the Strayer group, she can pass the course with a C grade, or 60 per cent.

Consequently "the number of stenographic positions filled (by the school placement offices) is very small when compared with the number of young people who enroll for stenographic training."

A concrete recommendation of the Survey is to combine the Boston Clerical School, the only public school in the city devoted entirely to commercial education, and the High School of Commerce. The latter it declares to have the "highest per capita cost of any high school in the city" combined with a dwindling enrollment due to the fact that it offers nothing that cannot be found more conveniently in the local high schools.

Adjust Upward

Night schools should adjust their courses upward in quality and try to achieve greater flexibility to meet the changing and varied needs of those who must work and go to school at the same time. The Strayer staff praises highly the evening trade classes held in industrial plants and taught by plant experts who come into the public employ for a few hours a week. It calls this an ideal situation, insuring an expert teacher, equipment of exactly the right sort, and a group of pupils who are conscious of their problems.

Commenting on a trend throughout the country to provide vocational training beyond the high school age, the report advises using the Mechanic Arts High School for this purpose here. The school should offer courses for the man or woman who wants to stand "in the occupational scale between the skilled trade worker and the engineer," and calls these people the "non-commissioned officers of industry."

The school has the faculty and shop equipment to do the job, and if the building were properly overhauled and some additions made to its equipment, it would furnish, the survey staff believe, "post-high-school vocational training of high quality."

On the whole, the Strayer group found the trade and mechanical shop work of the district high schools fairly good, needing chiefly expansion, better transportation, wider programs that combine work with study, and union-membership among the teachers.

Four Billion Taxes Is Toll Of Railroads

During World War I, when the Federal Government "made such a miserable failure of operating the railroads," the experiment cost American taxpayers about $1,750,000,000. In this war American railroads will pay the United States Treasury more than $4,000,000,000 in taxes for 1942, 1943 and 1944.

This in effect was the contrast pointed out today by William H. Day, manager of the Transportation Bureau of the Boston Chamber of Commerce in addressing members of the Rotary Club of Boston at Hotel Statler. His subject was "War Time Transportation on the Home Front."

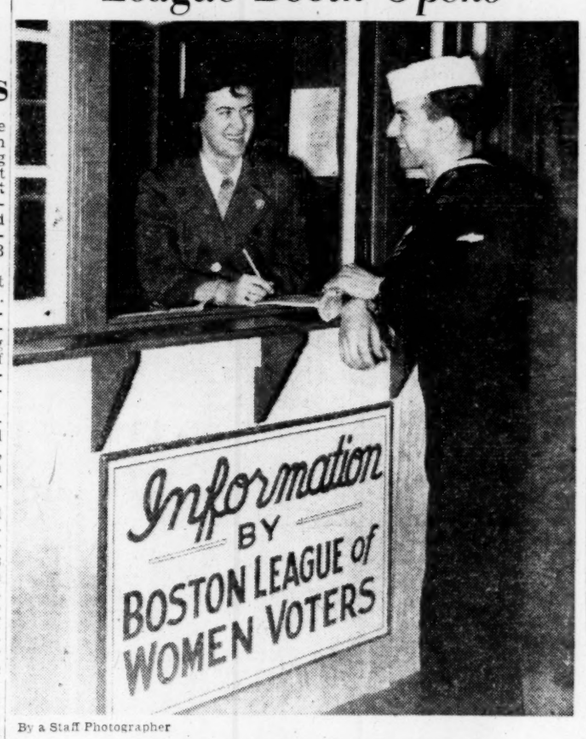
Prewar investment of the railroads in the rehabilitation and modernization of their properties, has paid big dividends in the form of improved performances, Mr. Day pointed out.

Committees of carriers and shippers meet at frequent intervals jointly to review the prevailing situation and exchange ideas as to how each might do an even better job, said Mr. Day. Most wholesome results have been obtained by these practices and if continued will enable the railroads satisfactorily to meet any emergency that may arise, he added.

More than 90 per cent of all railroad freight cars received in the New England area are being unloaded within 48 hours after placement, which record more than favorably compares with average performances throughout the country, Mr. Day declared.

Referring to the obstacles in the path of quick shifting from water-borne to rail transportation for oil, Mr. Day said that the railroads in 1943 moved more than 300,000 carloads of oil into this area. Coal shipments, too, increased, he said, and in 1943 the railroads brought into New England 100,000 more carloads of coal than in the last previous year.

League Booth Opens



By a Staff Photographer

Sailor Asks 'Information, Please'

A United States sailor, Boatswain's Mate, Second Class, Walter Zuber, with overseas ribbons on his blouse, was one of the first visitors to the election information booth set up by the Boston League of Women Voters on Boston Common today. On hand to give such information, with a friendly smile thrown in, was Priscilla Duxbury, one of the League members who will staff the booth daily until the elections.

Minimum Wage for Salespeople Now $17

By Frederick W. Carr
Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

A new minimum wage of $17 a week for experienced fulltime employees and $15.50 for inexperienced, covering women, boys and girls in every type of selling in Massachusetts, has just been ordered into effect by James T. Moriarty, State Commissioner of Labor and Industries.

"The order will bring a higher wage to more women and minors than any other state minimum wage of recent years," Mrs. Hattie H. Smith, Assistant Commissioner, said today.

"It will also tend to increase the wages of the more highly paid workers. The minute you boost a minimum, this has a tendency to raise all wages."

The old minimum wage ran $14.50 at its highest and graded down to $12.50 for experienced workers, according to the size of the community where they were employed. Similarly the pay for learners was graded from $12.50 to $12.

The geographical differential has now been discarded. This is one of the chief changes made by the new order. The time for obtaining experience has been reduced from one year to six months, not necessarily continual with the same employer.

The other major alteration, aside from the increase in the minimum wage, consists of the extension of the coverage. Previously, the order was limited to retail stores. Now every type of "selling, purchasing or distributing merchandise, wares, goods, articles or commodities" by women, boys and girls has been brought in. Wholesalers as well as retailers are included, together with servicing.

The order extends to newsboys and many others who have had no guarantee of a minimum wage, and will bring higher pay to many thousands, it is anticipated by State officials.

Mrs. Smith added that many concerns would doubtless comply with the new wage requirements in the handling of their holiday trade. The order, however, cannot be accompanied with penalty for violation until the middle of January. Up to then, it stands as a directive of the State but without power of enforcement.

"Ninety days have to go by before a directory order can be made mandatory," the Assistant Commissioner of Labor and Industries explained. "Time will be needed to spread a general understanding of the law among the thousands of firms concerned, and to enable many to make the required changes in their rates of pay.

"Thereafter the Commissioner of Labor and Industries can declare the order mandatory with possible fine for repeated violation."

The new regulations were recommended by a minimum wage board composed of representatives of the public, the employers and employees. After three public hearings, the State Minimum Wage Commission headed by Brig. Gen. Charles H. Cole approved the new wage, whereupon Mr. Moriarty took the final step of making it operative.

The State is now mailing copies of the new regulations to chambers of commerce throughout Massachusetts for distribution, and when the order becomes mandatory next year will send one to each firm affected.

Victory Dinner Marks Success Of Jewish Fund

Greater Boston's campaign for the 1944 Combined Jewish Appeal went "over the top" with a report of 101 per cent subscribed at the victory dinner of campaign workers at Hotel Bradford last night.

Designed to aid in the work of Jewish agencies at home and overseas main objects of the fund are for the support of health, welfare and educational agencies in this country and aid for refugees in foreign lands.

Announcement of the success of the drive was made by Louis H. Savage, general chairman, who attributed the good work to the divisional chairmen. These are Mrs. George Kahn of the Women's division, E. Geoffrey Nathan of the Districts' division, Ben G. Shapiro of the Employees' division, Aaron Levine of the Children's division, Alfred Neuen of the Immigrant Mutual Aid Society division, Dr. Samuel Horne of Landsleit, Joseph Linsey of the Trade and Professional division, and George Alpert of the Metropolitan division.

Judge James F. Walsh

GREENWICH, Conn., Nov. 1 (AP)—Judge James F. Walsh, who passed on here last night, was a veteran Republican leader and former State Treasurer.

Judge Walsh studied law in a private office here. He was admitted to the bar in 1883. He was a member of the Republican State Central Committee for 43 years, and a delegate to nine Republican national conventions. He had been Speaker of the House in the State Legislature, Majority Leader of the Senate and a Common Pleas Court judge. He served as State Treasurer from 1904 to 1906.

We are pleased to welcome you today to the opening of

audrée Inc., FOR THE EXQUISITE IN STYLE

44 NEWBURY STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Former Democratic Governor Of Bay State Supports Dewey

By a Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

With a statement that "With me, it is the U. S. A. against the P. A. C.," Joseph B. Ely, former Governor of Massachusetts and a candidate for nomination for President this year in opposition to President Roosevelt, announced yesterday that he would vote for Dewey and Bricker in the coming election.

In a radiocast over Station WNAC here the man who placed Alfred E. Smith in nomination for President in 1932 made it clear, however, that he was bolting the ticket only on the choice of President and Vice-President. Mr. Ely said he would support the Massachusetts Democratic state ticket, headed by Mayor Tobin, candidate for Governor.

In what he called "a partial statement of my reasons," the former Governor said:

"To begin with, I am a Jeffersonian Democrat. What was once the Democratic Party has been taken over, lock, stock, and barrel, by a coterie of totalitarian Socialists, city bosses, Communists, and disciples of a disciplined—polite word for regimented—democracy."

Mr. Ely asserted that the concentration of power in the Federal Government in Washington, "more especially in the White House," under the President is a change "radical enough to foreordain the end of American democracy." With the removal of the check on the length of the President's terms, Congress has become helpless, he added.

The President, Mr. Ely explained, "has acquired a vast army of dependent satellites who must work for his continuance in office to keep their positions. The tentacles of their power reach out in every direction.

"It is apparent in the great influence of government contracts," Mr. Ely continued, "The recipients of these government favors flock to its support. Of course they do—Higgins and Kaiser and those lesser lights of the One Thousand Club who seek special favors. The machine is too big and powerful for Congress to overcome. Only the people can save us."

He posed a question to those who would vote to "permit this thing to go on for another four years.

"Would you vote to perpetuate this administration in power for another four years, if the European war was ended before election day?"

Mr. Ely said that it was the common belief that a majority of the people would answer in the negative.

Sees Totalitarian Trend

"I do not believe that we are yet able to visualize, because we have not been told, the extent of the Administration's plans for the formation of the organization for peace," Mr. Ely continued.

"I believe that the plans are totalitarian in form and substance for the creation of a super-State to regulate both militarily and economically, the nations and the peoples of the world, and I further believe that Mr. Dewey has gone as far as any statesman should go to protect America at this time until the cards are on the table face up."

The counterpart of the Hillman-Browder combination, he charged, which in this country is working to perpetuate a disciplined democracy, is at work in England to defeat Mr. Churchill when Germany collapses, in order to bring to the British Empire a radical government with which to move toward the establishment of a world state.

Liquor Stores Are Warned Not To Sell Minors

Proprietors of Boston liquor stores were warned again yesterday by the Boston Licensing Board against selling liquor to young persons on the face value of birth certificates or driver's licenses they may present to prove they are not minors.

"It is perfectly well known," said Frank L. Brier, Commissioner of the Board, "that those papers are passed from hand to hand by youths seeking to buy liquor."

Proprietors take the whole responsibility for violating the law in such cases, the Board Chairman, Mary E. Driscoll, ruled.

Occasion for the warning to proprietors was the hearing of a police complaint against a 17-year-old boy from Roxbury who allegedly was served a glass of beer at the Star Restaurant, Inc., in Roxbury. The establishment will not be permitted to sell liquor on the three days following election.

Clubwomen's War Relief Office Hums With G. I. Gift Activity

Women's Activities

By Alice Myers
Assistant Woman's Editor of The Christian Science Monitor

G. I.'s in many a war theater will be opening gifts packed by Massachusetts clubwomen and channeled to the front through the War Relief Headquarters of the State Federation of Women's Clubs. Their gay wrappings will bring cheer to hospital wards both overseas and in the United States, according to Mrs. John A. Jennings, Chairman of the Division of War Relief.

At the moment, workers at headquarters, 420 Boylston Street, are busy cutting out bright red tarleton bags which clubs have undertaken to sew up and fill with gifts for wounded veterans at Fort Devens. Fifteen hundred bags are due to go to Lovell General North Hospital.

Three large boxes containing 619 individually wrapped gifts and a quantity of Christmas decorations were dispatched last week to the Russell Islands in answer to a plea from canteen workers there. Magazines, games, and phonograph records also have been sent to this South Pacific outpost.

A letter to a Newton clubwoman from an American nurse in a London hospital is responsible for five boxes of gifts sent across the Atlantic, Mrs. Jennings has already had a letter from the girl saying how glad she is to know they are on the way and especially that the individual articles are attractively wrapped. Just such touches of home are what the men miss most, she says.

Thursday Programs

Boston Quota Club—Supper meeting, Women's Industrial Union, 6 p. m. Miss Carolyn LaVers, President, will report on the national Quota convention. A marionette show will be given by the Educational Department of the Animal Rescue League.

Newton Center Woman's Club—In the morning at the clubhouse, Mrs. Ellis Spear, Jr., and Mrs. Ferdinand Blake, Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Civic and Legislative Committee, will conduct a debate on referenda on the Nov. 7 ballot.

Winchester Historical Society—War services will benefit from an illustrated lecture on the "Restoration of Colonial Williamsburg," which is being sponsored by the Society at the High School Auditorium at 8 p. m. Dr. Charles H. Tozier, official photographer of Williamsburg, will show his own films. The program is in charge of Miss Clara R. Russell, President; Alfred N. Denley, Miss Corrine Mead, and Miss Louise Bancroft.

Two Sentenced In Pay Roll Case

Two of the Bethlehem-Hingham welders, who were found guilty by a Federal jury last Friday of conspiracy to defraud the Government in an alleged payroll padding case, were sentenced to two months each in jail today by Judge George C. Sweeney in United States District Court.

They were Alfred A. Zani, of Watertown, and Anibal Batista, of Milford, who were not sentenced with others in the group yesterday. A special appeal for leniency was made by counsel but the Judge ruled he could not differentiate between these men and those already sentenced to two months.

Exhibit of Antiques And Sale to Open Nov. 6 for 4 Days

An oil painting of the high water in Market Square, Providence, during the hurricane of 1815 and a table model of the Bradley-Doggett house which once stood in Hollis Street, in downtown Boston, will be among the articles exhibited by the Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities at the four-day New England Antiques Exposition and sale opening Monday, Nov. 6, at the Copley-Plaza Hotel.

In addition to the Society's display, varied items, including antique furniture, glass, jewelry, china and silver will be exhibited and sold by antique dealers from all over New England.

The Exposition is being directed by Mrs. Dorothy Hazen, of New York, who is connected with the magazine Antiques. The show will be open from 1 p. m. to 10 p. m. daily Monday through Thursday.

Boston Recreation For Service People

Wednesday, Nov. 1

Free Tickets for sports, theaters, and other events at U. S. O. Ticket Office, 48 Boylston Street. Lib. 7968.
All-Star Wrestling, Boston Arena, 8 p. m.
Dances, with orchestras, hostesses: 8 p. m. Buddies Club; 46 Beacon Street; 22 Batterymarch Street; 16 City Square, Charlestown; 149 Staniford Street.
Voice Recordings, Copley Square Officers' Club, 520 Boylston Street; 26 Temple Place, Sat., Sun.
Portrait Sketching, 149 Staniford Street, 8 p. m.; Buddies' Club, 3:30-8 p. m.
Officers' Dances, Hotel Statler, given by Army and Navy Officers' Club, orchestra, 74c, 8 p. m.
Dance Instruction, 316 Huntington Avenue, 8 p. m. social; 48 Boylston Street, 8:30 p. m.; 32 City Square, Charlestown, 9:15 p. m.
Crafts, 26 Temple Place, 7:30 p. m.
"Sports Nite," 5 Ruggles Street, 8 p. m.
"Prize Nite," Jewish Welfare Board Club, 17 Commonwealth Avenue, 8:30 p. m. Free photos. Portrait sketching.
Bachelor Wives' Club, 140 Clarendon Street, 7:30 p. m. Speaker.
Stage Door Canteen, 48 Boylston Street. Entertainment. Free refreshments. Dancing.

State Education Workers Promoted

Dr. Julius E. Warren, State Commissioner of Education, today announced promotion of three employees of that department.

They are: Daniel H. Shay of Reading, in charge of vocational war production classes, to assistant director of the division of vocational education; Thomas L. Flynn of Springfield, supervisor of teacher-training in the division of vocational education, to senior supervisor in education; and John F. Wostrel of Natick, assistant supervisor for the organization and administration of classes in the vocational division, to supervisor of private trade schools.

Denial Recommended Of Woolen Wage Rise

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—A War Labor Board panel recommended yesterday denial of a request for a flat ten-cent hourly increase for 20,000 American Woolen Company workers.

The employees, represented by the Congress of Industrial Organizations' Textile Workers' Union, work in 17 of the company's 25 plants, all in New England except two.

Denial of the general wage increase was recommended to the Board "on the basis that this would require a revision of the 'Little Steel formula' and the panel was not asked to make any investigation of the correctness of the formula."

Ration Dates For Consumers

Meats and Fats—Book No. 4 Red stamps A8 through Z8 and A5 through P5 now valid and worth 10 points each, regardless of numbers printed on them. Good indefinitely. Red tokens may be used as change. No more red stamps will be validated until Dec. 3.

Canned Goods—Blue stamps A8 through Z5, and also A5 through W5 in Book 4, worth 10 points each, now valid; good indefinitely. No more blue stamps then until Dec. 1.

Sugar—Stamps 30 through 33 in Book 4 now valid for five pounds each; good indefinitely.

Stamp No. 40 in Book 4 now valid for five pounds for home canning. Good through Feb. 28, 1945.

Issuance of sugar for home canning ended Oct. 31. A new program for home canning will be announced Jan. 1.

Fuel Oil—Aug. 31, 1945, last day for Period Four and Period Five coupons of 1943-44 issue. Period I coupons of 1944-45 issue now valid. All coupons worth 10 gallons a unit.

Gasoline "A"—No. 11A coupons for three gallons each now valid; expire Nov. 8.

Applications for new "A" coupons, valid Nov. 9, now available at local ration boards.

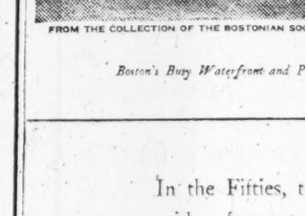
Serially numbered B4, B5, C4 and C5 coupons now good for five gallons each. Expiration dates vary. Each coupon must be indorsed in ink with State and registration number.

Shoes—Stamps 1, 2, and 3 on "Airplane" sheet of Book 3 now valid for one pair each. Both good indefinitely.

Tires—New prewar and synthetic tires now restricted to "B" and "C" gasoline ration bookholders. "A" bookholders now eligible for used tires. Tubes now ration free.

TREFRY & PARTRIDGE
Jewelers
Your Diamonds, Old Gold, Jewelry and Solid Silverware
will bring higher prices than ever before. Our estimate your assurance of higher prices.
REGISTERED JEWELER AMERICAN GEM SOCIETY
Cor. Park and Beacon Streets
Boston, Mass. Tel. LAF. 7490

The Mother Church
The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston
announces a FREE LECTURE entitled
"CHRISTIAN SCIENCE: ITS HEALING SALVATION"
By Anna E. Herzog, C. S. B.
of Columbus, Ohio
Member of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church
IN THE CHURCH EDIFICE
Falmouth, Norway and St. Paul Streets
Back Bay, Boston
TOMORROW
THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 2
AT 7:45 O'CLOCK
The public will be welcome



FROM THE COLLECTION OF THE BOSTONIAN SOCIETY

Boston's Busy Waterfront and Port as seen from Fort Hill in 1854.

Gateway to World Commerce
YESTERDAY *and* TOMORROW

In the Fifties, the Port of Boston was the pride of smart merchants and tall ships. Then, richly laden bottoms out of Boston plied a thriving export trade in the ports of the Seven Seas. In the peace that will follow World War II, such commerce can again be carried on to the inestimable benefit of New Englanders. Such exporting creates flourishing business ashore to produce the cargoes.

But New England leaders must move with power and authority *now* to modernize the Port of Boston for such a great tomorrow.

Since 1865, Boit, Dalton & Church have been leading insurance underwriters. Our firm stands ready to serve you on every type of Marine and Transportation Insurance . . . to help again make BOSTON THE BERTH OF THE NATION.*

We shall gladly send you important data on the Port of Boston upon request

Boit, Dalton & Church
INSURANCE SINCE 1865
89 BROAD STREET, BOSTON 10 · *Telephone* HUB*bard* 3100
FREDERIC C. CHURCH · CHARLES C. HEWITT · JOHN W. GAHAN
FREDERICK G. FARQUHAR · COLLINS GRAHAM · STANLEY H. KING
*COPR. 1944—BOIT, DALTON & CHURCH

CLEANS THOROUGHLY
Removes Stains, Tarnishes

WRIGHT'S is a perfect, completely trustworthy cleansing agent. Quickly removes spots, stains, tarnish from choice silver. Keeps silverware immaculate. Send 3c stamp for sample. Address: Dept. S-44, J. A. Wright & Co., Keene, N. H.

WRIGHT'S
SILVER CREAM
America's largest selling silver cleaner

Back the Attack
with
MORE War Bonds

Allied Force Lands Near Flushing

Continued from Page 1

ary, only recently cleared of Germans, the Berlin radiocast said. It gave no hint of the progress of the assault, and there was no Allied confirmation of such a landing.

Adjoining South Beveland Island, however, had been captured in the same kind of squeeze attack, with British forces landing on the southern coast while Canadians pushed across the land causeway.

Three quarters of Walcheren had been flooded by Allied bomb-breaching of its dikes, with sea water sweeping over some of the German batteries controlling the estuary approach to Allied-held Antwerp.

Eight miles northeast of Flushing, the Canadians had almost completely negotiated the 1,100-yard-long strip of causeway from Beveland to Walcheren, front dispatches said.

The Canadians apparently still were 25 yards short of actually fighting onto Walcheren, blocked by a huge bomb crater and meeting concentrated artillery, mortar, and machine-gun fire. An earlier dispatch said they had crossed onto Walcheren, but this was not borne out by lated information.

Below the Maas River, Allied columns struggled through knee-deep mud in pursuit of Germans escaping over the river behind a screen of stubborn rear-guard actions.

All field dispatches indicated the Germans generally had succeeded in escaping an Allied trap.

Berlin declared Field Marshal Sir Bernard L. Montgomery never had drawn on the mass of his forces around Nijmegen for the battle to clear southwestern Holland, but was keeping them intact for an offensive aimed at reaching the north German plain.

The skillful enemy withdrawal apparently already has saved a large proportion of the 40,000 German troops previously reported south of the Maas. The Allied advance was being slowed by every trick of mine fields and sniping.

It was expected the Germans would make a major stand on a line extending from the great Dutch port of Rotterdam to Arnhem along the north bank of the Neder Rhine.

Air Over Europe:

Two More Attacks Blast Cologne

More than 500 Lancasters and Halifaxes struck the industrial section of Cologne during the night two hours after Mosquitoes had shaken the arsenal on the Rhine with a low-level attack on a railway yard.

The RAF raids wound up a record month for American and British Air Forces—more than 60,000 flights by bombers and fighters. Approximately 400 planes were lost.

Cologne caught nearly 10,000 tons of bombs in four days and eight raids in 72 hours.

The Allied Air Forces plan to knock Cologne out of the battle for the northern sector of the Siegfried Line.

Hitler has been using Cologne "both as an arsenal—it has more than 30 large priority factories—and as one of his main traffic centers for supplying the Western Front," the RAF said. "Troops and arms could be assembled conveniently in Cologne and then sent forward to any part of the front which was being threatened."

Philippines:

Americans Rout Jap Rear Guard

Americans of the 24th Division smashed another Japanese rear-guard concentration and advanced to within five miles of the strategic coastal village of Carigara in the Philippines, as another American column on the coast braced itself for a possible decisive battle of Nipponese counterattack.

The infantry captured Tunga, on the Jaro-Carigara highway which runs through northwestern Leyte Valley. Retiring enemy forces blew up a bridge at the end of the town, however, and further advance appeared to be halted temporarily.

Two miles eastward along the highway the Americans broke up another Japanese delaying concentration.

Eastern Front:

Russians Battle Inside Kesckemet

Russian motorized infantry is clearing scattered enemy detachments from three sides of Kesckemet, while other Red Army troops are battling in the streets of the city, 44 miles southeast of Budapest, late front dispatches said.

Soviet tanks, artillery, and infantry are pouring into a 60-mile-wide break in the enemy's defenses between the Danube and the Tisza Rivers, the dispatches added. At captured Izsak, 17 miles southwest of Kesckemet, the Russians were only 43 miles below Budapest.

The Army newspaper Red Star disclosed that the new offensive aimed at Budapest got under way at least three days ago, and overran a defense zone where the enemy concentrated as many as 20 antitank guns to the mile.

Thus far the offensive has swept up 200 Hungarian cities, towns and villages, more than 4,000 prisoners, and control of several hundred square miles of new territory, the Russians declared.

Inside the city—a provincial seat with a population of 83,000—the enemy resisted stubbornly.

Greece:

British Patrols Reach Salonika

British patrols have reached the Greek port of Salonika, Allied headquarters announced.

Pressure is being maintained by Allied forward patrols against enemy rear guards north of Kozane, the communiqué said. British troops and Greek guerrillas pushing the Germans out of Greece were last reported within seven miles of the Yugoslav border in this sector.

Previous advices indicated the Germans had engaged in extensive demolitions in Salonika, approximately 70 miles northeast of Kozane. An estimated 10,000 Nazis out of a force of 25,000 were said to be left in Salonika.

Soviet pressure in Bulgaria and the increasing strength of Partisans of Marshal Josip Broz (Tito) in Yugoslavia have compelled the Germans fleeing Greece to head toward Scutari in the northwest corner of Albania.

It appeared doubtful that many of the Germans in Greece ever would reach the Reich.

Italy:

Allies Strengthen Ronco Beachhead

Eighth Army forces in Italy have improved their beachhead across the Ronco River south of the Po Valley stronghold of Forli and have cleared the Germans from Meldola on the stream's west bank, Allied Headquarters announced.

German troops facing the Fifth Army on the central sector south of Bologna were thrown into a series of heavy counterattacks Oct. 31 in an effort to wipe out several Allied salients. American forces, sometimes fighting hand to hand, hurled them all back.

Nazis Retreat Northward

By a Staff Artist.

Germans Flee Before Allied Advance in Greece

Allied entry into Salonika is causing the Germans to flee northward. At present they are headed westward for Scutari, in northern Albania, owing to the Russian threat from Bulgaria. Another threat comes from the Tito forces in Yugoslavia to the north.

Kalinin Depicts Allied Victory

By the Associated Press

Moscow, Nov. 1

President Kalinin told the people of the Soviet Union in a newspaper article today that "the day is not far distant when troops of the Soviet Union, Britain, and the United States will meet on German territory—this will be the day of our complete victory."

Mr. Kalinin's summary of the war was written to herald the 27th anniversary of the Red Revolution on Nov. 7.

Mentioning the quick liberation of France, Belgium, Luxemburg and part of Holland by Allied troops, Mr. Kalinin added "The Germans now console themselves that the thin line of communications is shortened. Soon the Germans undoubtedly will be left without any communications at all."

Robot Bombs:

Missile Wrecks British Hotel

Flying bombs wrecked a hotel during the night. They were over southern England again in the first daylight attack in two months.

Several children were among 35 guests in the hotel. A few of the 35 escaped injury. Rescue workers toiled in the wreckage throughout the day in search of those believed trapped.

One of the German planes which launched the bombs was shot down by a Mosquito.

Men and women formed a bucket brigade, passing back baskets of rubble cleared out by the workers tunneling into the blasted hotel. A child's crying led workers to one spot where they found three children. One was uninjured.

To mount the daylight attack, the launching planes apparently took advantage of cloud cover. Many of the robot bombs were shot down.

The daylight attack coincided with the opening of an exhibition "The Battle of the V-1," at a showroom in Piccadilly.

China:

3 Nippon Columns Threaten Kweilin

Three Japanese columns were closing in on Kweilin, strategic Chinese defense center in southeast China.

The Chinese High Command communiqué said Japanese forces had hammered their way to within six miles of the Kwangsi Province Capital, which the defenders have promised to make "China's Stalingrad" and defend to the last man.

The High Command said Chinese troops, in an effort to disrupt enemy lines of supply and communication, had struck toward the Hunan-Kwangsi railway town of Tungan, 90 miles northeast of Kweilin and had captured Japanese strong points four miles northwest and 12 miles northeast of the city.

Test-Tube Town of Rötgen Dreads Losing U. S. Control

Continued from Page 1

demn Hitler for starting the war as such. They condemn him only for starting something he apparently cannot successfully finish.

Their reasoning in this matter is like the man who misquotes "thou shalt not steal" to "thou shalt not be caught stealing."

Secret weapons, the propaganda hope which is still being dangled by Hitler, command no faith from Rötgenites. They feel the Nazis are trying to gain a few weeks before meeting their "just end," perhaps in the course of a civil war. This belief is not universal but is gaining among the population here.

It is an interesting testimonial to the effectiveness of the Nazi propaganda "blackout" that most interviewees say they were completely ignorant of the alleged atrocities of the German troops in occupied countries. A few admit hearing about them, but attribute them to the "lowest types of Germans," and believe the guilty should be punished. But they also prudently exclaim against hasty judgment and possibly retaliation against "innocent bystanders."

Stand Toward Jews

When asked about persecution of the Jews, the Rötgenites piously label it the greatest of all Hitler's mistakes. Those who are inclined to argue claim that the Jews are a very powerful "nation" and with great capital and political influence and are dangerous enemies.

If Rötgenites had their sayso about it, they would desire occupation anywhere from 10 years as a maximum—to permit re-education of German youth—down to immediate evacuation after armistice except for local control commissions. The middle class looks upon American occupation as a guarantee of order at home and an obstacle to a feared Communist coup d'état.

The immediate pocketbook threat of inflation worries Rötgenites more at the moment than does their postwar political fate. On Oct. 13, the local bank opened with a capital of 21,000 reichsmarks on hand. The first day there were withdrawals up to 5,000 reichmarks but by the third day the run had totally subsided.

The bank's arrangements permit withdrawals up to 200 reichsmarks per person and these must be covered by funds on hand. There are an occasional few new deposits and these are automatically frozen.

Food stores, Rötgenites say, are rapidly being used up and may be gone within a month. Most persons believe the coming winter will present a serious food problem, due to the inability to harvest crops in the battle areas.

Secret Radio Calls for Revolt And Overthrow of Hitler Rule

Continued from Page 1

only were Beck and Gördeler free, but that the same was true of Lieut. Graf von Der Schulenberg, whom the Nazis announced they had caught and executed as the attempted assassin.

SS Wave of Terror

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 1 (AP)—Nazi Storm Troopers and the Gestapo, exercising iron control since the failure of the officers' putsch, have cowed the German people with an almost unbroken wave of terror for the last two and a half months, a report from Germany received through a reliable source said yesterday.

"As a result the great mass of the German people fear the Gestapo and the SS more than ever," said the informant. "I don't know the exact number arrested, but last week I was told by a Gestapo source that more than 25,000 persons in Berlin were jailed or sent to concentration camps.

"In Vienna and in Austria generally there were big roundups among all classes of Germans and foreigners. Some sources believe the arrests in all Germany number between 100,000 and 125,000. Last week the authorities had trouble with foreign workers in western Germany, particularly in the Ruhr district. Several were arrested and executed. The Gestapo again has the situation under control. There is no reliable information at present as to the cause of the disorders, but there were unconfirmed rumors of strikes."

Among leading military circles and in Nazi Party circles the opinion now can be heard that Germany will be able to hang on until spring, the informant said, and added, "they are predicting the war's end toward the close of April or May."

This source expressed the belief that the Germans "will fight until the last man, first, because of the Nazi Party terror which allows the SS (elite guard) to keep control of the situation, and second, because they are frightened of the Russians."

"The atmosphere in Berlin is gloomy," the informant said, "and the people's spirit is very low. The Nazi Party is unpopular, but even so the average German thinks he has only one chance—to fight—and the propaganda of Dr. Paul Joseph Goebbels is playing on that belief."

1792
PROTECT WHAT YOU HAVE

SAFETY

Since its earliest days, Insurance Company of North America has steadfastly held the confidence of the public.

Founded in 1792, it heads the "North America" Companies, equipped to protect you against loss from fire, accident, casualty, burglary, personal liability . . . almost every type of insurance except life.

Ask any agent or broker about "North America's" protection.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF
NORTH AMERICA
COMPANIES, *Philadelphia*

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA
INDEMNITY INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA
THE ALLIANCE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA
NATIONAL SECURITY INSURANCE COMPANY
CENTRAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF BALTIMORE
PHILADELPHIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. M. QUEEN MARY

FRANK PARTRIDGE
& SONS LTD.

Old English Furniture
Works of Art

LONDON
144/146 New Bond St., W. 1

NEW YORK
6 West Fifty-Sixth St.

Jay's Temple Place Boston

Furred Shortcoats
All Wool And A Yard Long

Silver Muskrat
. . . on Victorian white or fantasy pink . . . 159.90
(plus 20% Fed. tax)

Ocelot Tuxedo
. . . on black 100% wool, quilted lining . . . 139.90
(plus 20% Fed. tax)

Nutria Trim
on grey, fantasy pink, Persian on black . . . 98.00
(Non-taxable)

Sizes 12 to 18 COATS—FOURTH FLOOR

TODAY IS

THE DAY!

Eastern Air Lines now serves Boston!

Silverliner service to New York and Washington on through flights to the South, Southwest and Midwest. City Ticket Office: 14 Providence Street. For reservations and information, telephone Liberty 5100

The Way of The Great Silver Fleet

EASTERN Air Lines

For Days Like These
SCRIPTURAL HEALING
Compiled from the Bible
By Helen L. Young
CLOTH . . . $1.25
Genuine Morocco Leather $3.25
At All Booksellers
OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS, 114 5th Ave., N. Y. 11

Nice Looking

Good teeth have much to do with good looks. Thorough brushing is important. Revelation Tooth Powder is recommended by dentists generally.

BUY IT NOW AT YOUR FAVORITE COUNTER

REVELATION
TOOTH POWDER

You'll Wear
Howard Clothes
with Pride and Satisfaction..!

One look at a Howard garment and you'll say . . . "It has the earmarks of richness in every line." It's true the fabrics are luxurious and the style lines are genuinely thoroughbred. True too, is the fact that the tailoring that goes into a Howard garment is what gives long life to the garment you buy.

Howard undeniable quality . . .
Howard genius for designing . . .
Howard craftsmanship . . . all have made Howard the kind of clothes you'll wear with endless pride and supreme satisfaction.

HOWARD TOPCOATS and OVERCOATS
$28.20
No Charge for Alterations

HOWARD SUITS
$26.75
No Charge for Alterations

Use our convenient Time Payment Plan. You pay the cash price plus a 6% service fee.

Howard Youngfellow Fingertip OVERCOATS
Sizes 6 to 20
$17.75

HOWARD CLOTHES
FOR GENTLEMEN OF GOOD TASTE

New York . . . 801 Broadway . . . 1268 Broadway . . . 1600 Broadway
100 Delancey St. . . . 10 Cortlandt St. . . . 145 East 42nd St. . . . 500 Seventh Ave.
972 Third Ave. . . . 150 E. 86th St. . . . 2825 Third Ave. . . . 149 E. 125th St.
101 W. 125th St. . . . 258 E. Fordham Rd. • Brooklyn . . . 75 Flatbush Ave.
671 Broadway . . . 350 Fulton St. . . . 1558 Pitkin Ave. . . . 1772 Pitkin Ave.
Ridgewood . . . 55-45 Myrtle Ave. • Jamaica . . . 165-02 Jamaica Ave.
Flushing . . . 39-09 Main St. • White Plains . . . 186 Main St.
Newark . . . 82 Market St. • Jersey City . . . 820 Central Ave.
Paterson . . . 160 Market St. • Upper Darby, Pa. . . . 67 South 69th St. • Philadelphia . . . 1215 Market St. . . . 1511 Chestnut St.
5th and South St. • Boston . . . 605 Washington St. . . . 542 Washington St.
Worcester . . . 104 Front St. • Providence . . . 200 Westminster St.
Syracuse . . . 357 South Salina St. • Pittsburgh . . . 244 Fifth Ave.
Chicago . . . 222 So. [illegible] . . . 6345 So. Halsted St. . . . 11121 So. Michigan Ave.

STOTTER'S
DEPT. STORE
Reputedly Chester's Best Department Store for Home Furnishings
3rd and Market Street
CHESTER, PA.

Otto Allowed To Quit U. S. For Portugal

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 — Archduke Otto of Hapsburg, whose one ambition is to become an Emperor, has left the United States aboard a trans-Atlantic plane for Portugal. There the Pretender to the Thrones of Austria and Hungary will figuratively sit by a telephone hoping for a bid from one or both of these two countries.

The Department of State was apparently willing to let him have a try at achieving his goal, since it granted him permission to leave the country.

By Ernest S. Pisko

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

The Nazis have a problem on their hands in organizing their "Volkssturm," or People's Army, in Austria. They want to make the civilian army as strong as possible in Vienna, but at the same time they want to avoid arming too many of their political opponents among the Austrians.

In contrast to Germany proper, where a general induction order was issued for the "Volkssturm," Austrian draftees are summoned individually and subjected to a searching examination. The authorities feel this is the only way to guarantee that Austrian Volkssturm units will not have a majority of members of the former social democratic "Heimatschutz" or the Dollfuss-Schuschnigg sponsored "Heimwehr."

At a recent emergency meeting of the district leaders of Austria, Baldur von Schirach, Gauleiter of Vienna, is reported to have expressed the opinion that the Austrian anti-Nazi movement is directed by a coalition of all former political parties. Representatives of the Communists, Social Democrats, Liberals, Monarchists, and Christian Socialists are believed to have formed a "Popular Front" with the avowed aim of harassing, hampering and, finally, expelling the German intruders.

'Road to Berlin'

The workers districts of Vienna as well as St. Pölten, Wiener Neustadt, Steyr and all the other industrial centers are said to be flooded with leaflets carrying the headline: "Our enemy is in Berlin!"

SA and SS patrols are trying in vain to catch the "painting squads" which night after night change the names of some of Vienna's streets. The Budapest street was renamed "Road to Berlin" and the Rennweg, one of Vienna's main arteries of traffic, was renamed "Street of the Axis Allies," which is a rather good pun, since the word "Rennweg" can mean as well "Racing Street" as "Runaway."

Neutral observers and underground sources disclose that in Styria, Carinthia and parts of Tirol conditions are bordering on civil war. Some 50,000 foreign workers and a far greater number of Austrian guerrillas are said to be hiding in the mountain and forest regions, staging frequent raids against Nazi offices in nearby towns and villages, attacking military transports and disrupting railway communications.

Go Over to Partisans

Almost everywhere in those provinces, the native officials and the farmers are said to support the guerrillas. Police and County Guard are either openly on the side of the anti-Nazis or lend them passive aid.

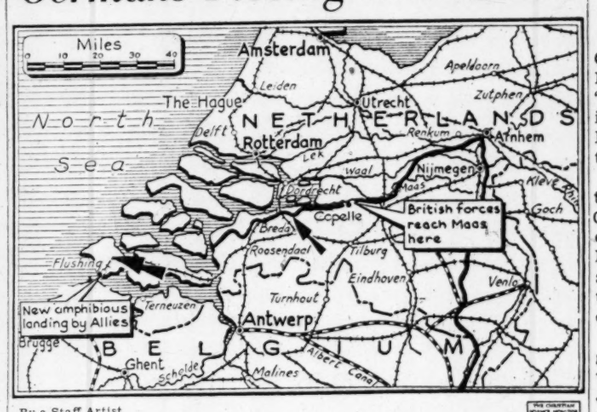
In the Karawanken region of Carinthia Wehrmacht units were reported to have concluded a truce with the Partisans. In southern Styria, two regiments that were sent against Austrian guerrillas returned from their expedition without having fired a shot, but with badly depleted ranks. Almost half of the soldiers had gone over to the Partisans.

In Carinthia and Styria, the Underground is reported to work hand in hand with the Tito Partisans; in southern Tirol Austrians have joined the ranks of Italian guerrillas in large numbers; and across the borders of lower Austria and Burgenland supplies and reinforcements are being sent to the Slovakian "Rebel" army.

Reports from Holland show that many Austrian soldiers in the occupation forces assist the Dutch Underground in every possible way.

The clandestine "Radio Austria" told in a recent radiocast about the "rapid development" of the Underground movement. After disclosing details of several successful actions, the spokesman advised his listeners rather to concentrate on large-scale sabotage acts than to risk their lives by distributing leaflets. Experience proved, he said, that the losses incurred in harassing the Nazis by pin-pricks were greater than those suffered in actions of real consequence.

Germans Fleeing in Holland



By a Staff Artist

Allies Tighten Squeeze on Walcheren Island

While Germans are fleeing northward across the Maas River in Holland, pursued by British forces which have arrived at the river, a new Allied amphibious landing on Walcheren Island, near the port of Flushing, is meeting the Canadians driving into Walcheren along the causeway from the east.

Sedition Defendant Says He Lost Job

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—A defendant in the mass sedition trial complained in an affidavit filed yesterday that the Federal Bureau of Investigation instigated his discharge from a job.

Chief Prosecutor O. John Rogge filed an answer denying the declaration and those of two other defendants that they had been similarly discharged from jobs during the present trial. Mr. Rogge insisted that no Federal agents had interfered with legitimate activities of any defendant out on bond.

Yesterday's affidavit was signed by Garland L. Alderman, a former tool and diemaker in Detroit automobile plants. He said that early in September he was employed as a clerk for the Railway Express Agency, and although he "faithfully and diligently" performed his duties, he was discharged a month later. His foreman, Mr. Alderman said, explained that the F. B. I. "would not approve" his employment.

Moccasins Off Ration

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—Leather-soled moccasins of house-slipper type construction may be sold ration-free through Dec. 31, the Office of Price Administration announced today. This counteracts an Oct. 5 order putting them on the ration list.

Japanese Set Up Board on Home Problems

By the Associated Press

Formation of a new Japanese General Planning Bureau, to aid Premier Gen. Kuniaki Koiso in "strengthening the nation's fighting power," was announced by the Domei (Japanese) news agency today.

Tetsuzo Ueba, Vice-President of the Central China Development Company, has been named director of the bureau, which will be under Premier Koiso's direct supervision, said a Domei dispatch beamed to the Orient and heard by the Federal Communications Commission.

The bureau is the second new governmental organization set up within a week, in an apparent Japanese effort to cope with increasing internal problems. A new cabinet advisory group was announced Oct. 28.

Old-line bureaucrats also were named to other key positions in the Planning Bureau. It will be divided into three sections for "coordinated planning of wartime measures," the problems of foodstuffs, transportation and war production, and a third division to supervise local administrative affairs.

Production Off

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1—Japanese production in many cases has "fallen short of expectations," Premier Gen. Kuniaki Koiso informed the Japanese people in a press conference, the Domei news agency said in a radiocast recorded by the FCC.

The Japanese Premier, warning that the "enemy still has a considerable fleet in Leyte Bay" with more reserves ready for action, pointed out that the "labor and efforts" of Japanese workers in many fields have not "reached the first stage desired by the Government."

He said his Government planned, to "improve whatever needs improvement," and added that "we hope to increase production so that Japan can prosecute the war with ample reserves even if the war should be prolonged."

Living conditions of the Japanese people are strained, the Premier acknowledged, but he expressed the hope that the people would "courageously persevere and hold to the firm belief in ultimate victory even if living standards should fall still lower."

While the Japanese were being informed of their production shortcomings and warned of United States power, the Tokyo Radio radiocast a distorted version of Premier Koiso's address expressly for American consumption.

The English-language radiocast, also recorded by the FCC, declared that Premier Koiso stated that great strides in the production of arms and ammunition have given Japan added confidence "in its march to final victory." He was quoted as saying that Japan's production front is now achieving the desired results in all fields.

COLLINS CLOTHES
The Home of
"Robert Surrey" Suits 35.00 up
Collins Clothes
Cor. 7th & Edgmont Ave.
CHESTER
OPEN EVES. 'TIL 9

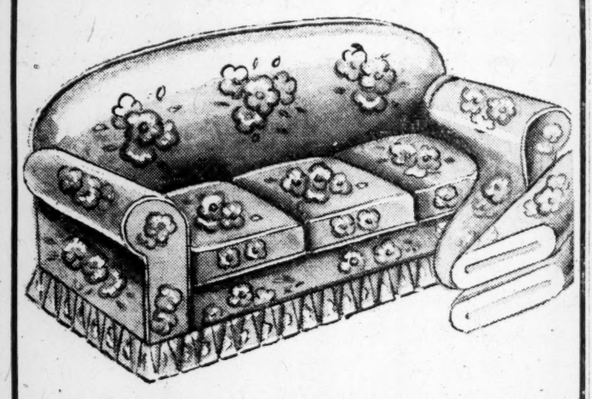
CHRISTMAS GIFTS
Helena Rubinstein
Complete Matching Makeup
DRESSES • FURS
COATS
Everything Nice for Milady
Frank Berman INC
612 Edgmont Avenue Chester, Pa.

SPEARE BROTHERS
CHESTER'S Fashion Corner
Exclusive With Speare's in Chester
• STETSON • KORET of California
• BARBIZON LINGERIE
• L'AIGLON DRESSES
CHESTER, PA.

dewees
Teen Topic
CHESTERFIELD
29.95
Something to shout about . . . because it's gray, the favorite neutral of all that will team with everything she owns . . . because it's tailored to perfection in a soft, durable pile fabric of 100% wool with cotton backing . . . and because inside there's a wonderfully warm quilted lining. Sizes 10 to 16.
TEEN SHOP, THIRD FLOOR

DEWEES, 1122-24 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia 7

Snellenburgs
Entire Block, Market, 11th to 12th Sts.—Through to 1125-27-29 Chestnut St., Philadelphia 5, Pa.—Store Hours: 9:45 A. M. to 5:45 P. M.—Mail and Phone Orders Filled—Call LOCust 5200—Philadelphia Suburbs, Enterprise 1-1060—Camden and Suburbs WX-1150



Custom Made Slip Covers
More Care and Skill Make These Better
For Sofa and One Chair Including Four Loose Cushion Covers — Complete
$46.50*
Extra Chair Cover $15.50
(Including 1 loose cushion cover)
*Small extra charge for orders outside city limits. Charged to your account on delivery or sold on our Deferred Payment Plan, Plus Small Carrying Charge.
Their precise tailoring and gayly sparkling floral printed fabrics glorify your furniture. Cut and fitted in your home, painstakingly finished in our workrooms, with box-pleated skirts all around, cord-welted seams, rust-proof snap fasteners.
Snellenburgs Upholsteries, Fourth Floor

LOUISIANA RING CAKE
An old Southern favorite that is winning new laurels here in Philadelphia.
This golden ring cake is deliciously flavored with crushed orange and incrusted with a delightful almond crunch.
36c
Hanscom's
20 shops throughout Philadelphia and vicinity

Out Front in FLAVOR
and highly nourishing, rich in vitamins and minerals, a fine energy builder. Made from America's Finest Cream.
Taste the Difference
Abbotts ICE CREAM
ABBOTTS DAIRIES, INC.
Makers of Abbotts Ice Cream and Jane Logan De Luxe Ice Cream

So proudly you'll wear!

WALK-OVER CABANA
Skillfully designed—beautifully executed and fitting as only true master-made shoes can. Black suede and calf. 9.95
HARPER'S
1338 Chestnut St., Phila.

Wedding Stationery
in good taste and moderately priced
CHRISTMAS CARDS and GIFTS for overseas mailing
DECKER'S
902 Chestnut St. 9 South 15th St.
Open Wednesday Evenings
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Allen's
PHILADELPHIA
demand coat ...the Chesterfield
$29.95 - $65
You like it best because it has all the rugged practicality of a winter overcoat . . . plus the fact that its handsome simplicity goes smartly over everything from suits to date dresses. Our Chesterfield collection includes the finest of all wool Meltons . . . in black, brown, green. Misses' and women's sizes.
COATS—SECOND FLOOR

1214 CHESTNUT ST. . . . PEN. 3211
CHELTEN & GREENE . . . GER. 7000

MASON & MASON
Printing
Virkotyping
Satisfactory work assured by our personal attention
1713 Ranstead St. — Philadelphia, Pa.
RIT. 4731

ROCK WOOL
INSULATION
SAVES FUEL
A warmer home in winter —cooler in summer
BUDGET PLAN
T. S. JOHNSON SONS CO.
626 Cherry St. Walnut 1366
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Theo. F. Siefert
• FURS OF THE • BETTER GRADE
For Four Generations
1710 WALNUT STREET
PHILADELPHIA 3, PA.

Opfzenheim
Collins
CHESTNUT AT TWELFTH
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

jaunty junior
Wool Dress Suit
29.95
Designed for Juniors' delight. Pure wool dressmaker suit embellished with velvet decor. Black, rust, green, brown. New Jaunty Junior triumph. Sizes 9 to 15. Gallivant Junior, Second Floor.
Gallivant Junior Second Floor
*Trademark Registered.

• Market : Eighth : Filbert : Seventh . . . Philadelphia 5, Pa.
• One Yellow Trading Stamp With Every 10c Purchase
LIT BROTHERS
Open Wednesdays 12 Noon to 9 Night
Store Hours Other Days 9:45 A. M. to 5:45 P. M.
Shop Now from a Big Selection of GIFT CHAIRS
Because You'll Want to Shop Early for Big Things Like Furniture . . . We've Made It a Point to Have a Grand Selection Ready at Popular Prices!
Chairs . . .
$29.95
• Sheraton Channel-Back Chairs
• Comfortable Cogswell Lounge Chairs
• Queen Anne Barrel Chairs
For your own home . . . for gifts . . . here are deep, roomy, spring-construction chairs to give long-lasting comfort! So many attractive coverings . . . so many colors and patterns you're sure to find the right one for your preference.
Budget Terms (Plus Small Carrying Charge). Deliveries on Our Regular Truck Routes Only.

For Your Convenience
If the article or service you need is not found in this issue call
PENnypacker 9196
Hours 9 to 12 daily
and information will gladly be given regarding local and general advertisers in this paper.
The Christian Science Monitor
2618 Lewis Tower 15th and Locust Sts.
Philadelphia, Pa.

Hahne & Co.
Newark and Montclair, N. J.

• Printing
• Stationery
• Office Supplies
LAZARUS
PRINTING CO.
54 Clinton Street
Newark, New Jersey
for prompter Service
CALL MArket 3-3399

5-HOUR SERVICE
DRY CLEANING
When brought in before 10 a. m. at 62 Lock St., Newark Plant
THE ORIGINAL
S. FELDMAN & SONS EST. 1905
Newark, So. Orange, East Orange
20% Cash and Carry SAVINGS

NEWARK, N. J.
CLINTON
OFFICE SUPPLY CO.
OFFICE FURNITURE
Printing, Filing Supplies, Greeting Cards, Law Blanks
14 Clinton Street
MARKET 3-4778-9

Swanson & Stehli
Electrical Contractors
Victor, Decca and Columbia Records
GIFTS for All Occasions
Everything in electrical appliances and supplies
710 Springfield Avenue
Tel. Es. 3-5575 NEWARK, N. J.

Back the Attack
with
MORE War Bonds

Supplies Soon To Pour Into Antwerp Port

By William H. Stringer
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

SUPREME HEADQUARTERS, Allied Expeditionary Force, Nov. 1—The drive which will make the tremendous port of Antwerp, with its 30 miles of docks and piers available for supplying the Allied armies, is nearing a hard-fought completion.

Considering the canal-strewn marshy terrain and the persistent rains, the many-faceted campaign has been extremely well-handled by Gen. Sir Bernard Montgomery.

Once Walcheren Island and the remainder of the Beneland Peninsula have been cleared up, Liberty Ships can begin unloading at the Antwerp docks. With railroad links running from Cherbourg, Marsellies, and minor French ports to American and British battlefronts being steadily improved, the all-important communications picture is really beginning to brighten.

Strategy Outlined

The strategy which is pushing the Wehrmacht out of artillery range from Antwerp and its approaches, has been cleverly conceived. While the British push toward Venlo in Holland was sucking German reserves around the Nijmegen salient and the Allies' eastern flank, two mild attacks were launched toward 'sHertogenbosch, the second push was launched on the Tilburg-Breda area, another struck for Bergen op Zoom, and the Canadians pushed down the Beveland neck and made a sea-borne landing on the peninsula. Meanwhile, the Second Air Force of the RAF pounded gun positions, wrecked barges, and cut enemy communications.

Strong Force Strikes

The result today is that the whole German line is reeling northward beyond captured Breda and Bergen op Zoom, while the Beveland defenses are disintegrated and the stubborn Scheldt pocket west of Breskens is nearing the vanishing point.

The reconnaissance-blind Germans did not know until the last minute that a strong American force had been sent northward to add power to the Canadians' push toward Breda. Now the enemy has launched a shrewd counterattack west of Venlo seeking to divert Allied strength. But the thrust is believed to be containable.

When the final important action smashes the last German batteries on the island of Walcheren, it doesn't mean Antwerp is usable the following day. Antwerp will be a vital factor in solving the Allied supply problems.

Meanwhile, the rail lines between the French ports and battlefront are improving slowly but surely, which is fortunate since the famous Redball Truck Route won't make quite such fast time under winter conditions. The railheads are being moved nearer to the battlelines and American locomotives are chugging toward the front in greater numbers.

Great Belgian Port Now Usable by Allies

E. M. Newman from Wide World

Germans Cleared From Approaches to Antwerp

This panoramic view shows the great Belgian port which soon will become a point of ingress for Allied supplies as a result of the smashing British victory in the Maas River area of the Netherlands.

Spain Faces Rising Protest Of International Criticism

Continued from Page 1

across the Pyrenees, established in co-operation with Spanish smugglers, considerably helped the Allied cause. General Franco's, Vichy France's and Portuguese police, together with units of the German Gestapo, combined to destroy much of this activity. But the majority of the frontier population was politically communistic and helped the Underground movement. It was often said "Rojo" or "Red" was sufficient as a password.

Since the fall of France, there has been a strong feeling among Spanish republicans in the south of France that Allied liberation of France should be quickly followed up by elimination of Franco fascism. Radio Toulouse, for example, radiocast in the early days of October: "We will yet see the red flag on the Escorial."

The role of the de Gaulle Government in France, under these conditions, has not been simple. Reports persist that Paris is clearing the way for diplomatic recognition of General Franco. Although General de Gaulle's statements on recognition remain subject to interpretation, some responsible French circles deny that recognition of General Franco is planned.

It is clear that other countries, notably the Soviet Union, consider Franco Spain as a definite hindrance to European co-operation. Russia's recent refusal to attend the international air conference at Chicago is due to its disinclination to co-operate even in civil aviation with Spain. And Russia seems determined to exert all moral pressure so as to give Spain a Fascist-free government. On this issue Russia is uncompromising.

Britain's Attitude Strange

Britain's attitude toward Franco Spain has been rather strange. Undoubtedly, the majority of the British people have little use for the Franco regime and see little consistency between British advocacy of democracy and General Franco's Fascist tyranny.

Simultaneously, however, they would prefer that the Spanish people should carry out a revolution themselves, though after German and Italian decisive interference in the earlier Spanish civil war Britishers doubt whether noninterference is either feasible or possible.

Prime Minister Winston Churchill's kind words to Spain in his parliamentary statement on foreign policy last May have many Britishers perplexed except as evidence of appreciation for Spain's nonbelligerency during the critical war years—though most people here attributed General Franco's attitude to Spanish poverty, which would have led to new civil strife had Spain dared enter the European war at that time.

Osmena Puts Guerrilla Units In Regular Filipino Army

Continued from Page 1

pinned down against the mountains which flank the western and central region of the Leyte Valley.

Juncture With Cavalry

Elements of the 4th Division which established beachheads at Dulag have now cut inland, and to the north, moving up along on the left of the Leyte Valley to a point about six miles south of the Carigara Gulf on the northern coast of Leyte.

At Carigara town they will make juncture with the 1st Cavalry which drove inland from Tacloban. There are plentiful enemy strongholds along this route west of Jara, which is about 15 miles south of Carigara and in the foothills of the mountains.

After the failure of heavy Japanese counterattacks, the Americans then drove further north, thus barring the escape of Japanese in any direction except that over the mountain.

Prospects for the Japanese who are attempting to follow the trail through the mountains and thence to the town of Ormoc on the west side of Leyte, facing Cebu, are grim.

New Trails Needed

They must cut new trails across the forest ridges. These are so rugged that even pack animals are unable to make crossings. Furthermore the Japanese will be unable to procure food at any point in this area.

Those Japanese who do manage to make the crossing will then be pinned down by the guerrilla forces who are operating somewhere on the other side of the mountain.

All other roads which might be used by the retreating elements of the Japanese 16th Imperial Division are either controlled or neatly blocked by the Guerrillas.

There has been considerable enemy barge traffic at night. Patrol boats operating in waters between Cebu and Leyte have picked up many of these barges, while guerrillas on the shore are harassing all movements of enemy troops.

One of the more colorful branches of the guerrilla forces is the volunteer bands of civilians who, armed only with long curved knives, have killed or disarmed many Japanese. A group of these volunteer bands trooped yesterday into the office of guerrilla leader, Col. Roberto Kangelon, to turn over rifles and ammunition they had captured.

They were a grizzly, ragged band ranging from boys of 12 to gray-haired men of 70. Some had pants and shirts made from burlap bags. Others wore captured Japanese field uniforms, stripped of identification. They looked more like bedraggled bandits and ruffians than one of the mainstays of Philippine patriotism.

Guerrillas file in daily with fresh loads of captured Japanese rifles and thousands of rounds of ammunition, placing them on Colonel Kangelon's desk.

Air Raids Slacken

Meanwhile enemy air raids have slackened off considerably over the Leyte area. Just before dusk recently three Japanese light bombers attempted to sneak in behind a returning formation of American fighters less than a few hundred feet overhead of the gaping townspeople.

The fighters shot down one enemy plane and chased off the others.

There are frequent harassing raids. They force the town's civilian population to abandon bedrooms in favor of grass pallets on the ground floor nearer the air-raid shelters.

A few enemy planes sneaking through the fighter blockade during daylight have forced postponement of school opening. They keep many civilians off the streets, which actually is help to movement of the vast quantities of supplies.

Religious Groups Convene in Soviet To Form Alliance

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—The Rev. W. O. Lewis, General Secretary of the Baptist World Alliance, said today he had been advised that a conference of Baptists and Evangelical Christians had been convened in Moscow to unite an estimated 1,000,000 Russian communicants of these two churches.

Asserting that "this would seem to indicate a larger degree of liberty for the Baptists of Russia, the Rev. Mr. Lewis said he had sent greetings to the conference, expressing the hope that members of the Russian Baptist congregation might visit this country some time in the future.

He made public this radiogram from Moscow:

"Conference of Evangelical Christians and Baptists gathered in Moscow in order to settle a historical question in the life of Evangelical Christians and Russian Baptists, namely, to unite two unions, fervently greet you and all Baptist world alliance."

The communication was signed by the "Presidium: M. Orloff, M. Goliajeff, J. Jidkoff, A. Kareff, Nicolai Levendanto."

Spar Officer Program To Be Completed Dec. 5

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—Commissioning of a class of 68 officer candidates at New London, Conn., today and of 41 at Palm Beach, Fla., Dec. 5 will complete the women's officer training program of the United States Coast Guard.

The Coast Guard, announcing this today, said that the number of Spar officers after the Palm Beach class is commissioned will total 921.

Spanish Guerrillas Answer Call For Revolt to Unseat Franco

PARIS, Nov. 1 (AP)—Republican guerrillas now hold the Aran Valley in northern Spain near the French border and throughout Spain hundreds of Republican Maquis cells are forming in answer to a call for national insurrection, Spanish exiles of divergent political views declared here today.

Frontier reports to Republican groups in France said the guerrillas were holding the valley despite Madrid's claims that Republican resistance to regular army forces had been mopped up in that area. They said also that Gen. Francisco Franco's troops in border towns had shot "a great number" and captured and imprisoned other Republican leaders.

Exiles affiliated with the "Union Nacional Española," a federation of anti-Franco emigrés of various parties, declared a Republican "junta suprema" which is directing resistance to Franco's regime throughout Spain from secret headquarters in Madrid, had issued a call for a general uprising to unseat Franco, precipitating numerous clashes.

Nearly all of Extramadura Province is in the hands of the guerrillas, according to two Spaniards, recently arrived here, who said that they slipped across the border bearing what they described as "the first communiqué" from the guerrilla "high command."

Spanish Maquis operating from bases high in the Iberian mountain wildernesses, seized the towns of Sierra Moreana, Sierra Deronda, and Hueova, the guerrilla spokesmen claimed, adding that in the Provinces of Santander, Léon, and Asturias bands of Spanish Maquis were holding at bay "a veritable army" composed of Spanish Regulars, the Guardia Civil, and Falangistas.

They said the Maquis had raided Army barracks and convoys, seizing quantities of arms and munitions and that some of the Franco guards had deserted to the Republicans.

German North Sea Garrisons: Delay 'Dividends' Worth Cost?

By Lieut. Gen. Sir Douglas Brownrigg
Former Adjutant General to the British Field Forces
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON, Nov. 1 — German garrisons in Channel and North Sea ports have paid Hitler good dividends in the delay they have caused to the Allied offensive in Holland and against the Siegfried Line. But the dividends haven't been quite as big as some pessimists have suggested.

The Germans could have caused about three weeks' delay in the use of any port through damaging harbor installations and then withdrawing. By sacrificing their garrisons, the Germans have not succeeded in causing any excess delay. In other words, where the Allies have captured any port in less than three weeks, the sacrifice of the garrisons has been wasted.

It will take a good deal of calculation by mathematicians after the war to decide how many of the 100,000 Germans killed and captured in the garrisons really can be reckoned as a credit on Hitler's side of the balance sheet.

Garrison Value

There are other sacrifices in prospect, and we should do well to make an assessment of dividends they in their turn will pay into the Führer's banking account. I refer to the garrisons of Norway and Finland.

In Norway, there still are 11 German divisions which would be of immense value now in Holland or in Siegfried defenses. Omitting the question as to whether the Germans still could provide shipping for their repatriation, Why are they left in Norway?

The answer is that by the invasion of France, Belgium, Germans have lost every submarine base south of Kiel; and they now have to rely on Norwegian ports as bases of any revived submarine campaign against Allied shipping in the Atlantic and the North Sea.

Nazis Need Norway Bases

They are compelled, therefore, to remain in occupation of Norway [at least all that portion south of Trondheim] unless they are to give up any hope of re-establishing a threat to Allied sea communications. They cannot afford to reduce the garrison any lower, because the Allies are always capable of making another assault on Norway—this time when the balance of strength between combatants has shifted greatly in Allied favor—particularly in the air.

So much for Norway. What about Finland? Hitler has not dared to withdraw his Finnish garrison any earlier, because such a step would have resulted in an immediate capitulation of the Finns to the Russians.

Eventually, even the presence of Col. Gen. Lothar Rendulic and seven German divisions wasn't enough to keep the Finns in the fight. One of the conditions of the armistice with Rusisa was that the German garrison was to leave within a fortnight. When it did leave, it was followed by the Red Army, which has now occupied Petsamo and Kirkenes.

Germans Cut Off

General Rendulic is now cut off from the Gulf of Bothnia. This is probably not such a tragedy as it might at first sight appear to be, because it is most improbable the Germans could supply the necessary shipping to embark seven divisions—and even if they could, convoys would have to run a gantlet of Russian ships and aircraft based on islands west of Helsinki.

General Rendulic still has an arctic road to Narvik open to him, but this is a country without railways. The best General Rendulic can hope to do is to delay the Russian advance and eventually get a portion of his force back to join the German garrison in southern Norway, while the rest attempt to go south from Narvik by sea—an exceedingly risky route, as constant attacks on German shipping along the Norwegian coast make only too obvious.

In short, the German garrison in Finland has ceased to pay; and that in Norway is kept there to meet the cost of blackmail.

Turkey Is Shown As British Asset

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—Turkey's nice balance between caution and boldness in 1941 may have prevented Germany from occupying the Dardanelles, the Foreign Policy Association said Oct. 29.

Dr. John Kingsley Birge, surveying Turkey's inter-war years for the Association, conceded that critics may say Turkey has not met its 1939 commitments by extending full military aid to Great Britain, but added:

"Had it done so in 1941 when Germany invaded Greece, it seems inevitable that the Germans would have promptly occupied the Straits of the Dardanelles and perhaps opened a passage for their troops through Asia Minor to Syria.

"Because Turkey used its diplomatic skill rather than its necessarily ineffective offensive military power, Britain's flank on the Mediterranean remained protected and Germany, instead, proceeded to attack Russia."

Campaign Emphasized

LONDON, Nov. 1 (AP)—With the American presidential campaign nearing its climax, British newspapers are devoting an increasing amount of space to it.

Treadeasy Shoes ★
FIRST FOR FALL
GAIL

Because it is FIRST in fashion and FIRST in comfort, this Black Crushed Kid step-in with Patent trim should be your FIRST CHOICE for Fall. Sizes 2½ to 10. Widths AAAA to C.
WEINER'S
108 Halsey Street, Newark, N. J.

Save Fuel!—Let Bamberger's Insulate Your Home
Save as much as 40% of your normal fuel supply. We will blanket your home from roof to basement with U. S. Gypsum "Fiberglas" wool, to keep it warm in winter, cool in summer. It lasts as long as the building lasts. Estimates made without obligation. Installations made in Essex, Hudson, Union, Morris, Bergen and Passaic counties. Heat Conservation Center, 7th Floor
L. BAMBERGER & CO.
ONE OF AMERICA'S GREAT STORES
NEWARK 1, N. J.

WISS
Wiss quality
$100. SOLITAIRES

Diamonds selected by our Certified Gemologists for their fine color and rich brilliance.
Mounted in the newest and loveliest Wiss rings with and without side diamonds.
Convenient Divided Payments
665 BROAD ST. Wiss FOUNDED 1848 22 W. PARK ST.
NEWARK 2, N. J.
Mail Orders Filled

FREDERICK'S
Importer
Glamour Gifts
For All the Ages
495 Bloomfield Avenue
Montclair, N. J.

Kenwood Blankets
100% Virgin Wool
6 ft. x 7 ft.
Peach—Blue—Rose—Green
Fluffy—Warm—Light
$14.95
Louis Harris
Montclair's Dept. Store

A FUEL SERVICE
Efficient and Friendly
JOHN BLONDEL AND SON FUEL
SUPERIOR ANTHRACITE COAL
Fuel Oils—Coke
98 Glenridge Ave., Montclair, N. J.
Telephone 2-8710

ASPHALT—ASBESTOS
ROOFING and SIDEWALLS
INSULATION
(Budget Plan)
HYDREX WATERPROOF BUILDING PAPERS
Hydrex Felt & Asphalt Products Co.
218 STUYVESANT AVENUE
LYNDHURST, NEW JERSEY
RUTHERFORD 2-3505

AUTOMOBILES
Should the use of your car be limited, we suggest you consider the advisability of disposing of same.
We Buy and Sell Cars
Your car will benefit some war worker and will enable you to Invest in more War Bonds
G. W. TISDALE, Inc.
494 Main Street
East Orange Near Ormont Theatre
EST. 1922

School FOOTWEAR

Saddle-mate
Rugged Types for Style, Service and Comfort, Including
SADDLES—STROLLERS—JIVES
4.95 to 6.50
HARRISON BROTHERS
EAST ORANGE MONTCLAIR
NEW JERSEY

Creator of Individual Millinery
Hats Ready and Custom Made
Silver
11 N. Harrison St., East Orange, N. J.

Helen Michel
531 Main St., East Orange, N. J.
Stunning

$69.95 (non taxable)
This tuxedo front coat with blended gray South American Lamb. Russian influence in the shoulder detail. Attached scarf at the throat 100% wool.

VARIETY
• wartime shopping is easier when you can choose from over 2,000 quality foods.
KINGS
12 Great Markets in North Jersey
• FEATURING •
the greatest variety of foods in the state

You will find complete banking and safe deposit facilities at our offices in six centers of the Oranges.
SAVINGS INVESTMENT & TRUST CO.
EAST ORANGE ORANGE SOUTH ORANGE
NEW JERSEY
Member Federal Reserve System
Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

Thermometers
Barometers
Magnifiers, etc.
H. C. Deuchler
541 Main Street, East Orange, N. J. Telephone Orange 3-1008
344 Springfield Avenue, Summit, N. J. Telephone Summit 6-3848

INSULATION
in your home now insures winter comfort, saves fuel
Consultant
O. A. Griffith
617a Central Ave. Or. 3-1840

The Choicest Selection of
CHRISTMAS CARDS
Now on Display
THIS WEEK'S FEATURE
18 Beautiful Etched Cards in Gift Box 39c Box
T. A. LYNN CO.
804 Clinton Avenue Newark 8, N. J.
384 Main Street East Orange, N. J.

Winter Vacation Clothes
Beautiful Christmas Gifts
Hand-made Gloves
Mabel French
25 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J.
Open Wednesday Evenings

EAST ORANGE, N. J.
Your Favorite
SYMPHONY — OPERA
on
VICTOR — COLUMBIA
RECORDS
at
M. B. ROSS, Inc.
621 Central Ave. (at Harrison St.)
OPEN EVENINGS OR. 3-8300
Over 10,000 records in stock

... with an eye to CHRISTMAS
MUIR'S Department Store
EAST ORANGE

A BOOK makes a LASTING GIFT
A CARD makes a LASTING MEMORY
Post's
POST'S
622 Central Ave., East Orange, N. J.

Dresses for the Discriminating Woman
Helene Camwell
536 Williams Street
East Orange, N. J. Or. 2-3144

The Corset Shop
558 Main St., East Orange, N. J.
Your Shop for All Your Corset Problems

Republican Nominee Outlines Eight-Point Program for Government and Business in Postwar Period

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 1 (AP)—The text of Gov. Thomas E. Dewey's speech on postwar employment, delivered here last night, follows:

Tonight I want to ask you to look ahead into our future as a nation. Join me in looking at what our country will face the day after victory over our enemies.

But first, let me give you right now two solemn assurances prompted by the speeches of my opponent last Friday and Saturday.

Your next President will never use his office to claim personal or political profit from the achievements of the American people or from the sacrifices of their sons and daughters.

Your next President will never make you a promise that he does not intend with all his heart and soul to keep.

And let me add that except for the pledges I have made publicly to the American people, your next President will take office next Jan. 20 without a promise, express or implied, to a living soul.

Government Not For Sale

There is no One Thousand Club in my Party. I have not offered the Government of the United States for sale at $1,000 to any man and I never will to any one at any price. Your next administration will take office honestly, without secret promises of special privilege to any class, group or section. We shall represent all the American people equally—we shall restore honesty and good faith to the Government of the United States on Jan. 20, 1945.

Now put your minds ahead with me, if you will, into these peacetime years which, by the courage of our fighting men and with the help of Almighty God, are being brought closer every day.

Eleven million men and women will be coming home from this war eager for more education, for jobs, for a chance to start a business and to get ahead. Twenty million war workers will want peacetime jobs and opportunity.

Last Saturday night my opponent once again promised jobs for every American when peacetimes come. But his own peacetime record is that at the end of eight years, the New Deal had spent $58,000,000,000; it enjoyed more power than all previous governments; and in March of 1940, there were still 10,000,000 Americans unemployed. On the record, his promise of jobs is worthless. It will still be worthless, even though it is repeated again and again and again.

Having discovered from my Philadelphia speech, delivered two months ago, the need for 1,000,000 new homes a year, my opponent now promises that. The fact is that for years we should have been building 1,000,000 homes a year to get back up to the standards of 1930. But under Mr. Roosevelt, we got an average of only 380,000 homes a year.

On the record then, that promise, too, is no good, even though it is repeated again and again and again.

My opponent now promises to free the American working man from the strangling bureaucracy he himself has created. When a man promises, in trying to win an election, that he will reverse the course of everything he has done for 12 years—then that promise, too, on the record, is no good, even though it is repeated again and again.

My opponent promises the farmers good prices after the war. But the farmer knows that in all peacetime years of the New Deal he never got decent prices. Under Mr. Roosevelt, it took a war to get prices, just as it took a war to get jobs. On the record that promise, too, is worthless, even though it is repeated again and again and again.

Outlook for Business

My opponent promises to be mindful of the problems of small business. The small businessmen of America will know how much faith they can put in that and I should like to talk briefly about the future of small business. This is the field in which a large part of our white-collar workers earn their living. This is the field of the forgotten men and women under the New Deal.

Now, American businessmen know that the New Deal way of being mindful of their problems has been slowly to drown them with a rising flood of rules and regulations, questionnaires, reports, and directives.

It's been bad enough for large business, but the big corporation at least has its lawyers, its accountants, clerks, and statisticians. When it comes to small businessmen, this New-Deal burden of Government paper-work has too often meant the difference between success or failure. Take the case of Capt. J. F. Shields, of Seattle, who is in the salt codfish business. For 33 years his boats have gone out—until last year, when the War Labor Board failed even to pass on his wage contracts. So last year, he couldn't go fishing at all.

Deals With Many Agencies

He reports that this year he finally got clearance, after going through 24 different Government agencies in order to carry on his small business. In addition to the Navy Department, Interior Department, Commerce Department, Treasury Department, Immigration Service, and the Maritime Commission, a partial list of the agencies he had to deal with includes WLB, WMC, OPA, WSA, FBC, USES, WPB, ODT, SS, WFA, and others.

Here is another sample of what our small businessmen have had to contend with. The world trembles in the greatest war of the ages and bureaucracy puts out the following ruling:

"Mashed potatoes offered a la carte for weekday lunches would be in the same class of food items as potatoes au gratin offered a la carte for weekday lunches, but would be in a different class than mashed potatoes offered a la carte for weekday dinners or Sunday suppers. . . ."

Well, that's the New Deal way of being mindful of the problems of small business. It's the same from restaurants to beauty parlors, from electrical shops to the insurance business. And that's why its time for a change—before it's too late.

Yes, the New Deal pretends at election time to be the friend of small business. But how has small business actually fared under the New Deal?

Cites Record

The record shows that in 1942 and 1943, the most prosperous years we have under the New Deal—because of war—there was a net decline of 500,000 in the number of American small business concerns, a net figure of 500,000 small businesses closed their doors.

And yet my opponent has the temerity to go on the radio and say: "This Administration has been mindful from its earliest days, and will continue to be mindful, of the problems of small business. . . ."

In the light of the record, that promise, too, is worthless and it will remain so, even though it is repeated again and again and again. My opponent has read our platform and is now saying, "me too." Even the New Deal knows it's time for a change.

No, we cannot live on promises. We must have performance this time—before it's too late. As we keep our minds on these peacetime years ahead, let us remember one thing: My opponent has offered no program for the peacetime years ahead except the same one which failed for eight straight years of peace from 1933 to 1940.

Debt Piled Up

And let me add that the figures showing that failure have been correctly quoted by me from the beginning to the end of this campaign. My opponent has insinuated that they were not correct but he has never dared point to one he disagreed with. Instead, he says with a sneer that when he was Governor of New York he quoted figures correctly. I do not recollect his quoting figures at all when he was Governor of New York and very rarely since then—for one very good reason. In every administration Mr. Roosevelt has headed, he ended up in the red. No country can long survive under any leader who only piles up a higher debt each year, not just in war, but in peace.

Let us, as a nation, re-learn one simple thing. Our peacetime economic system is like a high-powered motor. Every part of it must work or the engine will run badly. If one spark plug goes bad, the engine loses power. If the distributor is out of order or the fuel line gets stopped up or the carburetor goes bad, the whole tremendous power of the machine fails.

Tinkers With Machinery

That's what the New Deal doesn't know and never could learn. It had to tinker first with one thing and then with another. It has changed the tax laws 15 times in 12 years so no man could plan ahead. It fought first one part of our job-making machinery, then another. It was never willing in all its years to let all the parts of this machine function smoothly.

It is a shocking thing that my opponent, after 12 years as President, felt compelled to announce, as news, last Saturday night, that he believes in the enterprise system, yet, in all his campaign speeches, my opponent has not indicated how he will achieve in postwar years what he so tragically failed to achieve in prewar years. Let me summarize, in brief, some essential parts of the program of action I have proposed these last two months for the peacetime-years ahead. Virtually every element of our program is something the New Deal has fought against or neglected, and cannot now, for election purposes, claim to favor.

Program Outlined

Here is the program for these peacetime years ahead:

Proposal No. 1: Direct all Government policies toward the goal of full employment through full production at a high level of wages for the worker with an incentive for the businessman to succeed. Your next administration will work out the problems affecting labor, agriculture and business in full consultation with all three and without discrimination against any class or section of our country or any race, creed or color.

Proposal No. 2: Adopt an entirely new tax structure which will do these things:

1. Change the personal exemption that a man who makes as little as $11 a week no longer has an income tax taken out of his standard of living.

2. Reduce personal income tax rates so that the tax law, after credit for dependents, will no longer take at least 23 cents out of ever taxable dollar in the pay envelope.

3. Change and lower the income tax on business so that it can be encouraged to expand and help create the millions of jobs we need.

4. Overhaul the whole tax structure so that it is simple, so that everyone can understand it and then stick to it over a period of years so everybody knows he can go ahead and build, and create jobs.

Social Security Plan

Proposal No. 3: Make our social security system available to every American and not to a selected part of our people. For nine long years, the New Deal has kept 20,000,000 Americans out of our old-age pension system. The right to old-age benefits has become a fundamental of our society. We can and must extend the system of old-age benefits and social security to all our people and build a society strong enough to support it.

Proposal No. 4: Establish a definite and secure floor under farm prices by the means outlined in my speech last Saturday, together with the other elements of that program and free the American farmer from dictation by Washington.

Proposal No. 5: Restore free collective bargaining in America. Sprawling Government agencies have now established an iron rule over the wages, hours, and chance to get a job, of every American worker. We shall establish the Fair Employment Practices Committee as a permanent agency will full legal authority. We will merge the balance of these agencies in a strong and competent Department of Labor under the leadership of a man from the ranks of labor.

Abolish Reports

Proposal No. 6: Survey forthwith the millions of reports required of big and little business every year by government and immediately abolish the greater part of them. We have done it in New York and we can do it in the nation.

Proposal No. 7: Bring a competent staff of prosecutors into the Department of Justice so that we can bring an end to business monopoly in this country instead of just talking about it.

Proposal No. 8: Establish an entirely new basis between the President and the Congress so that once again each shall have respect for the other and be willing to work together again.

Dangerous Threat

My opponent has continually criticized and attempted to purge the members of the Houses of Congress elected by the people. He has so abused and insulted the Congress that his own Senate leader rebelled just this year and denounced the words of a veto message by my opponent as "more clever than honest" and as "a calculated and deliberate assault on the legislative integrity of every member of Congress." That declaration was cheered to the rafters by the Senators and the members of the House swarmed into the Senate to congratulate the Speaker.

That is what three terms of unlimited power does to a man. That is why four terms, or 16 years, is the most dangerous threat to our freedom ever proposed. That is one reason why I believe that two terms must be established as the limit by Constitutional amendment.

We have seen that a New Deal Congress no longer trusts or accepts leadership from my opponent. It is generally agreed that the House and probably the Senate will be Republican next year. So, already Mr. Roosevelt has undertaken to insult the new leadership. In his speech of last Friday night he accused the men who will be the new leaders of placing political advantage above devotion to country, just because they publicly pledged themselves to a program for lasting peace. We must not have—we cannot have four years more of stalemate and hostility between the President and the Congress.

We must restore to the White House a willingness to work out problems with the Congress as equals, in the American fashion over the conference table. We must bring an end to government by abuse and smear.

Lastly, I propose that, with an end to name calling, and with unselfish devotion, we unite as a people behind the cause of a just and a lasting peace through an international organization, with the strength to prevent future wars.

Urges Co-operation

By these specific means and with a Government made up of the ablest men and women in this country, we can restore honesty to our Government and we can once again unite to secure the future which is our birthright.

Let us again make "getting ahead" a vital part of our American speech and thought. For years the New Dealers have sneered at the old American idea of "getting ahead." Let us make sure that our children can again believe that there is room for everyone to get ahead. Let us nail that principle to our masthead as we set out on a sure course for the future.

Let us determine that the end of this war will bring our young men and women home to the kind of America they have earned. With high purpose, with integrity and relying upon the guidance of the God of all of us, we can save freedom in America and go forward once again.

Dewey Cites G. O. P. Pledges

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 1 (AP)—Here, in brief, is what Gov. Thomas E. Dewey said the Republicans would do if they were victorious, as outlined last night in his campaign speech as Republican presidential nominee:

1. "Direct all Government policies toward the goal of full employment through full production at a high level of wages. . . ."
2. "Adopt an entirely new tax structure" designed primarily to "create jobs."
3. "Make our social-security system available to every American. . . ."
4. "Establish a definite and secure floor under farm prices. . . ."
5. "Restore free collective bargaining in America."
6. "Abolish the greater part" of Government reports required from big and little business.
7. "Bring an end to business monopoly" through the acquisition of "a competent staff of prosecutors" in the Department of Justice.
8. "Establish an entirely new basis between the President and Congress. . . ."

IN HARRISBURG

When So Many People Just Naturally Associate the Name

Feller's

With Quality and Value in

Furs

THERE MUST BE A REASON

HARRISBURG, PA.

6th WAR LOAN

our employees are selling Bonds to back, and bring back, the Yankees they know— buy one today to bring back a soldier you know!

Bowman's

WOODLAWN HOMOGENIZED MILK

It's Great

WOODLAWN FARM DAIRY

Scranton—Pittston—Wilkes-Barre

CHRISTMAS GIFTS OF JEWELRY

(A LAST GIFT)

FROM THE OLDEST AND LARGEST JEWELRY STORE

JOHN M. ROBERTS & SON CO.

WOOD STREET AT DIAMOND

PITTSBURGH

Diamonds—Watches—Jewelry—Silver

Rosenbaum Company

Pittsburgh's Christmas Store for 77 Years.

The Shortest Days of the Year Until Christmas

From now on darkness sets in earlier—rain and snow clog traffic—parking lots are filled—sidewalks and store aisles become crowded—elevators are full, escalators seem to crawl—salespeople are busier—it's harder to get about, takes longer to be served—assortments are picked over, things begin to run out—everything moves more slowly as everyone tries to speed up. The Post Office asks that you buy now and mail in November. The Railway Express requests you to shop early and express before December 1st.

So, Start Your Christmas Shopping Now

In any morning now you can accomplish more than in a whole day in December. Every department in Rosenbaum's has good assortments right now, the best that wartime conditions permit, from which to make selections.

And please remember:—

A Rosenbaum Charge Account is a great time-saver.
Extended Payment Plan at your convenience.
Budget Books in amounts of 15.00 and 25.00 save time and make shopping easier.

There's Cream in Every Drop

OTTO'S Homogenized VITAMIN D MILK

Otto's Suburban Dairy, Inc.

Linden 6444

Serving

North Boro's — North Side
South Hills—Crafton—Ingram
Sheridan—Sewickley

If the Article or Service you are seeking is not in this issue call

ATlantic 9418

Hours 9 a. m. to 12 noon daily except Saturday and Sunday

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU PITTSBURGH, PA.

DRESSES SUITS COATS MILLINERY

"We recognize the importance of a well-groomed appearance."

OWENS SPECIALTY SHOP

538 Lincoln Ave. Tel. Li. 7702
Bellevue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

F. C. HINKEL & BRO. INCORPORATED

Flowers

Fresh from the Greenhouses

Plants · Cut Flowers

Member of F. T. D. A.

Phone Wellington 2100

Greenhouses: East Bellevue Road R. D. No. 7, Bellevue, Pa.

Downtown Displays 92 Allegheny Market Fairfax 8020

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THOROFARE

• STREAMLINED MARKETS •

Libby's

STRAINED AND HOMOGENIZED VEGETABLES

BABY FOODS

3 cans 20

"JUNKET" RENNET POWDER pkg. 8

FOR MAKING RENNET CUSTARDS

PITTSBURGH, PA.

this year CHRISTMAS (shopping) comes before Thanksgiving

Remember the days when the family sat around on Thanksgiving afternoon, comfortably full of turkey and "fixin's," making out Christmas lists? You did your Chr istmas shopping the next day, feeling a trifle smug because you were so early.

those days are "gone but not forgotten"

This year, when you and your family sit down in homey comfort, the roseate glow of being well-fed will be enhanced by that of having finished with Christmas shopping.

Last year, you took our "shop early" suggestions like Christmas lambs. Once more, delivery restrictions, personnel limitations, postal requirements, all make such understanding co-operation more important than ever.

Early holiday preparations mean longer holiday enjoyment for you and your family, in addition to expediting service on the part of Boggs & Buhl and the Post Office Department.

Every department in Boggs & Buhl is brimful of things destined to delight if found in a Christmas package. Patriotic customers are those who buy early, carry their purchases home, package them early, and mail them with an eye on their postal p's and q's.

The U. S. Post Office Department requests that Christmas Packages be securely wrapped, plainly addressed (including zone numbers) and should carry the name and address of sender. All Christmas mail is to be sent early this year.

Boggs & Buhl

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Open Monday, Friday and Saturday Nights Until 9

Phone: EA 2600

Lehman Group to Study Polish Relief Needs

By Mary Hornaday
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1—John P. Gregg, former War Production Board official and relief worker after World War I, has been named by Herbert H. Lehman, Director of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration, to head a delegation of technical experts to survey relief needs of Liberated Poland.

The delegation of technical experts will form the nucleus of an UNRRA Operating Mission in Poland after the way is cleared to get supplies into the country either through Russia or by some other route. UNRRA plans for operating in Poland have been delayed by Russia's desire to get political questions relating to Poland straightened out first.

A limited amount of private relief goods collected by the American-Polish Labor Council in this country is about to be shipped to Poland through Russian War Relief.

At Polish Behest

Announcing Mr. Gregg's appointment, Mr. Lehman said, the proposed relief operations for Poland "are being undertaken in accordance with the desires of the Polish Government in London and the Polish Committee of National Liberation in Lublin."

Reports given the UNRRA Council at its first meeting in Atlantic City indicated that complete breakdown of transportation in Poland, and the lack of relief supplies, might give UNRRA one of its biggest jobs in Europe.

Mr. Gregg will leave Washington about the time Mr. Lehman goes to London to be nearer the scene of UNRRA operations.

First UNRRA workers to take up active operations in a liberated nation are now on the field in Greece, co-operating with the Allied Military Governors.

According to plans made in Washington, UNRRA was to have taken over direction of relief work in Greece, Yugoslavia and Albania without waiting for the usual six months of army rule, but the scarcity of clothing and other supplies has caused these plans to be modified.

Balked in the Balkans

After filling the armies' requests, the American-British combined boards in Washington have been unable to meet Mr. Lehman's requests for the Balkans. As a result, UNRRA has furnished welfare workers and other trained personnel to advise in the distribution of military supplies.

UNRRA operations in the Balkans have been further gnarled by Marshal Josip Tito's refusal to honor an agreement made with the Allied Military Command when it was supposed it would be in charge of the liberation of Yugoslavia. UNRRA agents are now negotiating with representatives of the Tito Government to work out an agreement as to UNRRA's exact jurisdiction. A measure of international control over use of UNRRA funds is required under the Atlantic City Charter.

UNRRA officials here predict that Mr. Lehman will spend most of his time in London henceforth to be closer to the scene of European operations. He had planned to go to Moscow to confer on Russia's needs and the Polish problem, but canceled that trip after an invitation from the Russians was withdrawn.

Stassen Supporters Repudiate Ball Views

SAINT PAUL, Minn., Nov. 1 (AP)—Gov. Edward J. Thye of Minnesota and 10 other men and women who spearheaded the campaign to obtain for Commander Harold E. Stassen the Republican presidential nomination Oct. 31 declared that Senator Joseph H. Ball (R) of Minnesota "does not now speak for this committee or for any of Mr. Stassen's friends." Senator Ball recently declared he would support President Roosevelt's candidacy for re-election because the President's declaration of foreign policy more nearly paralleled his own views.

The group said that "we have urged and are urging the supporters and friends of Harold Stassen everywhere to spare no effort to elect Governor (Thomas E.) Dewey and Governor (John) Bricker on Nov. 7." Commander Stassen, who left the Governorship of Minnesota to enter active service with the Navy, is Flag Secretary to Admiral William F. Halsey.

Early Mass Output Of 'Jets' Announced

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 1—Allison is preparing to begin quantity production of jet-propulsion units for the United States Army Air Forces, it was announced by E. B. Newill, General Manager of Allison Division, General Motors Corporation.

This new production assignment will be in addition to present production and delivery schedules on Allison liquid-cooled V-1710 aircraft engines, of which more than 60,000 have been built since the start of the war, he said.

Production of the first units will begin shortly after the first of the year. At the present time, a large number of subcontractors are being engaged and necessary tools and machinery are being purchased for earliest possible delivery. This unit has been approved for production by the Air Technical Service Command Power Section and will be capable of powering United States jet-propelled airplanes at very high speeds.

Fast and Slow Freight

Wide World

Camel Keeps a Date With 'Magic Carpet'

The old and new in freight transportation come together when a camel-load of dates arrives at Los Angeles Airport to be flown to New York in the first daily shipment of fresh dates from Arizona and California on American Airlines transcontinental air-freight route.

Dewey Offers 'Honest' Rule; Hits Rival's 'Broken Pledges'

Continued from Page 1

Mr. Dewey himself considers its "essential parts."

Jobs: All Government policies to be directed toward the goal of full employment through full production at a high level of wages for the worker with an incentive for the businessman to succeed.

Taxes: End income tax for persons earning as little as $11 weekly; reduce income-tax rates so the tax no longer will take 23 cents out of every taxable dollar; lower income tax on business to encourage job expansion; simplify whole tax structure.

Social Security: Make social security system available to every American. "For nine long years the New Deal has kept 20,000,000 Americans out of our old-age pension system. The right to old-age benefits has become a fundamental of our society. We can extend the system of old-age benefits and social security to all our people and build a society strong enough to support it."

Farm Policy: Establish a definite and secure floor under farm prices and "free the American farmer from dictation by Washington."

Labor: Restore free collective bargaining. Establish the Fair Employment Practices Committee as a permanent agency. Put all needed labor agencies under Department of Labor headed by a man from the ranks of labor.

Business: Immediately abolish greater part of "Millions of reports required of big and little business every year by government."

Monopolies: "Bring an end to business monopoly in this country instead of just talking about it."

Peace: "I propose that, with an end to name calling, and with unselfish devotion, we unite as a people behind the cause of a just and a lasting peace through an international organization with the strength to prevent future wars."

Relations with Congress: Establish an entirely new basis between the President and the Congress "so that once again each shall have respect for the other and be willing to work together again."

It is with respect to the relations between the President and Congress that Mr. Dewey makes one of his major arguments against the fourth term.

He describes the state of the relations under Mr. Roosevelt in these words: "My opponent has continually criticized and attempted to purge the members of the houses of Congress elected by the people. He has so abused and insulted Congress that his own Senate leader rebelled just this year and denounced the words of a veto message by my opponent as 'more clever than honest' and as 'a calculated and deliberate assault on the legislative integrity of every member of Congress.'"

Mr. Dewey then draws this lesson: "That this is what three terms of unlimited power do to a man. That is why four terms, or 16 years is the most dangerous threat to our freedom ever proposed. That is one reason why I believe that two terms must be established as the limit by constitutional amendment."

Campaign Notes: Mr. Dewey's audiences are beginning to expect his frequent "punch" lines and to respond to them with increasing zest. In Buffalo last night they responded to these most of all: "On the record, that promise, too, is bogus, even though it is repeated again, and again and again."

The governor imitated his opponent's familiar accent the first time he used this phrase, which he repeated to the cheers of the crowd.

"The New Deal is slowly drowning American businessmen with a rising flood of rules and regulations, questionnaires, reports, and directives." "We cannot live on promises. We must have performance this time—before it's too late." "In every administration Mr. Roosevelt has headed, he ended up in the red."

The Buffalo audience also greeted Mr. Dewey—and his radio listeners—with the theme song of the campaign. They had been well rehearsed by an expert cheer leader before the Governor arrived, and as soon as he was introduced a roaring chant shook the auditorium and was repeated again and again and again: "It's time for a change." "It's time for a change."

Mr. Dewey has either read or heard all of his opponent's campaign speeches. His aides also go out of their way to see that the newspapermen covering the Governor have facilities to listen to Mr. Roosevelt, whether on the train or off.

N. Y. 'Bet' Rule Cited As Bar to War Ballot

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 1 (AP)—A New York State voter "interested" in a bet on an election is disqualified from casting his ballot in the election, State Attorney General N. L. Goldstein said Oct. 31.

In an opinion declaring state war ballots in Federal war ballot envelopes could not be legally counted, Mr. Goldstein said: "Our State Constitution denies the right of suffrage to one who has not been a citizen for 90 days, to one who has become interested in any bet or wager depending upon the result of the election and to one who has been convicted of bribery or of any infamous crime."

Mr. Goldstein declared a state war ballot in the Federal envelope could not be counted because "the voter's oath appearing on the Federal envelope does not comply with the requirements of the State Constitution and laws."

Chiang's Call Led to Action On Stilwell

Continued from Page 1

censorship yesterday cleared stories connecting the two.

Preston Grover, Associated Press correspondent, reported General Hurley and Donald M. Nelson explained to General Chiang that there was much disappointment over the failure of the Central Government to come to an agreement with the Communists in the north so that both they and the Central Government troops now blockading them could be brought against the Japanese in China.

Among the requests were, Mr. Grover reported:

First, that General Chiang should reorganize his Cabinet and eliminate reactionary obstructionists and anti-foreign members.

Second, that an American General be placed in command of Chinese operations not only in Burma but elsewhere in major operations against the Japanese.

Supply Problem Difficult

There had been difficulties—and still are—the President admitted, in supplying China. They are now getting about 20,000 tons a month by air, he reminded correspondents, as compared with 14,000 a few months ago. In modern warfare, however, that is not much, approximately the equivalent of two Liberty ships. Nor was General Stilwell's recall due to disagreements on the use of such Lend-Lease aid, he added. He repeatedly asserted the recall involved just personalities.

Explaining why there was no choice but to acquiesce to the Generalissimo's request, Mr. Roosevelt said that if there was an Englishman in Washington to whom he objected and whose recall he requested, Winston Churchill would have no choice but to withdraw the man.

Communists Active

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—Lin Tzu-han, spokesman for Chinese Communists, has sent a letter to representatives of the Kuomintang (national party) in Chungking calling for dissolution of one-party dictatorship and establishment of a coalition government, the Communists' Yenan Radio said yesterday.

In a radiocast recorded by the FCC, the Communist station reported that Mr. Lin wrote: "A grave crisis exists everywhere—politically, militarily, economically, and culturally," and that he demanded recognition of Communist "organizations behind the enemy lines."

He advocated a national assembly for establishment of the coalition government to "overcome the danger of national disintegration."

Dewey Indorsement Denied by Rogers

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—Robert E. Hannegan, Democratic National Chairman, announced today that former Representative Will Rogers, Jr., now serving as a second lieutenant in the American Army in Holland, sent back word that he was "astounded to hear that my newspaper back in the States printed an editorial indorsing Dewey."

Lieutenant Rogers' newspaper is the Beverly Hills, Calif., Citizen. Mr. Hannegan said the message was sent to him by Mrs. Will Rogers, Jr., from Los Angeles.

Mrs. Rogers' telegram released by Mr. Hannegan said:

"Have just received the following message from my husband Bill Rogers, fighting in the tank destroyers at the Holland front.

"'Will you please wire my friend President Roosevelt that I have just been astounded to hear that my newspaper back in the States printed an editorial indorsing Dewey. This was done absolutely without my knowledge or consent and to attribute any such indorsement to me is utterly fantastic and absurd.'"

Henrietta Crosman

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PELHAM MANOR, N. Y., Nov. 1—Henrietta Foster Crosman, who passed on here yesterday, was a stage and screen actress whose theatrical career began in 1887 and who entered motion pictures in 1930.

Mrs. Crosman was a native of Wheeling, West Va., where her father, Maj. George H. Crosman, commanded an Army post. Her mother was a relative of Stephen Collins Foster, the composer.

At 16 Mrs. Crosman went to Pittsburgh intent on becoming an actress. Through introduction by a relative she played first as Letty Lee in "The White Slave," at the Windsor Theater in New York's Bowery.

Some of her more famous parts were, in "Gloriana," "Mistress Nell," "The Sword of the King," "Sweet Kitty Bellairs," "Roger Mary, Quite Contrary," "All-of-a-Sudden Peggy," "The Duchess of Suds," "Erstwhile Susan," "The Merry Wives of Windsor," "School for Scandal," "Getting Married," and "Trelawney of the Wells."

Cost of Electing President Is Estimated at $50,000,000

By Richard L. Strout
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 — With political interest keen and national income high, expenditures in the election of a new President and Congress in 1944 may run to $50,000,000, it is estimated here.

Four years ago the Gillette Committee reported that expenditures for President and 32 Senate places alone cost $22,740,303, without counting seats of 435 members of the House.

For the 1936 election the Lonergan Committee reported expenditures of $23,973,329 for the presidential and senatorial races, but gave no specific figure for the House. However, it concluded that "if the total cost of the election of 1936" were estimated, "it would indicate a figure relatively double the sum which it has tabulated and presented." In other words, $47,900,000, for the White House and congressional seats.

If to this sum the expenditures for governors, state legislatures, mayors, aldermen, sheriffs, elective judicial positions, wardens and dog catchers of the 48 states are included the sum might be doubled again. Total cash outlay for a national election is large, and only a part of it is revealed by official reports.

Must Make Early Report

Under the Federal Corrupt Practices Act, federal political committees must report their finances two weeks before the national election.

These were submitted Oct. 28 and showed Republicans with something over twice Democratic contributions, the former having received $2,426,321 against the latter's $1,093,178.

The National Citizens Political Action Committee, an off-shoot of the Congress of Industrial Organizations-P. A. C., headed by Sidney Hillman, reported that it had received $271,531, through Oct. 22, and had spent $165,018.

The C. I. O.-P. A. C., also headed by Mr. Hillman, filed a separate report, listing total receipts of $464,155. Outlays were listed at $718,000.

Between Jan. 1 and Oct. 23 Democrats reported they had spent $1,052,589, Republicans $1,668,369.

G. O. P. Led in 1940

Of the $23,000,000 odd reported by the Gillette Committee in 1940, in the Roosevelt-Willkie and senatorial contests for 32 seats, 66 per cent was spent by regular Republican Committees ($14,941,143), 27 per cent by regular Democratic Committees ($6,095,358), and a remaining 7 per cent ($1,703,813) by other bodies and minor parties.

Loose federal regulations theoretically limit the amount of individual corporations and impose other restrictions. These are largely meaningless, however, because they are easily evaded.

Individual contributions are theoretically limited by a ceiling of $5,000 in any one year for any one federal candidate, but generalized contributions of that amount may be made to various national organizations of the same party, and many members of a family may follow the lead of the head of the family. In 1940, for example, 65 members of the du Pont family contributed a total of $186,780 to 25 different bodies working for the Republicans, and Mr. Lammot du Pont alone contributed $40,000 to committees in 11 different states.

High Posthumous Award For Texan Lieutenant

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—The Congressional Medal of Honor has been conferred posthumously on Lieut. Robert G. Cole who personally led his battalion in a bayonet charge which turned a stalemate into an advance.

The action occurred at Carentan on July 11, five days after the landings in Normandy, the War Department said in announcing the award. Lieutenant Cole, a parachute infantryman, was killed in Holland Sept. 18. The medal will be presented to his mother, Mrs. Clara H. Cole, at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

PECK & PECK

You're going to have some polite little again-aren't you? Tea and Sunday calling and dining out? Here's the elegant-looking bag for such — in rich black or brown suede, with a paper handle, $7.95*

*Plus 20% Federal tax

New York • Boston • Chicago and nine other cities

Hanan QUALITY "Career Girl" SHOES... smart, lovely, competent.....

Want them *dressy?* Definitely *made* for shining hours? Or do you want shoes with a *boulevard* look? Or are you on the fence? And need a pair that's beautifully in-between, like this one shown? We have them *all*, at Hanan. *They're our Career Girl shoes.* And when you've seen them, tried them on, and reveled in their lovely, comfortable, competent *ways* . . . they'll probably be *your* Career Girl shoes!

$10.95 Hanan CAREER GIRL Spectator pump, fringe trim. Black suede, black or brown calf.

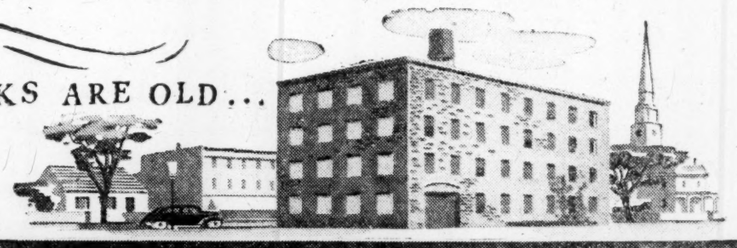
FINE CHARACTER—INDUBIE

HANAN Shoes

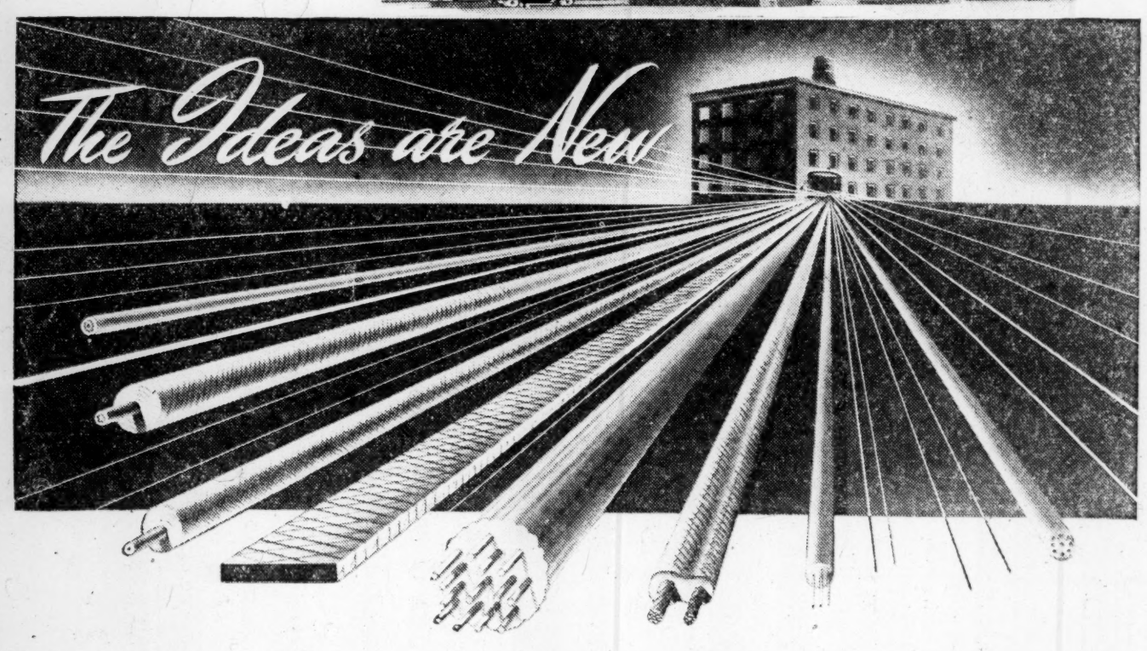
BUY MORE WAR BONDS.....to HELP your fighting man win!

NEW YORK: 516 Fifth Avenue, 187 Broadway, 1375 Broadway (men's shoes only). CHICAGO, 36 North Michigan Avenue. BALTIMORE: 324 North Charles Street. DETROIT: 40 Adams Avenue West

THE BRICKS ARE OLD...



The Ideas are New



THE true power of America is not, as our enemies thought, in our great factories, our natural resources ...it is in the know-how to meet new situations in new ways... summed up in a phrase known throughout the entire world — *"Yankee Ingenuity!"*

At Ansonia, for example, war found us with no experience in making cables of the exact type required by the Army and Navy, with their unique specifications. Yet we have produced them in staggering quantities —which, like their exact nature and use, must remain secret. But we *can* say that requirements were not only met but that one new and particularly vital kind of cable was first produced here at Ansonia — in an old brick building typical of the Naugatuck Valley. This type of thinking and action continues to be available to our forward-looking government in war, to industry in peace.

ANKOSEAL multi-conductor insulated cables are among the most promising of Ansonia war-proven developments. If you have, or expect to have, a use for electrical cables—

CHECK ANKOSEAL!

THE ANSONIA ELECTRICAL COMPANY
Specializing in "Ankoseal" a Thermoplastic Insulation
ANSONIA • CONNECTICUT

A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of
NOMA ELECTRIC CORPORATION
GENERAL OFFICES • NEW YORK, N. Y.

—In peacetime makers of the famous Noma Lights—the greatest name in decorative lighting. Now, manufacturers of fixed mica dielectric capacitors and other radio, radar and electronic equipment.

THIS YEAR "EARLY" MEANS EARLY!

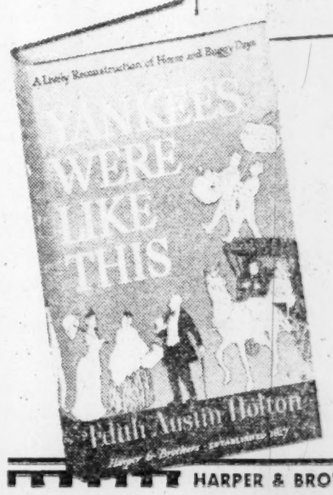
Having completed your Overseas Christmas Shopping early (at the request of the Post Office Department)...won't you please consider doing the balance of your Brooks Brothers Gift Shopping, both for Civilians and Service men in this country, similarly early? No official edict makes it compulsory. It's just a very earnest and courteous request from us to you ...which aims to forestall any inconvenience on your part, and any contributory shortcomings on ours, in these short-handed times of wartime shortages.

ESTABLISHED 1818
Brooks Brothers
CLOTHING,
Men's Furnishings, Hats & Shoes
OFFICERS' UNIFORMS, SUPPLIES & ACCESSORIES

346 MADISON AVENUE, COR. 44TH ST., NEW YORK 17, N. Y.
NUMBER ONE WALL STREET, NEW YORK 5, N. Y.
46 NEWBURY, COR. BERKELEY STREET, BOSTON 16, MASS.

GIVE TO THE NEW YORK WAR FUND

"A friendly, humorous book. The best part to me is the rekindling of the spark which had almost died away, the essential truth of plain, simple times, before so much had been done to improve and spoil the world."
—Henry Beetle Hough, author of *Country Editor*



Yankees Were Like This

BY EDITH AUSTIN HOLTON

"A cheerful and nostalgic reconstruction of horse and buggy days in a small Cape Cod town more than half a century ago. The book abounds in humor, as well as rugged individualism and rich personalities. One also reads of the first murmurs of suffragism, of torchlight political processions, the epoch-making [illegible] town meetings, of evangelical revivals and an altogether full and salty life."—*Boston Globe*

"Filled [illegible] pervasive delight of a day gone by, when [illegible] everyday living was something to be done with leisure and relish."—Bellamy Partridge, author of *Country Lawyer*. $3.00

HARPER & BROTHERS • 49 East 33rd St., N. Y. 16

Clouds in the North

FOR SUMMERTIME, the sky had an exciting look; blue-gray clouds hung over the northern hills; there was dampness in the air. As soon as Palomino and I went out to feed and to milk, we could tell it was going to be a special kind of day. During each hot sunny summer, there are one or two days when clouds make dramatic backdrops for mountains, when thunder is faint in the distance, when possibly a few raindrops might fall on our own hills. This, we saw, was going to be that wonderful kind of day.

While I was milking Katie, Palomino said wistfully: "We ought to be doing something."

* * *

I smiled to myself, because what day don't we do something? But I knew what my young niece meant. She wanted to change the usual routine which consists of me going to my desk after morning chores are done. On a warm day, we loaf in the afternoon and save the night for riding, and wonderful rides we've had under the cool stars.

This, though, was a day to be spent at once. The sky looked so beautiful that we didn't want any roof between it and us. I finished milking and said: "We'll take some lunch with us and put the cows back in the hills; and then we'll ride on somewhere."

There are good places for cows to live, back over our hills. All the dry ones and the young heifers and the little bull should stay back there, where there is grass and water and shade. But every so often they come wandering down from the hills, and they never go back until we drive them.

* * *

Palomino rode her cow horse, Tony, and I rode the colt Winkie. As yet, Winkie hasn't had much experience driving cattle, though what little she has done has been in the nature of play for her—she thinks it funny to make cows run. Now I thought she should begin to learn the serious side of the business. I wondered what she would think about driving reluctant heifers slowly up steep hill-trails.

She started out earnestly enough, scurrying around with almost as much zeal as Tony to get heifers out of the brush and started on the right trail. Winkie is black and quite small; but she is quick, and she seemed to feel that she was quite as big and quite as capable as her tall friend, Tony. We were pleased, because she seemed to know what she was doing. She knew the reason of my guiding hand on the reins, she knew she was being turned sharply this way or that in order to head a heifer in the right direction, and sometimes she turned a fraction of a second before she felt the rein on her neck. When a colt starts to work like that, you have high hopes.

* * *

Tony, of course, is an old hand at this kind of work, and is filled with enthusiasm; so our herd moved right along, and soon they were headed northward, up the first steep trail. When we stopped to rest, we didn't have to hunt a shady spot. Those kind clouds made soft shade everywhere, the mountains were purple, between clouds the sky was intensely blue, and thunderheads were a smoky gray-blue color. Because we did not see the usual summer picture of sunshine and shade, the whole landscape looked different. Clouds loomed like mountains in places where mountains were not, and clouds obliterated certain hills that we knew were there. This was a strange and beautiful land.

It took us about an hour to drive the cattle to where we wanted them, and then we had the rest of the day to do with as we liked. We would journey toward the north, because it was in the north that clouds were darkest; and we hoped to ride into rain.

* * *

When we rode on, it seemed to us that the horses felt as we did about this day. It was fun to be going somewhere. Little Winkie had never followed this particular trail before, and she walked eagerly, wanting to see what was around the next bend.

She loved it when we rode into what we call our forest. This is a little oak grove, where trees are close together and shade is dense. You see such a short distance in any direction that you can imagine yourself in an endless forest; the trail winds among trees, and ferns stand waist high. It has a sweet, green ferny smell, so utterly different from that of the surrounding sage-covered hills that you feel miles away. Winkie's eyes grew larger, as they always do at the sight of new things; and, through her thick foretop she peered this way and that, and actually out-walked the fast-walking Tony. Rain in the woodsy part would have sounded good on all the leaves, but none fell, and we rode out from the trees to look at more clouds and more mountains.

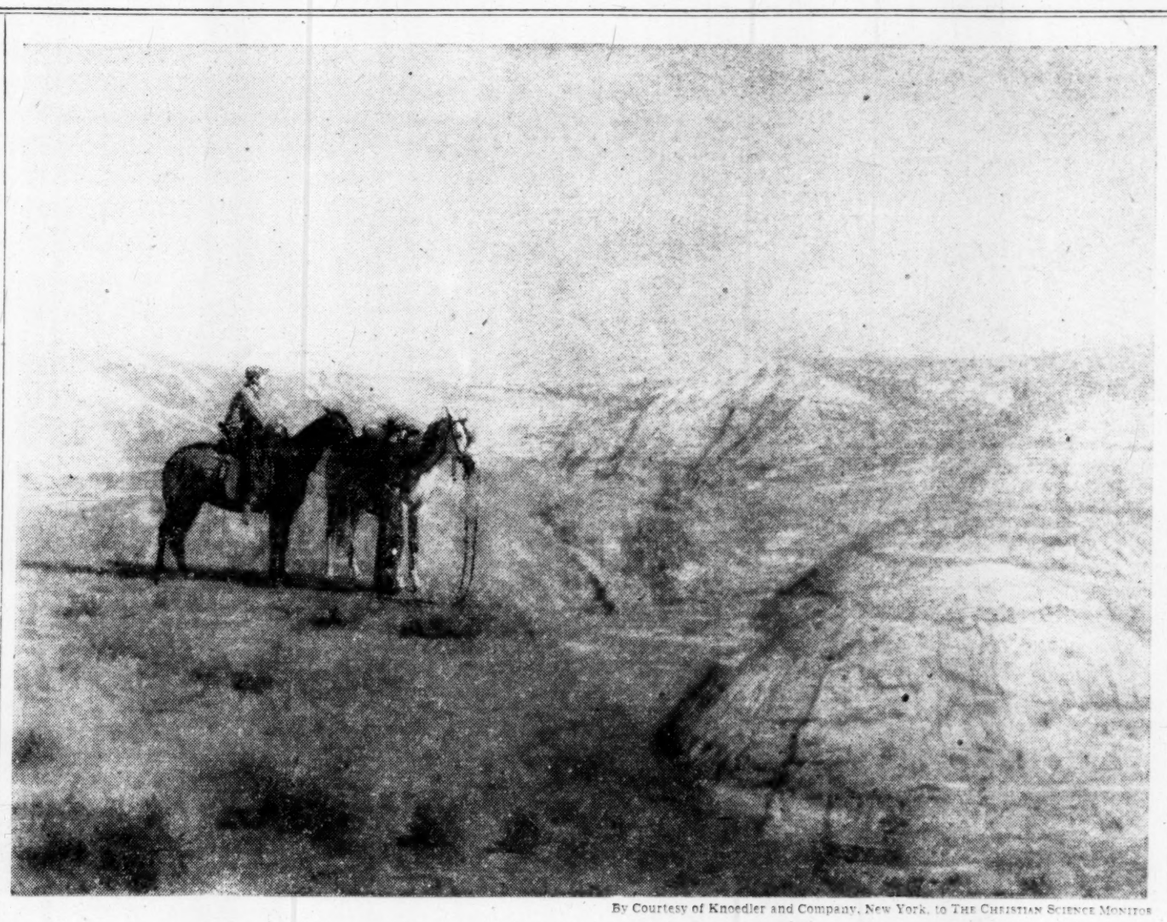
* * *

There was no rain at our friend's ranch, where we finally stopped, but still there was the promise. We went home by way of the road, down Wildcat Canyon when it was late afternoon; and Palomino remarked that the sky, between the clouds, was beautiful as an onion. It really was. Cooking-onions wear skins of blue-green, and that was how bits of sky looked.

Suddenly something glistened on Winkie's dark mane. Big drops of rain began to fall, and there was the delicious fragrance of wet dust. The sky had kept its promise.

We hadn't gone on any remarkable journey, or done anything unusual; but it seemed that we were having a wonderful and dramatic day.

JUDY VAN DER VEER



By Courtesy of Knoedler and Company, New York, to THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"COWBOYS IN THE BADLANDS": *A Painting by Thomas Eakins*

WHEN THIS PICTURE was painted, in 1868, Thomas Eakins was forty-four years old. Many of his now famous pictures of sport had already been painted; Eakins had reported, in his forthright and thorough manner, characteristic scenes of American life. But he was experiencing an unhappiness and disillusion, for he had exceeded the scope of his contemporaries; the artist was not understood, not appreciated. He gave up depicting typical episodes of American life and turned to portraiture, upon which he concentrated with all the force of his skill and insight.

"Cowboys in the Badlands" reveals the Eakins of the outdoors, Eakins painting man and painting nature, as though both interested him equally. No matter how imposing or scenic a prospect, he never diminished the status of man. At the time there was an appropriate dignity in the fine balance he maintained. But subsequently Eakins withdrew from the outdoors and worked within walls, thus concentrating more forcefully and exclusively on human characterization.

DOROTHY ARLOW

Prayer That Brings Results

At Casablanca, in the Southwest Pacific, and elsewhere, the world has been witnessing stirring examples of answered prayer.

Food, water, safety, greater effectiveness, and healing of sickness and wounds, have been acutely needed, and have come through prayer. Even skeptics, seeing the results, have been convinced.

What, broadly, is the meaning of these experiences? Is there a kind of prayer that can be counted on—that is definitely available and available under all conditions? Can there be prayer without groping, without mystery, with certainty as to its results?

The answer to these questions, Christian Science shows, is an unqualified Yes. The words of the Founder of Christianity, "Ask, and ye shall receive"—words which bore no hint of an exception—are revealed in this teaching as a statement of pure Science.

There *is* a sure method of asking, and even children often use it.

The first chapter of the Christian Science textbook, Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures by Mary Baker Eddy, explains the spiritually scientific and unfailing prayer. Study of this great chapter—to say nothing of other portions of the book—has brought healing and increased dominion to countless thousands.

Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures is published by the Trustees under the Will of Mary Baker Eddy. It may be had in a beautiful and durable Pocket Edition in black, blue, or brown morocco leather at $5; a DeLuxe Edition in black or blue levant morocco or brown antique grain morocco leather at $7; and in various other editions at higher and lower prices. It may be purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms everywhere or will be sent postpaid on receipt of remittance by

ALFRED PITTMAN
Publishers' Agent
One, Norway Street
Boston 15, Massachusetts, U. S. A.
Catalogue of all the works of Mrs. Eddy sent free on request

Esperança infalível

Tradução do artigo sobre a Ciência Cristã publicado em inglês nesta página

O PROFETA Jeremias declarou (Lamentações 3:26): "Bom é esperar, e aguardar em silêncio a salvação do Senhor." O Salmista escreveu, com a mesma veia poética (Salmo 42:11): "Porque estás abatida, ó alma minha, e porque te perturbas dentro de mim? espera em Deus, pois ainda o louvarei, o qual é a salvação da minha face, e o meu Deus."

Somos levados algumas vezes a juntar às nossas esperanças humanas uma razoável dose de fé vacilante no bem, em lugar de confiarmos a realização dos nossos desejos corretos ao imutável Princípio divino. Si permitirmos o nosso pensamento rodopiar aqui e ali, impelido pelos ventos incertos da oportunidade e da inconstância humanas, a esperança se torna fútil e vã. Quando a esperança está ancorada na imutável lei de Deus, que tudo determina como deve ser, não teremos nem desapontamento nem perda.

Um pensamento vacilante, aliado à fôrça de vontade humana, pode ocasionar esperança ou desilusão, satisfação ou desespêro. É de resultado negativo em relação ao bom êxito, e leva à confusão. É certo que Deus sempre supre as necessidades humanas, e o cálice que "transborda" está sempre à mão. Si alcançamos a verdadeira compreensão de que Deus é a fonte ilimitada de todo o bem, e de que Êle conhece nossas necessidades, perceberemos a futilidade de planejamento humano e decidiremos confiar nossos desejos corretos ao carinhoso cuidado de Deus.

A Ciência Cristã projeta muita luz sôbre a verdadeira identidade do homem como idéia perfeita da Mente eterna. Pelo estudo desta verdade divina verificamos que o homem, imagem de Deus, nunca é limitado por anseios não satisfeitos, sendo sempre completo, alegre e livre. As carinhosas palavras do pai ao seu primogênito, na parábola do filho pródigo, são até hoje verdadeiras e imutáveis: "Filho, tu sempre estás comigo, e todas as minhas cousas são tuas" (Lucas 15:31). Quando percebemos mais claramente que nunca estamos a mercê de influências variáveis e imprevistas, mas que exprimimos a única Mente em todas as atividades, a vida principia a tomar um aspecto mais belo e mais satisfatório. Vemôs que cada indivíduo tem o seu lugar, o qual nenhum outro pode ocupar; o seu trabalho determinado-por-Deus, o qual nenhum outro pode fazer; e a recompensa certa por trabalho feito de acôrdo com a vontade de Deus.

Mary Baker Eddy diz da Ciência Cristã, no *Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures* (Ciência e Saúde com a Chave das Escrituras) pg. 162: "O efeito desta Ciência é o de agitar a mente humana para uma mudança de base, na qual possa ceder à harmonia da Mente divina." E no *Miscellaneous Writings* (Escritos Miscelâneos) ela nos dá confortadora certeza de que Deus sempre ouve Seus filhos, quando diz (pg. 81): "Na desolação da compreenção humana, o Amor divino ouve e atende ao pedido de socorro da humanidade".

Um estudante da Ciência Cristã que lutava com um problema de deformação facial, procurou ver que tal condição, não procedendo de Deus, não tinha realidade. Manteve por muitos dias a esperança humana de que seria curado; mas, passando o tempo sem que a visse realizada, entregou-se ao desânimo. Uma manhã porém, quando estudava sua Licão-Sermão, veiu-lhe súbita visão da realidade, refletindo sôbre as palavras acima citadas: "Espera em Deus, pois ainda o louvarei, o qual é a salvação da minha face, e o meu Deus." Êle percebeu que era de maneira humana que estava esperando ser curado, ao envez de contiar na omnipotência de Deus, como cumpria ser. Começou a louvar Deus pela Sua bondade e imutavel amor e, com essa mudança de pensamento, veiu-lhe também a cura. A mensagem-de-Cristo exercera a sua ação.

A realizarão de que podemos estar a sós com Deus no mais intimo do nosso pensamento, eleva-nos bem acima da obscuridade e confusão do sentido material, para a calma e gloria do meigo amor de Deus. A fragil esperança humana de que um dia, em algum lugar, de alguma forma, as cousas melhorarão, desaparece, quando compreendemos que aqui mesmo, e agora, nêste mesmo instante, a Mente eterna está cuidando de todos nós. Esta é a verdade que, compreendida e aceita, liberta-nos do sofrimento e da limitacão, do desânimo pelas esperanças humanas não realizadas, e de tudo o que parece aflitivo ao sentido humano. Há um circulo continuo de existência, sempre perfeito e harmonioso, e nêle vivem os filhos de Deus. Depositemos pois nossa esperança na eterna Mente, reconhecendo diàriamente que esta Mente única é nada menos do que a própria presença de Deus.

We Built a Canoe in Alaska

CANOES AND CANOEING, white-man style, are unknown in Alaska. Everybody simply uses a clumsy, heavy, flat-bottomed river boat with oars, poles, a motor or all three. Most unromantic! Uncle Fred had never seen a canoe, and strangely enough neither had Bud, really. I tried to explain to the two of them what one was like, as I remembered it from my early childhood in the Eastern United States. From the store we borrowed a boat and canoe catalogue which was to be given back when we were finished with it. Then we found that we were unable to buy a canoe any place in the Territory, nor could we get one shipped to Alaska at this time except by waiting perhaps for most of the summer. We would have to build it ourselves!

Down at the lumberyard on a rainy day we selected our wood for the frame. Uncle Fred wanted ironwood at first, until Bud explained that ironwood is definitely out for canoes. The canoe, unlike the ocean-going boat, is not built to withstand the battering-ram of the waves, but to ride over them lightly, like a cork. About the only other wood which Seward's lumberyard boasted at this time was Sitka spruce, fortunately a light and excellent wood for our purpose. . . .

The bending of the bow and stern from the keel was perhaps the toughest problem among many problems in building. Bud bent three different bows, but they all broke. Obviously no one but a professional should attempt to make a canoe; one really needs steamer and clamper facilities to mold the craft into shape, for the great danger is that it will get lopsided and off balance. . . .

At last Bud appeared on the run with two chunks of five-eighth-inch waterproof plywood. After some calculations and drawing out of curves with a stubby pencil, he simply sawed these into the graceful curves desired for the bow and stern. They were put onto the keel with screws and glue. With our worst problem solved, we knew somehow that we could conquer all the others. We had got our second wind, and Alaska was ours!

The nineteen-foot-by-forty-inch frame was sanded, and a few days of successively sunny weather permitted us to give it two coats of orange shellac in rapid succession. Next came canvas. "You can't get canvas," said the man at the store eagerly. "Haven't you heard of priorities?" We ran quickly to the other store. What could we do with a frame and no canvas? The other store had a thin eleven-ounce canvas which it was still selling to civilians but which was so light that using it was out of the question. Well, it was better than no canvas at all! We bought a double amount of it from the last roll and put on two layers and went canoeing just the same. The method ultimately proved entirely satisfactory.

We used glue and innumerable tacks along the seams to put the canvas on properly. This step was taken inside the house, with the canoe reaching diagonally across the kitchen from the top of the ceiling in one corner to the bottom of the floor in the opposite corner. It was difficult to open Fred's beautiful, late-model refrigerator door, and we had to crawl on hands and knees to cross the room for a couple of days, but we didn't mind that. . . .

Because everybody should properly have an animal totem to represent him while he is in Alaska, we chose the Beaver, for Engineering. Because she was a lady, we titled our canoe *Queen of All the Beavers*. She weighed 130 pounds empty, which was a little more than we had expected.—From "We Live in Alaska," by CONSTANCE HELMERICKS. (Boston: Little, Brown.)

Swift Messenger

This is a day when the sky has a platinum glow
Shimmering shafts of light on the lifting waves of the sea,
Glinting upon the steel gray wings of the gulls as they go
Whirling and swirling over my head, unhampered, free.

This is a day when my heart longs to borrow their wings—
To fly over oceans and bridge the immeasurable space;
And yet is the thought of the moment far swifter that brings
The sound of your voice to me now, and the glimpse of your face.

GWEN CASTLE

Unfailing Hope

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

THE PROPHET Jeremiah declared (Lamentations 3:26), "It is good that a man should both hope and quietly wait for the salvation of the Lord." The Psalmist wrote in similar vein (Psalms 42:11): "Why art thou cast down, O my soul? and why art thou disquieted within me? hope thou in God: for I shall yet praise him, who is the health of my countenance, and my God."

Often we may be tempted to mix with our human hopes a fairly sizable sprinkling of faltering faith in good, instead of leaving righteous desires to be fulfilled by unchanging divine Principle. If we allow our thinking to be whirled here and there by the fluctuating winds of human chance and change, hope is likely to prove futile and unavailing. When hope is anchored in the unchanging law of God, which orders all things aright, we are not confronted with disappointment or loss.

Vacillating thought allied to human will power may involve hope or hopelessness, elation or despair. It amounts to nothing in the way of right achievement, but is likely to lead into a maze of bewilderment. Certain it is that God always supplies the human need, and the cup that "runneth over" is always at hand. If we reach the point where we truly understand that God is the unlimited source of all good, and that He knows what we need, we see the futility of human planning and decide to leave our right desires to God's tender care.

* * *

Christian Science throws clear light upon man's true identity as the perfect idea of eternal Mind. Through study of this divine truth we begin to see that man, God's image, is never bound by unsatisfied longings, but is always complete, joyous, free. The loving message of the father to the elder son, in the parable of the prodigal, is true for us today, "Son, thou art ever with me, and all that I have is thine" (Luke 15:31), and it stands forever unchanged. When we perceive more clearly that we are never pawns of variable, unpredictable influences, but that we express the one Mind in every activity, life begins to take on a lovelier, more satisfying aspect. We see that each individual has his own place, which no one else can fill, his own God-appointed work, which no one else can do, and certain reward for righteous work done in accordance with God's will.

Mary Baker Eddy says of Christian Science in "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (p. 162), "The effect of this Science is to stir the human mind to a change of base, on which it may yield to the harmony of the divine Mind." And in "Miscellanequs Writings" she gives us comforting assurance that God always hears His children, where she says (p. 81), "In the desolation of human understanding, divine Love hears and answers the human call for help."

A student of Christian Science who was laboring with the problem of a disfigured countenance endeavored to see that because it did not proceed from God, the condition was unreal. Daily he found himself in a state of human hope that he might be healed, but as time passed without the fruition of his hope, he gave way to a sense of discouragement. One morning, however, as he was studying the Lesson-Sermon, a quick glimpse of reality came to him as he pondered the words quoted above, "Hope thou in God: for I shall yet praise him, who is the health of my countenance, and my God." Then he realized that he had been humanly hoping for relief, instead of placing hope in God's omnipotence, where it belonged. He began to praise God for His goodness and unchanging love, and with the change of thought which came to him, the healing came also. The Christ-message had done its work.

* * *

The realization that one can always be alone with God in his innermost thinking, lifts one high above the mist and confusion of material sense, into the calm and glory of God's tender love. The frail human hope that sometime, somewhere, somehow, things will be better disappears as one understands that right here and now, at this very moment, eternal Mind is caring for us all. This is the truth which, perceived and acknowledged, frees from suffering and limitation, from the discouragement of unfulfilled human hopes, and from all that to human sense seems afflictive. There is one unbroken round of existence, forever perfect and harmonious, and therein dwell the children of God. Let us place our hope in eternal Mind, daily acknowledging that this one Mind is no less than the very presence of God.

(In another column will be found a translation of this article into Portuguese.)

Storm Passage

Thus the tag end of autumnal equinox on
the Atlantic Capes:
the sea crashing with white fury on a littered
beach,
the pines straining and roaring under the
wind,
under pale scud of cloud, cones falling to
sharp crack of split bough,
wind seething and drumming; white spume,
salt spray on the rocks,
sea grass flattened, the sky gone steel-gray
with blown rain,
the coast shaken with thunderous impact of
elements—

And as suddenly the silence, the pause, the
swift hush,
with echoes of storm falling landward, the
wind calmed,
the sky clearing to rich blue of late autumn,
the sea dark yet with cold upheaval of
waters,
but the pines still and sharp-etched in
washed air.

FREDERICK FREIGHT

As Texan as a Longhorn Steer

IF TEXAS is least like New England, what is it most like? Oddly enough it reminds me most of a place I've never seen, and of which I may have an erroneous idea. And that is the home of the Aussies, Down Under.

Sam Houston and Barret Travis might well have been Aussies. . . . Strap Buckner and Praxiteles Swann, Roy Bean and Amon Carter—all of them might very well have been Aussies.

And then there is another one.

Perhaps in conveying the central feeling of anything so vast and various as Texas, it might be well to mention a man who has grown out of its soil and traditions, a man whose nature, however many-sided, could nevertheless symbolize and represent the character of his state. . . . At once Frank Dobie springs to mind. He's as unmistakably Texan as a Longhorn steer. . . .

I have stood outside a western ranch house on a cold clear night, looking at the bright stars, seeing the silent land stretching forever away, knowing that out in the chaparral the buck deer was roving, that soon the frost would fall and the rattlesnakes grow still. The night was clean with the cleanness of alkali, a night so clean, so hard and bright, that to stand in it was almost a religious experience. And yet I was a stranger from the cotton fields of Central Texas. For me this night was a separate thing, not part of a long continuum, of a lifetime of such nights.

This was Frank Dobie's land. He had ridden it, lived it, loved it . . . the breadth, the thorns, the vast clarity. On it he's ridden herd while his fellows slept, has watched the bedded cattle and, full of a quiet loneliness, a gentle, painless sadness, has sung to them. He has known all the depths and solitude of these nights, all of their edged beauty. . . .

During the winter he is professor at the University of Texas, where he teaches young Texans about the Southwest. Most of what he teaches them, he dug out of the fading past himself. Many of the books on the Southwest, certainly some of the best of them, were written by him. He is an authority on lost mines and buried treasure within our sprawling neighborhood. He knows more about a coyote than its mother does. And I privately suspect that sometimes, at the end of the school year when he starts back to the ranch country, it is only with the most violent restraint that he passes the first grazing steer he sees without kissing it.—Reprinted by permission from "Texas: A World in Itself," by GEORGE SESSIONS PERRY, copyright 1942 by Whittlesey House, a division of the McGraw-Hill Book Company, Inc.)

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

An International Daily Newspaper Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy

Published Daily Except Sundays and Holidays

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press reserves the right to all telegraph and local news credited to it or not otherwise credited.

Republication rights of special dispatches are reserved to The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to Editorial Department, The Christian Science Monitor, One, Norway Street, Boston 15, Mass.

The Christian Science Monitor is on sale in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world, and is obtainable at newsstands.

Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries:

One year	$12.00	Three months	$3.00
Six months	$6.00	One month	$1.00

Single Copies, 5 cents.

Cost of remailing Monitors:

United States: 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Foreign, including Canada, Newfoundland and Pan-American countries: 1½ cents for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

BRANCH ADVERTISING OFFICES

New York . . . 500 Fifth Avenue, New York 18
Chicago . . . 333 N. Michigan Avenue, Chicago 1
Detroit, 3-101 General Motors Building, Detroit 2
Miami . . . 1320 Ingraham Building, Miami 32
St. Louis . . . 611 Olive Street, St. Louis 1
Kansas City . . . 1002 Walnut Street, Kansas City 6
San Francisco, 625 Market Street, San Francisco 5
Los Angeles, 650 S. Grand Avenue, Los Angeles 14
Seattle . . . 1326 Fifth Avenue, Seattle 1
London . . . Burwood House, Caxton St., S. W. 1
Geneva . . . 16 rue du Mont Blanc
Australia and New Zealand: 46 Pitt Street, Sydney, Australia.

Advertising rates given on application. While endeavoring to accept only reliable advertisements, The Christian Science Publishing Society will not be responsible for the public for advertisements, and the right to decline or discontinue any advertisement is reserved.

NEWS OFFICES

WASHINGTON: 1287-1293 National Press Building, Washington 4, D. C.
EASTERN: 500 Fifth Avenue, New York City 18
CENTRAL: 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago 1
PACIFIC: 625 Market Street, San Francisco 5
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: 650 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles 14
EUROPEAN: Burwood House, Caxton St., London, S. W. 1
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND: 46 Pitt Street, Sydney, Australia.

CIRCULATION SERVICE BUREAUS

NEW ENGLAND: One, Norway Street, Boston 15, Mass.
EASTERN: 500 Fifth Avenue, New York City 18
CENTRAL: 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago 1
WESTERN: 650 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles 14
SAN FRANCISCO: 625 Market Street, San Francisco 5
EUROPEAN: Burwood House, Caxton St., London, S. W. 1
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND: 46 Pitt Street, Sydney, Australia.

Published by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY
Boston 15, Mass., U. S. A.

Publishers of The Christian Science Journal, Christian Science Sentinel, The Herald of Christian Science (German, French, Scandinavian, Dutch and Braille Editions), Christian Science Quarterly

Wednesday Page
Fashion—Home Decoration

Today's Woman

Tuesday—Friday
Food—Women's Features

Elizabeth Arden Now Presents Clothes Designed for the New American Figure

By Barbara E. Scott Fisher
Fashion Editor of The Christian Science Monitor

New York

A new conception of dress was set forth by Elizabeth Arden in startling and exquisite beauty at the opening of a Fashion Floor in her New York Salon. "The new American figure" was the basis of the collection which includes lingerie, negligees, and hostess gowns, town clothes meticulously tailored, and a group of unforgettable ball gowns. The clothes are as young, proud, and victorious as the American figure itself. They are air-minded in conception—all lines pointing up, up, up—accomplishing wonders for your face, your figure and your morale.

Posture and Poise

To Elizabeth Arden there has always been a close relation between a perfectly-proportioned, well-poised figure and a beautiful dress. That she now has established a Fashion Floor would indicate that she is merely approaching her favorite theme in a practical manner. And while she points out that, to her way of thinking, at least five figure types which are not all that they might be flit through the American scene, the clothes she has designed will either disguise their deficiencies or be so becoming as to achieve the effect of a more beautifully proportioned figure, and she gains her point either way.

After showing in silhouette these five figure types—the square, the pear-shaped, the triangle, the string bean, and the round—she indicates encouragingly that weight and size are not as important as good posture and good proportion in attaining the new American figure. It can be a size 18 or 20, if proportions and posture are good; or perhaps a mere 10 or 12, yet you need not look insignificant or "dumpy" if you will guard your proportions and walk like a queen.

For Queenly Carriage

But then who could not walk like a queen in such clothes? Just as the sculptor chips away his marble to create a figure of beauty, so do these clothes bear the unmistakable stamp of the artist's conception of uncluttered design. Every cut has a meaning. In every dart, seam, and drapery lies a carefully-considered purpose. With singular freedom, and the use of asymmetrical drapery as its original theme, this collection swings the trend of fashion away from the threadbare perpendicular and the equally dull horizontal. It stresses a lightness, a freedom that can only have been inspired by the American genius for flying. These are clothes any aviator could understand. They are as rhythmical as the hum of a spinning motor. They know, someway, that they have found their wings.

Lovely Lingerie

Lingerie, negligees, and hostess gowns are made lovely by the use of lace, cloudlike colors, and delicate and intricate handwork—one palest pink chiffon hostess gown was sewn in bands of pearls. Some of these gowns floated—others were just as stiffly sedate as some Florentine lady. There was one long princess gown of pale blue slipper satin sprigged with a design of lilac touches, having long light sleeves, a Chinese standing collar open at the throat, and self-covered buttons which tripped unerringly down its entire front. A fine sheer sky-blue wool, delicately appliqued in shell-like patterns on its long lapel, was tied at one side and worn over a chiffon nightgown. Lime-colored pajamas dazzled beneath a mandarin jacket of orchid-pink satin set off with turquoise buttons; while rainbow colors blended in a floating chiffon negligee.

It pleased Miss Arden to show several dresses of the same design executed in different fabrics. Unbelievable how different they looked. One in lilac satin, one in scarlet velvet, the other in the softest champagne moiré, and all designed with the knee-length pannier so definitely a trend-setting theme in the collection. A square neck and modestly covered shoulder made it seem that these gowns were destined for many a delightful occasion.

Draped Blouse

For the blouse and skirt formula so beloved of the American woman, the collection presented a soft pink (it must have been from some precious remnant of crepe de chine) blouse, draped softly across the bosom of the bodice, and worn with a single red rose directly centered at the front of its high neck. The slightest curve downward at the back edge of the blouse hinted the good line of a long waist—and a small one. A slim black sheath skirt completed the costume—except that with it the model carried a "First Edition"—Miss Arden's bound volume evening bag in black velvet with gold leaves—clasped with the kind of secure authority bestowed on old-fashioned portrait albums—though in miniature size.

Outstanding were the voluminous coats in slipper satin—in stripes, in stark emerald green, and in black, and with rose pink satin on black velvet. In some instances a large loose bow of a deeper shade fastened the cloak at the throat, while its fullness swept the floor prodigally, falling from a square or mitered yoke across the shoulders.

Leigh Charell Studio

This exquisite hostess gown from the Elizabeth Arden Fashion Floor combines contrasting colors and materials. The black velvet bodice has a formal U-shaped neckline tied in a flattering black bow over a peekaboo cut-out. The skirt of violet satin falls in graceful folds from a snug, high waistline. The skirt has deep hidden pockets and is lined in carnelian-toned chiffon.

If You Sigh Over Buying Hats Begin Again—Fun Ahead

By Pringle Crispin
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

Women's hats are symbols—shifting as a weathercock and as indicative of their whims and moods as the weathercock is of the weather.

After inheriting, much to my dismay, a prosperous millinery business, I began to study styles, salesmanship and customers. I decided it must be the most difficult business on earth, so many customers kept telling me how they dreaded to buy a hat and always put it off as long as possible. Now after having been in the business more years than I care to confess, it has occurred to me to submit a few suggestions which may make the process of selection easier.

Preliminary Shopping

1. Never be afraid or dread to buy a hat. If you are afraid you may not select the right one, you are doomed from the start. If you love to buy shoes and dislike to buy hats, start out as if you were going to buy shoes. If you are confident when you enter and, after trying on several models, begin to feel lost and helpless, quickly determine to leave and come again. Tell the salesgirl you desire to see the new models and try them on so when you are ready to purchase one, you'll know just the type you want. This will relieve you of sales pressure from the clerk. Go into the store or department often until you begin to feel at ease there.

2. Have a well-defined idea of the basic color you need for your wardrobe. Don't weaken and buy blue because it's so flattering or black because it's so practical when it's really a different shade from your clothes.

3. Wear your outfit to the store the day you purchase a hat for it. You won't look as bad going down the street just once wearing the wrong hat with that suit on your way to the milliner's as you would later wearing the wrong hat. Then be sure to insist on seeing yourself in a full-length mirror. View yourself from head to toe, not just from the waist up. That's the way others see you. Take time to look at the sides and back of the hat. At church, at any assembly of people, more persons see the back and side of your head than your face. Let the hat complete your outfit but never dominate it or shy away from it.

4. When you look in the mirror don't pose or perk up your face. Some women make the funniest faces at themselves as if they just saw themselves for the first time. Some women adopt an "I don't look well in anything" attitude.

I've seen more women enter the store with a determined look in their eye—"I've got to get a new hat and I'll get one, no matter how it looks." They usually wear themselves and the salesgirls right down to a frazzle and go out with the same hard look, but this time it's, "Well, I've selected the wrong hat again." Odd as it seems, the customers with an "anything becomes me" attitude (whether it really does or not) have a good time trying on hats. Usually in the end they select becoming ones. The salesgirls blossom under such customers' enthusiasm and bring out all the best the store offers.

5. Go alone to select your hat. Please go alone. If the salesgirl should by chance misguide you in your choice, friends may also. I've watched so many customers come back alone the next day and purchase the hat they reluctantly passed by at the advice of a friend.

Consider Your Husband

If you really want to please your husband, find out beforehand what type of hat he admires. Then march into a millinery store by yourself and honestly try to select a hat of the type he likes and thinks becoming to you. If he likes it on you, wear it, even if it is not your favorite, when you are together. He sees it on you—you don't.

6. Change your style of hat, but never let it be a revolutionary change. The extreme hats you see on those beautiful photogenic models are for faultless profiles.

7. Don't pay too much for a hat, and change more often. Hats are like vegetables, they wilt quickly. There are beautiful hats made to sell for $5 to $10 now that are remarkable copies of very high-priced models. Women need fresh, flattering hats. You wouldn't wear wilted flowers in your hair. If you have purchased a mistake, give the hat away. Life's too demanding and a hat too important to wear a mistake. We make many mistakes in other affairs and we don't keep flaunting them for others to gaze on.

If Mrs. Miniver, amidst all the responsibilities of a war-torn home and country, could buy a new hat and lovingly place it on the bed-post to admire last thing at night, and first thing in the morning, we ought not to feel guilty buying a new hat.

Crisp Curtains Aren't Always New Ones

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

A friend of mine came to our house the other day and when she put her coat in the bedroom, the first thing she did was exclaim over the bedroom curtains.

They weren't new. They were two years old, but had just been freshly laundered and then tinted light green with a 15-cent package of dye. It was a simple, easy-to-do process that solved the curtaining problem for that room, because those curtains were still usable although faded and droopy. Soap and water, starch and tinting, did the trick. If you have some similar curtains, still good, by all means try the dye bath, choosing either the same color or a darker one than the curtains were.

Ideas For Kitchen

How about those curtains that are still good at the top? Why not cut them in two, and hem into sash curtains for the kitchen windows? If you've another pair or so with halves that are still good, do the same with those and tint them all in order to make them match. Then you've cottage curtains for your kitchen, using one set across the lower sash and the other as tie-backs. They can be made to do for a season or two more that way.

Often you will find that curtains with good parts still in them may be trimmed with wide hems and top ruffles of checked gingham and they'll look mighty smart in either bedroom or kitchen. A friend of mine, not long ago, bought a good grade of cheese cloth, a whole bolt of it, took it home and treated it to a tint bath and ran up curtains on her sewing machine—curtains that had all the ruffles and fullness her heart desired.

Another solution of your kitchen curtaining problem is a multi-color curtain. Make it from scraps of bright prints you have in the scrap bag at home. Just cut the strips to match, and hem together, and use tie-backs with them. They're smart, thrifty and different.

Damask and Terry Cloth

You can have a whole kitchen or dinette ensemble of cotton damask, the kind you buy by the yard for making table cloths. Choose a gay checked design and be sure to make a table cloth to match.

Terry toweling is getting to be pretty much a thing of the past, but if you can find a gay bolt, I think you'll like the curtains you can make from it for kitchen or bathroom, because they'll wash so well and look so attractive.

That's all very well, but what am I going to do about my living room, the draperies and curtains there are going, going, gone. No doubt you have heard about unbleached muslin. Buy a creamy bolt of it, and make them yourself on the sewing machine. For the living room, I'd prefer them plain and full, made tailored and trim. But for the bedrooms you can trim them with chintz, or cretonne, checked gingham, or even colorful print.

Unbleached Muslin

Long before we had a war, I had a growing boy in my house who loved airplanes, so I made tailored curtains of unbleached muslin for his room, and decorated them with appliquéd airplanes. They wore like iron, washed like a tea towel, and a small boy loved them.

Even feed sacks make really good-looking curtains, and you can let your fancy have full sway. Can you find any decorator's ticking—the kind for making pillow ticks? You can use it for draperies and chair covers to match and it's smart and gay. Ask for ticking that will wash and is sunfast, too.

A little attention to your curtains will perk them up and bring them back to crisp freshness, giving new cheeriness to your rooms.

Timely Tips On Trends

By Ann Cox
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

Why not try your hand at making one of the new print blouses to wear with your suit? Choose a gay, splashy design, and make it with a high neck, or a "V" with a tie to form a jabot. Or perhaps you prefer a plain color, and the convertible neckline. They are easy to make and require only about two yards of 39" material (for a size 36). If long sleeves are desired, allow another half yard.

* * *

Or if the idea of making a blouse does not appeal to you, yet a certain color seems essential to give the right effect to your costume, you can easily tint a white blouse the desired shade. Be sure to test a sample before dipping the entire blouse.

* * *

A dickey with a jabot provides still another way to soften your suit. Sew a button on the dickey where the jabot should go and work a buttonhole in the jabot. When laundering, simply unbutton the jabot and you will find it much easier to iron.

* * *

The new knitted dickey looks exactly like a sweater when worn with a jacket and it provides warmth just where needed, being a front and back tied-together-under-the-arms type. Such dickeys do away with the bulk of sleeves under the jacket and knit up quickly in pastels or bright shades.

Roosevelt Tells Newsmen How '1,000 Club' May Have Started

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—President Roosevelt acknowledged Oct. 31 that the "One Thousand Club" may have stemmed from a suggestion he once made.

Amid such banter, he told a news conference that he was a member and that he had received a certificate worth maybe half a cent. His implication seemed to be that that was all any individual would receive from membership in the organization which Gov. Thomas E. Dewey asserted was formed to "sell special privilege" to persons contributing $1,000 to the fourth-term campaign.

Mr. Roosevelt chuckled when a reporter brought up the subject of the "One Thousand Club."

Way back in the summer, the President related, he suggested that somebody start a $100,000 club but people just laughed. Then he suggested a $10,000 club but they still laughed and said no one would give, so he suggested a $1,000 club and they said they might get a few members.

Mr. Roosevelt said he thought no more about it until a few days ago when a man from Chicago came in and gave him a certificate worth maybe half a cent and told him he was a member of the club.

The President said he would have to find that out.

He only laughed when reporters told him that Representative Estes Kefauver (D) of Tennessee had said membership would let the certificate holder go any place in Washington, even to see the President.

After Mr. Dewey denounced the club in a campaign speech, Frank J. Lewis, the group's national chairman, described it as "nonpartisan" and Democratic Chairman Robert E. Hannegan said he had never discussed it with President Roosevelt.

Mr. Lewis said the club included "prominent Republicans as well as Democrats" but that all subscribe to the belief that President Roosevelt "should be permitted to carry on the present war to a conclusion."

President's Speech

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—President Roosevelt's radio address from the White House tomorrow night will take up only 15 minutes of a half-hour political program beginning at 9 p. m. (E. W. T.).

The White House said today the remainder of the program will be filled in by the Democratic National Committee.

The President's speech will be broadcast by NBC. White House Secretary Stephen Early said he could not give a line on the subject to be discussed.

Argentine Voting List Order Indicates Political Change

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay — A definite indication that the military dictatorship in Argentina, checkmated by continental and Allied opposition to its totalitarian schemes, is studying the matter of calling general elections, is given by the official instructions that the provisional lists of voters must be printed and distributed by April 30, 1945. It is further ordered that these lists shall be kept for rectification until Aug. 30 of the same year and that the final list must be ready by the following Oct. 31.

Naturally, an order of this kind has caused a great deal of political speculation in and outside of Argentina. There are two clear-cut lines of reaction here, among Uruguayan observers and Argentine exiles. The first thought is that the move toward elections is an appeasement trap, to keep the opposition "on a string." The second is that the military revolutionaries—the fascists—realize the opposition is too strong and are preparing a face-saving exit.

Criticism already has been printed in Argentina against the delay in calling elections. That in itself is a remarkably healthy sign. The question has been put publicly: Why should a period of more than 12 months be allotted for the preparation of the final voting lists, which, naturally, must form the basis of future elections?

The law establishes a process whereby the provisional lists shall be placed on view at various government establishments, giving opportunity to voters and political organizations to search for errors and omissions, these to be proved before the second date. After that another period is afforded for printing the certified lists. The general impression is that with the good will and industry of all parties it would be feasible to have everything in readiness without such a prolonged period of preparation.

However—and only if the elections order has been given in all sincerity—many observers are ready to admit that a great step has been taken in the right direction. These observers ask if it is considered advisable to have everything in readiness for the end of October, 1945, why it would not be wise also to fix the date for the elections. This would give all political parties, supposedly in a state of decreed dissolution, ample time to prepare for the great day. If the election date were fixed for November, 1945, late as this may be, many observers here are convinced that much of the lack of confidence evinced abroad toward Argentina would tend to disappear. Argentina's present rulers have, on various occasions, advised that their main ambition is to steer a "purified republic" to the path of true democracy. The fixing of a date for elections might have beneficial effects everywhere.

Prohibitionists Lead Minor Parties

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1—The Prohibition Party leads all other minor parties in number of candidates for President, Congress, and Governor this year with 73.

It has also succeeded in getting its Presidential electors on the ballot in more States than any other minor political group—26.

The Socialist Party comes next with 53 candidates, with Presidential electors listed in 25 States although it had expected to qualify in about 30.

Third in candidate offerings is the Socialist Labor Party with 20 and Presidential electors on 15 State ballots.

These three and the America First Party are running nominees for President and Vice-President, separate the Democratic and Republican, making six national tickets in all. Four years ago there were seven, including the Communist and National Greenback. The Communist Party dissolved this year, but formed the Communist Political Association and indorsed President Roosevelt for reelection.

Plan for War Dogs Meets Wide Protest

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—Associated dog lovers raised a howl of protest Oct. 30 at the War Department's proposal to sell at auction 1,000 K-9 veterans whose former owners no longer have homes for them.

"An exceedingly unhappy and ungrateful means of disposing of dogs that have served their country" was the verdict of the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

The American Humane Association said: "These dogs, given by loyal Americans to the armed forces and now no longer needed, are apparently to be treated like broken-down armor and surplus food stocks. . . .

The Association's president, Sydney H. Coleman, suggested that wounded soldiers unable to return to civilian life might profitably be employed in caring for the K-9 vets.

The perfume of remembrance...

Worth JE REVIENS
(3 mill, rotunda)

unforgettable fragrance... he'll remember it... and you!

Finger Free
most comfortable gloves in the world
★ designed by merry hull

DANIEL HAYS
GLOVES SINCE 1854
★ U. S. PATS. 2,125,071—2,194,914—2,226,604

Elizabeth Arden Powders are Precision Blended

HIT-OR-MISS mixing of face powders is like hit-or-miss blending of anything else . . . a failure nine-tenths of the time. Don't trust YOUR good looks to any such guesswork when you can have the color blended scientifically by Elizabeth Arden herself. Their subtly modulated shades are accomplished by exact formulas, guarded by instruments of hair-breadth delicacy, blended with the utmost skill, in a laboratory of the most modern equipment. They are sifted and mixed again and again, at speeds comparable to high-powered airplanes. They are reduced to incredible delicacy of texture by being forced at tremendous pressure through silken mesh fine as butterfly wings. There is no guesswork about Elizabeth Arden Powders. There are many glorious shades to complement the skin . . . among them the one YOUR skin needs for beauty. Used alone, or with the famed Two Powder Technique, these inimitable powders will open up to you a whole world of loveliness.

ILLUSION POWDER, 1.75 and 3.00 CAMEO POWDER, 1.75 and 3.00 (prices plus taxes)

Elizabeth Arden

AMERICAN ANTIQUES
IN WORDS and PICTURES
By
ALICE WINCHESTER
Editor of *The Magazine Antiques*
Second Edition just off the press.
The first and only pocket guide to the ABC's of early American furniture, glass, silver, pewter, pottery and porcelain . . . "The quick and easy answer to 1000 questions."
PRICE **$1.00** POSTPAID
Order from the Author
40 EAST 49 ST., NEW YORK 17, N. Y.

BOTANY

offers you this UNIQUE KNITTING PLAN

Join the Botany "Model of the Month" Club. The smart "advance" styles made available to you by this exclusive club will make you the envy of all your friends.

Membership entitles you to a new, seasonal and absolutely exclusive design each month of the year...illustrated in detail and with complete knitting instructions. Sometimes it's a sweater...sometimes a dress...sometimes an ensemble, complete with accessories. This is a splendid service for you and your whole family. Send the coupon—today.

FOR ONLY 50¢ A YEAR

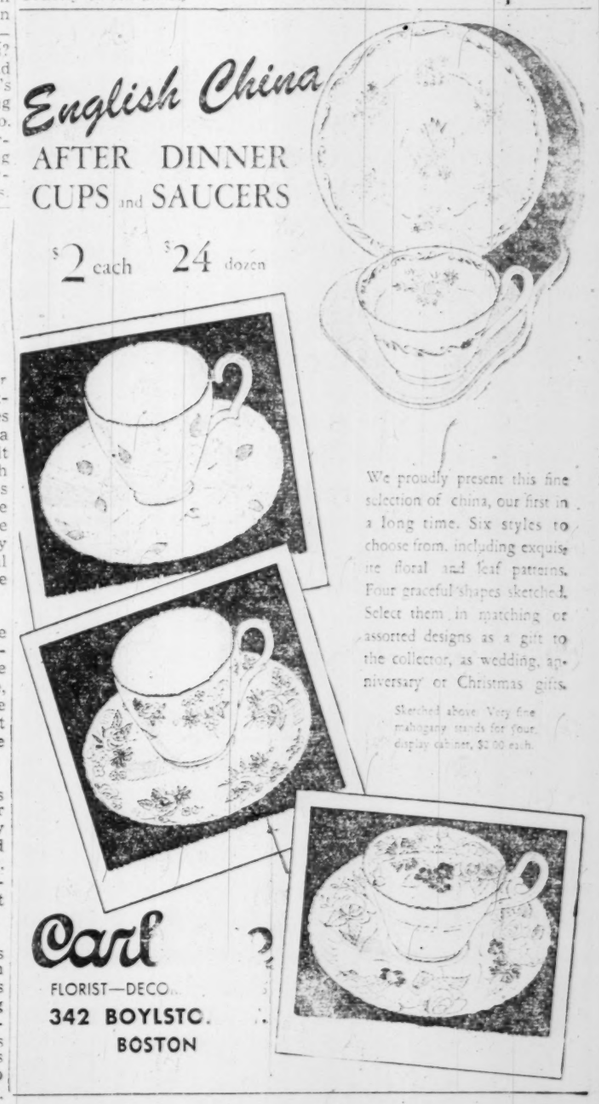
COPYRIGHT 1944. BOTANY WORSTED MILLS

Botany Worsted Mills
Dept. Y-52, Passaic, N. J.
Enclosed find 50¢ for which please enroll me for one year in the BOTANY "MODEL OF THE MONTH" CLUB.
Name
Address
City State

WINNING HANDS
kept soft and lovely with new kind of skin care!
Keep that treasured *touch of tenderness!* Use dainty Balm Barr, on hands, face, arms—all of you! Contains costly *anhydrous lanolin*—nature's own skin care. Get purse-size FREE with each 60c bottle. Money back if results don't *thrill* you! Ask for *Balm Barr* . . . at all better cosmetic counters.
balm barr
For Petal-Soft Skin
Get Balm Barr free offer at LEADING DRUG AND DEPARTMENT STORES AND BEAUTY SHOPS

As Featured in VOGUE and HARPER'S BAZAAR
THE NEW HarperCOLD PERMANENT
$15 to $50
Consult your phone book for Harper Method Shop near you.
Harper Method
DIFFERS SO FROM ORDINARY BEAUTY SHOPS

English China
AFTER DINNER CUPS and SAUCERS
$2 each $24 dozen



We proudly present this fine selection of china, our first in a long time. Six styles to choose from, including exquisite floral and leaf patterns. Four graceful shapes sketched. Select them in matching or assorted designs as a gift to the collector, as wedding, anniversary or Christmas gifts.

Sketched above: Very fine mahogany stands for your display cabinet, $2.00 each.

Carl
FLORIST—DECO
342 BOYLSTO.
BOSTON

Officials Open Major League Draft Meeting

CHICAGO, Nov. 1 (AP)—Major league baseball officials, many short of outstanding stars by virtue of Uncle Sam's draft measure, were ready for their own draft business today—taking their picks of minor league talent—admittedly scarce.

The minor circuits have been quite thoroughly drained of big-time material ever since Pearl Harbor and major league talent scouts haven't evinced much enthusiasm of the material offered at today's third wartime draft meeting. Some owners, however, were ready to lay cash on the line at draft prices—in efforts to bolster wobbly line-ups.

"Not Much Left"

"There doesn't seem to be much left that is worth $7,500," said the veteran Connie Mack, of the Philadelphia Athletics, referring to the price tag on any player drafted from a Class AA league. Previous drafts and the military draft have weeded out just about all of them," he added.

While Lou Boudreau of Cleveland echoed Mack's sentiment, Harry Grabiner, Vice-President of the Chicago White Sox, said there "are several" he had his eye on. But he didn't name any players.

There are 589 players available for the draft in the country's organized leagues, including 340 Class AA players carrying the $7,500 price tags. For A-1 or A players the price is $6,000; Class B, $4,000, and Class C, $2,000.

Phillies First

Under the draft rules, Philadelphia's Phillies—last place club in the National League—get first choice of available talent. Then comes Washington, American League cellar-dwellers, the National League seventh place team, American League seventh placers, and so on, with the process repeated as often as there are players any club wants. The draft has averaged only 14 players a year, and it appeared, from the magnates' comments, it might be less than that this year.

Selections will be made in the office of Commissioner K. M. Landis, with Secretary Leslie O'Connor in charge in the absence of Landis.

Most of the clubs had representatives at the meeting. The American League, however, said authority to act for Detroit, Boston, and Washington had been delegated to league officials. Each club sent a confidential list of their draft choices.

Grid Attendance Shows 25 Percent Increase Over '43

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—Attendance at college football games has increased nearly 25 per cent over 1943, a national survey by the Associated Press showed today.

Reports from 72 colleges disclosed that with the season only half over an aggregate of 3,243,330 fans have ringed the gridirons compared to 2,598,581 at the same period a year ago. This is an increase of 644,749.

The top percentage increase is in the Southwest with 60.2. Turnouts in the South have jumped 43.4 per cent; 28.3 in the East; 16.5 in the Midwest, and 15.3 in the Far West.

Southern California, with a turnout of 195,000 for five home games, heads the list of 72 colleges. The University of Pennsylvania is second with 193,000 for four games followed by Ohio State at 182,306. Other teams with 100,000 or better, include Minnesota, Michigan, Illinois, Northwestern, California, U. C. L. A., and Pitt.

Two of the few schools to show a decrease over last year are Minnesota and Michigan.

Talented Tosser —By Pap'

JUST MY SMILE
Frank
FILCHOCK
THE "T" FORMATION USED BY THE REDSKINS IS IDEAL FOR HIM
AFTER HAVING BEEN OVERSHADOWED FOR SEVERAL SEASONS BY SAMMY BAUGH, HE HAS COME INTO HIS OWN WITH THE REDSKINS
JUST LIKE BAUGH !!
30
I'LL HAVE TO GET RID OF THESE SEA LEGS
FRANK SET THE LEAGUE MARK OF 99 YARDS ON A PASS PLAY TO ANDY FARKAS IN 1939
HE WAS IN THE NAVY LAST YEAR and DIDN'T PLAY PRO FOOTBALL
DAD'
AP Newsfeatures

It is difficult to imagine any forward passer relegating Sammy Baugh to a defensive role, but that is exactly what Frank Filchock did. By his amazing passing record for the Redskins, Filchock established himself as Washington's scoring threat in the eyes of Dud de Groot, the "T"-minded coach of the Redskins.

The fact that Baugh was not available for the early games gave Filchock the jump. Frank's adaptability to the "T" likewise helped. Baugh passes best from the extreme double-wing, where the Texas spread gives him more elbow room.

Filchock was serving in the Navy last year and did not play pro football, but previously he had established his reputation as a passer. With the Redskins in 1939, Frank set the National Football League pass-play record when he teamed up with Andy Farkas for a 99-yard scoring effort. Filchock was signed by Pittsburgh shortly after he was graduated from Indiana in 1939 and had played a major role in the All-Star game. He was sold to Washington shortly after and has been a star performer for the Redskins ever since.

Frank Filchock of Redskins Is Newest Pro Passing Star

CHICAGO, Nov. 1 (AP)—Flipping Frankie Filchock, Washington's pitching wonder-man, is proving quite conclusively that the National Football League has no indispensable forward passers.

With a torrid record of 58 completions in 93 attempts in four games, the newly found star of the Redskins is making league fans forget all about such sharpshooters as Sammy Baugh, Sid Luckman, Davey O'Brien, Cecil Isbell, and Arnie Herber.

Ironically, the 198-pound Filchock has turned the tables on the great Baugh whom he understudied for two seasons before joining the Navy for a two-year hitch in 1942. Now Baugh gets in to pitch for the Redskins only when Filchock gets tired of blazing away.

Hid His Light

Frankie, who has fired 10 touchdown passes in four encounters and rolled up 821 yards in fashioning a top-spot completion percentage of .624, seemingly has hid his light under a bushel ever since he played in the college All-Star game in 1938. In that contest, Purdue's Isbell stole the show by hurling the collegians to a 28-16 win over the Redskins.

Then when he played with the Redskins in 1940-41 after being purchased from the cash-needy Pittsburgh club which drafted the ex-Indiana star, Filchock quarterbacked the No. 2 backfield to more yardage than the first stringers gained under Baugh, but still played second fiddle to Baugh's unerring aim.

After donning Navy blue, Frankie did a whale of a job for the Georgia Pre-Flight team in 1942 and for the Memphis Naval Air Station last season but was seldom in the spotlight. He was mustered out of service an ensign just before the current season began after contracting a stomach ailment in South America.

Filchock last Sunday hurled three pay-off passes and eight completions in 15 attempts as the Redskins trounced the Card-Pitts He has had only three passes intercepted in his 93 attempts.

Another Frank

League statistics also disclosed that another Frank—Fireball Sinkwich of the Detroit Lions, retained his ground-gaining lead by adding 46 yards to his total against Green Bay Sunday. Sinkwich has carried the ball 96 times for a net of 384 yards, 30 more than second-place Bill Paschal of New York.

Failing to grab a touchdown pass against the Lions, stellar Don Hutson of Green Bay saw his leadership in scoring and pass receiving whittled down by big Jim Benton of the Cleveland Rams. Benton snared a pair of pay-off passes against the Chicago Bears Sunday to hike his scoring to 42 points, eight behind Hutson, and his total of touchdown aerials to 23, 15 fewer than the Packer star's aggregate of 38.

Whole Navy Line Voted Tops In Poll of Football Linemen

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—The whole Navy line, which in its last two games against Georgia Tech and Pennsylvania has thrown the opposition for a net loss of 35 yards while tearing big holes for Navy backs to gain 498 yards, won this week's Associated Press poll as the outstanding football linemen of the week.

This formidable forward wall, pitted against Notre Dame this coming Saturday in the top game of the day, is composed of Leon C. Bramlett, left end; Don Whitmire, left tackle; Edmond Deramee, left guard; Jack Martin, center; Capt. Ben Chase, right guard; Gail Gilliam, right tackle, and Ben Martin, right end.

Ralph Serpico, Illinois guard; Felto Prewitt, Tulsa center; Barney Poole, Army end; Tommy Smith, Yale's watchfob guard; Art Young, Dartmouth guard; John Ferraro, Southern California tackle; and Jack "Speedy" Fathauer, Iowa State tackle, received high praise elsewhere in the country.

Serpico, a 181-pounder, was mainly responsible for holding Notre Dame's Bob Kelly to a comparatively poor performance of only 2.4 yards average in 18 rushes. Walley Weber, Michigan scout, described Serpico as the best lineman on the field "by far."

Prewitt drew this comment from Jack Baker, assistant coach of Oklahoma Aggies who beat Tulsa by one touchdown. "Prewitt is the best center I've seen in 20 years of coaching. He's an All-America if I ever looked at one."

Poole's great play helped Army down Duke while Coach Howie Odell, of Yale, said of Smith: "Nobody has yet been able to get around him. He plays a key backerup role and calls our defensive signals."

Young was given credit for sparking Dartmouth to an uphill win over Brown. He entered the game at start of second half and turned defeat into victory by calling the right signals from his guard position. Ferraro was praised by Pest Welch, Washington coach, while Coach Mike Michalske, of Iowa State, declared of Fathauer, "This right tackle of mine is the best man I've got in there."

Monte Moncrief, Texas Aggies tackle, was singled out for compliments in the Southwest. Coach Homer Norton said Moncrief was the outstanding lineman against North Texas Aggies and "all other games this year. He gives signals on defense, is a hard tackler while his experience makes him hard to fool. He is good at rushing the passer and punter."

Other outstanding linemen:

Ends—J. G. Zisch, Norman (Okla.) Navy Zoomers; E. D. Sigrest, LSU; Hubert Bechtol, Texas; Jack Russell, Randolph Field; Bob McCain, Mississippi.

Tackles—Fred Land, LSU; Mike Castronis, Georgia; George Savitsky, Penn.; John Woudenberg, St. Mary's Preflight.

Guards—Russ Dobelstein, Tennessee; Bruce Wood, Virginia; Herbert St. John, Georgia; Ken Dermann, Nebraska; Gaston Bourgeois, Tulane; H. J. Nichols, Rice; Jim McCurdy, Washington; Jim Groh, Colgate; B. Livenhagen, Washington; Bud Flood, Iowa; John Davey, Wisconsin.

Centers—Ralph Jenkins, Clemson; Gordon Berlin, Washington; Bill Godwin, Fort Pierce (Fla.) Amphibs; Keith Doyle, Nebraska; George Strohmeyer, Iowa Seahawks.

Bissonette Made Braves Coach To Replace Sheehan

Del Bissonette, who for the past three seasons has managed the Braves' farm club at Hartford, Conn., has been signed by the Braves to take the place of Tom Sheehan, who has resigned.

Bissonette last summer piloted Hartford to first place in the Eastern League race. A native of Winthrop, Maine, he played with the Brooklyn Dodgers from 1928-1931. His first managerial job was with Glaze Bay, with which club he won the Nova Scotia League championship in 1936. He won another pennant with Glaze Bay in 1938, and the next two seasons he was with Quebec City in the Canadian American League, where he finished first one year and second the other. Del joined the Braves family in 1941 as manager of the Bradford, Penn., team.

Announcement of Bissonette's appointment was made by President Bob Quinn and his son John, who today were in Chicago for the major league draft meeting.

Role of Coach in Football Now Subordinated to Team

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP) — It seems that football is coming back to the boys, and we no longer are left with the vague impression that Bernie Bierman was playing Fritz Crisler or Wallace Wade and Bob Neyland had tied, 0 to 0, on a certain Saturday.

That is, the role of the coach has been subordinated to that of the team, and whereas at one time the coaches of the major elevens received publicity at least equal to that of the teams they tutored, today the average fan doesn't know who is coaching some of the Nation's outstanding squads.

True of Service Teams

This is particularly true of, although by no means confined to, the service teams. The various Pre-Flight elevens, the Air Force squads and Naval training stations include some of the country's better teams, but in most instances the coaches are more or less anonymous individuals, some of whom never were heard from in a football way before the war, and possibly won't be when the shooting stops.

We were reminded of this spooklike role of some of the coaches when we tried to name offhand the head men of the teams listed in the first 10 for the week. Some were easy. It was no trouble, for instance, to associate Lieut. Col. Earl Blaik with Army, as he has been there long enough to become more or less assoicated with the Cadets.

We also had no trouble with Ed McKeever of Notre Dame or Carroll Widdoes of Ohio State, although they both are new men at their jobs. Bill Alexander at Georgia Tech is an old standby and naturally caused no trouble. Commander Oscar Hagberg of Navy calls for a little thought, as he is new and without a coaching reputation.

But some of them are real stickers. It's almost a certainty that the average fan can't tell you who is coaching the Randolph Field team, rated by many as the best in the country.

The current situation rather indicates it is the material that makes the coach. Either that, or there were a lot of sleepers among the unsung guys who much to their surprise suddenly found themselves hoisted to the top slot and got a chance to display their hidden talents.

We lean a little toward the material angle, as there are many long-established coaches still on the job whose teams aren't doing quite as well as they did in peacetime.

No Rap at Coaches

This is no rap at the coaches who over the peacetime years built reputations as producers of consistent winners. Their records earned them publicity and fat salaries.

But from a purely theoretical standpoint, college football is a game for the boys, and the role of the coach is incidental. He's just doing a job for which he is paid, the same as a professor. And you never see a professor getting the credit when one of his pupils does something outstanding.

Or you don't hear of a professor getting fired because his pupils don't do so well. Maybe the football coaches are entitled to that added credit in view of the risk they take.

Golfers to Play For $150,000 On Pro Winter Tour

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—Golfdom's richest winter tour—the P. G. A. sponsored 1944-45 swing from Oregon down the West Coast, through the Southwest and South into the Carolinas—will find the play-for-pay brigade competing for more than $150,000 in War Bonds.

Fred J. Corcoran, tournament manager for the Professional Golfers' Association, announced the tour would get under way Nov. 23-26 with a $10,000 event at Portland, Ore., followed by 11 other definitely scheduled fixtures, four tentative tournaments, and several "possibilities."

"This will be the largest winter tour in the history of the association," Corcoran said. "All the events will be played for the benefit of various war relief funds, and all the top players will assist at various camps, clubs, and hospitals in golf clinics."

Byron Nelson of Toledo, golf's leading Bond winner with $39,600 for 1944, will open his fall campaign at Portland, as will Sam Snead, recently released after 25 months in the Navy. Harold (Jug) McSpaden, second money-won star with $26,000; Craig Wood, duration National Open champion; Bob Hamilton, P. G. A. king; Sam Byrd, Toney Penna, Jimmy Hines, Willie Goggin, and Ed Dudley are among other stars making the winter circuit.

Definitely scheduled events, with the cash value, are:

Nov. 23-26, Portland, Ore., $10,000; Dec. 1-4, San Francisco, $10,000; Dec. 7-10, Oakland, Calif., $5,600; Dec. 7-10, Miami, Fla., $10,000; Dec. 15-17, Richmond, Calif., $5,600; Jan. 5-8, Los Angeles, $10,000; Jan. 12-14, Phoenix, Ariz., $5,000; Jan. 19-21, El Paso, Texas, $5,000; Jan. 26-28, San Antonio, Texas, $5,000; March 16-19, Charlotte, N. C., $10,000; March 22-25, Greensboro, N. C., $5,000; March 30-April 1, Durham, N. C., $5,000.

Tentative tournaments include: Dec. 29-31, Bing Crosby open, Hollywood; Feb. 9-11, New Orleans; Feb. 16-18, Gulfport, Miss.; Feb. 23-25, Pensacola, Fla.

The Dec. 22-24, Feb. 1-4, and March 1-4 dates have been held open for "possible" tournaments.

Pittsburgh Given Its First Defeat

By the Associated Press

The St. Louis Flyers today bear the double distinction of being the only undefeated team in the American Hockey League and the team that handed the league-leading Pittsburgh Hornets their first defeat since opening day. The Flyers shaded Pittsburgh last night, 3-2, to snap the Hornets' streak of six games.

A couple of veterans accounted for the Flyers' winning margin. Left Defenseman Red Doran slammed home the winning tally from just inside the Hornets' blue line after 6:38 of the third period. Goalie Jimmy Franks then took the spotlight as he tended his net faultlessly even after the Hornets sent in six forwards in an attempt to get even.

One of the Hornet stars, Max Bennett, opened the Pittsburgh scoring in the closing minutes of the first period, counting on assists from Freddie Robertson and Dede Klein. Doran then made a solo dash from the blue line on a pass from Nakina Smith to give St. Louis its first tally.

Bob Gracie's score for Pittsburgh and Bill Kendall's for the Flyers in the second period kept the count even until Doran's game winner.

The Flyers, who have played only three games, rank second to Pittsburgh, Cleveland, and Hershey in total points.

Harvard vs. P-T Team

Harvard's undefeated football team, which returns to practice this week, will play its first game since it defeated Boston College 13-0 last Oct. 7 against the Melville P-T Squadron teams at the Stadium on Nov. 11. The Crimson's second game will be at Tufts Nov. 18.

The Dodgers missed the cellar this season by the narrow margin of 1½ games. The Dodgers haven't been in the cellar since 1905.

War Relief Games Drew $328,010.61

CHICAGO, Nov. 1 (AP)—The 16 major league War Relief baseball games last season netted a total of $328,010.16 for the National War Fund and the American Red Cross, the office of Commissioner K. M. Landis announced yesterday. An additional contribution of $1,544.86 from the Southern Association increased the total to $329,555.47, shared equally by the charities.

The American League's eight games' contribution was $205,740.37, as against $122,270.24 for the eight National League contests. The New York Yankees led in receipts, $34,587, while the $23,832.55 receipts at the St. Louis Cardinals' benefit tilt was tops in the senior circuit.

Swedish Stars Wire Inability to Come

By the Associated Press

New York, Nov. 1

Dan Ferris, Secretary-Treasurer of the National A. A. U., has received a radiogram from the Swedish Amateur Athletic Association in which Gunder Haegg and Arne Andersson, Swedish milers, declined an invitation to visit the U. S. during the indoor track season.

The message gave no reason but said a letter of explanation was being mailed.

"That's a disappointment to all the track fans in the U. S.," Ferris said, "but I haven't given up. I am going to try once more to persuade them to come over this winter."

Dodger Stock Sold

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—Sale of 25 per cent of the stock in the Brooklyn National League baseball club to Dodger President Branch Rickey and two associates was announced today by club officials.

Affiliated with Rickey in the stock purchase were Walter F. O'Malley of Brooklyn, attorney for the Dodgers for several years, and Andrew J. Schmitz, Long Island insurance man who formerly lived in Brooklyn.

RESTAURANTS

BOSTON

English Style Luncheons by Candle Light
Featuring
NEW ENGLAND BOILED DINNER, 65c
11 A. M. to 3 P.M. Daily
11 A.M. to 7 P.M. Mondays
NO LIQUORS SERVED
Just Around the Corner From COBB, BATES & YERXA
The Kingston Inn
18 Kingston Street, Off Summer Street
BOSTON, MASS.

Lobster Claw
280 Huntington Ave.
Just Above Mass. Ave.
FINEST SEA FOOD AND LOBSTERS
Also Chicken and Steak Specials Daily

OLA NORWEGIAN RESTAURANT
14 Carver Street
Luncheons—Dinners
OPEN SUNDAYS

Brittany COFFEE SHOP
LUNCHEON—DINNER
Provincial Room Buffet Luncheon
222 Newbury Street COM. 5370

EMBASSY CAFETERIA
142 Mass. Avenue (near Fenway Theatre)
EXCELLENT FOOD
Luncheons from 25c Dinners from 35c

Watton's
20 Conveniently Located RESTAURANTS
Over thirty-five years of constant unparalleled service with food of the highest standard.
Food that is really good, properly prepared to retain the necessary elements of food value.
Why Not Have the Best?

PLAINFIELD, N. J.
THE PARK HOTEL
May we invite you to visit our pleasant dining rooms for lunch or dinner
Steinway and Solovox by Dr. Earle W. Browne, nightly
LUNCH FROM 11:45-2:30 P. M.

Our good cooking pleases keen Fall appetites!
Join your friends for Luncheon or Dinner moderately priced at
KUM-UP-TU
"The Friendly Eating Place"
55 Falmouth Street at Clearway
Opposite The Christian Science Publishing Society, Boston

BROOKLYN, N. Y.
HOTEL PIERREPONT
55 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Daily and Sunday Dinners..85c-$1
Main 4-5500

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The Moravian Inn
Closed Sunday
(Famous for Home Cooking)
Lunch ..... 55c and 65c—12:00 - 2:00
Dinners ..... 85c and $1.00— 5:00 - 7:00
1511 Moravian Street Spruce 2640

PITTSBURGH, PA.
Central Cafeteria
327-331 FOURTH AVENUE
Featuring
HOME STYLE FOODS
Wisely Purchased, Carefully Prepared
Well Served Luncheon ONLY 11 to 2:30
(Closed Sundays)

Luncheon 11:30 to 4 — The Country Plate — Dinner 5 to 8
195 Tremont St. Little Bldg. Sat. and Sun Closed

FRENCH SHRINER & URNER
brown MIDLAND GRAIN

"ONE OF AMERICA'S FINE SHOES FOR MEN"
A custom-grade oxford in a smart half-brogue pattern. "Strand" last.
Style 153 . . . $14.50
BOSTON—18 School Street
NEW YORK—74 E. 42nd Street, 169 Broadway, 1372 Broadway
48 W. 50th Street, 350 Madison Ave.
BROOKLYN—385 Fulton Street
PHILADELPHIA—1422 Chestnut St.
WASHINGTON—Lewis & Thos. Saltz, Inc.

CLASSIFIED

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

Beautiful Country Home

Twelve acres in fruit belt, southern N. H.; house white Colonial, 8 rooms, bath and toilet, hot and cold water, hot-water heat; pure spring water piped to house, electric pump and lights, copper-screened porch 11x20 feet overlooking orchard and beautiful Souhegan Valley; 400 apple trees; garage, barn and fruit storage buildings 70 by 80 feet; all in excellent repair; 8 minutes' ride to town, 15 miles from Nashua. Address owner, Mrs. Mary Hay, Wilton, N. H.

POTTER HOMESTEAD
GILFORD, N. H.
Beautiful summer or year round old Farm Homestead consisting of large house, garage, barn and outbuildings with modern conveniences, situated on Potter Hill overlooking Lake Winnipesaukee and White Mts. with exceptionally fine garden plot, small fruit and berries. Inquire of Clarence E. Sawyer, Phone Glendale 2773 R. F. D. #4, Laconia, N. H.

HYDE PARK, MASS.
13-room house, 3 baths; everything in excellent condition; central location near transportation, stores, etc.; suitable for rest home. For further particulars Hyd. 0630 or 0583-M.

6-RM. single with sun parlor, fireplace; garage; steam by coal; good-sized lot; nr. transportation; A-1 condition; no brokers; owner on premises; $7000. Stoneham 0447-J (Mass.).

SEWICKLEY, PA.—Attractive new brick and clapboard house, 7 rooms, 2 baths, single-car integral garage; large lot; in desirable residential neighborhood. Phone Sew. 824.

REAL ESTATE—INSURANCE

GEORGE GILES & SON
INSURANCE SPECIALIZING—REALTORS
689 Mass. Avenue, Cambridge, Mass. KIR. 9345

APARTMENTS TO SUBLET

BROOKLINE, MASS.—3 large furnished heated rooms 1 block from Beacon St. car stop; 12 minutes to Boston. Longwood 0343.

APARTMENTS WANTED

FURNISHED single, quiet, reasonable; business lady; Grand Central Station transportation. Write Box R-26, Suite 1550, 500 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

2 BUSINESS women desire comfortable, unfurn. apt. midtown or village, N. Y. C.; 3 rms., bath. Write 482 Ridgewood Rd., Maplewood, N. J.

HOUSES WANTED

UNFURN. HOUSE or large apt., Watertown, Cambridge, Belmont, or Newton; 4 bedrooms; 4 adults; plan long stay. Phone Watertown 6472.

ROOMS TO LET

Hotel Huntington
SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES
Friendly Service
BRADFORD KENDRICK Manager
ROOMS ALL WITH BATH
Single, $2.00 and up
Double, $3 and $3.50
307 Huntington Ave., Boston, Mass. Opp. Y.M.C.A.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., near beach and church; running water; $2.00 day; also private baths; good heat. Hotel Troy, 1310 Pacific.

BOSTON, 106 BELVIDERE ST. (Apt. 4)—Pleasant, warm, light room, near The Christian Science Mother Church; corner Falmouth.

BOSTON—2 double rooms, overlooking The Fenway; for transients; shower, elevator. Call Com. 7648.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED

REFINED Protestant elderly lady desires pleasant, warm rm., board, some care. $18-$20 wk. Box R-18, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

ROOMS WANTED

ROOM or share apt., business woman; vicinity 68th and Central Pk. West, N. Y. C. Write Box N-10, Suite 1550, 500 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.

BUSINESS woman would like moderately priced room between 50th and 100th Streets, N. Y. C. Phone SA. 2-4643.

PAYING GUESTS

REST and STUDY at the SEA PINES HOMESTEAD on Cape Cod
Opportunities for individual work in art, weaving, music, literature and creative writing. Paths through pine woods. Congenial companionship. Fireplaces; oil heat. Very near Christian Science church, Sea Pines School, Post Office and small store. Bus stops at door. Address FAITH BICKFORD, E. Brewster, Mass.

BOARD for CHILDREN WANTED

HOME for two girls aged 3 and 4½; Buffalo or vicinity. S. BUTLER, General Delivery, Tonawanda, N. Y.

MOVING AND STORAGE

I DEEM it a privilege to offer the services of my fireproof warehouse to the readers of The Christian Science Monitor in addition to local and long distance moving. NOBLE R. STEVES, 24 Sharp St., Boston 24, Mass. Tel. Talbot 2400

CLARK MOVING CO.
Packers & Movers—Asp. 4681, Brookline, Mass.

ANTIQUES

VISITORS TO BOSTON—SEE OUR Most Unusual Collection of Fine Porcelains and China
Windsor Art Galleries, 66 Arlington St., Boston

ANTIQUES WANTED

CASH paid for antique furniture, glass, china, bric-a-brac, silver, etc. HENRY POSTAR, 58 Market Street, Brighton, Mass. Stadium 7866.

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

TAXI THE DELUXE WAY
BOSTON CAB KEN. 5010

BEAUTY SHOPS

JIMMY — HAIRDRESSER
Permanents $5 to $7.50. Hours 10-7. Lo. 5-3511
33 W. 42 Bet. 5th and 6th, N. Y. C., Rm. 1019.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES WANTED

$25,000
Attorney with executive experience will invest as active participant in going concern. Can secure additional $50,000 for financing if conditions warrant. Box M-25, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

CLOTHING

ORIGINAL MAX KEEZER CO. ONLY ONE STORE. WE BUY USED CLOTHING, BRIC-A-BRAC, JEWELRY AND SILVER. 1109 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, CAMBRIDGE, MASS. TRO. 0302

DOGS FOR SALE

GRAFMAR KENNELS, Hopkinton, Mass. Tel. 272—For sale, German Shepherds, $75 up; Weimaraners $100 up; all breeds trained to be well mannered; $75 per mo.; folder on request.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS

SEASONED FIREPLACE WOOD
Mixed oak and maple; kindling also, at ceiling price VESPA BROS. TRUST, 350 Langley Rd., Newton Center, Mass. Big. 1534.

GENTLEMAN'S eastern mink-lined fur coat, with mink collar; perfect condition. Call KENmore 8240, Boston.

MAN or woman to give cafe to middle-aged man; some nursing experience; resident position near New York City; references required. Write Box D-18, Suite 1550, 500 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

GENERAL MAN, capable, simple cooking, light driving; Christian Scientist preferred; highest wages; 2 adults. Com. 4494, Boston.

HELP WANTED—MEN

DRAFTSMEN
for Important War Work
- PIPING DRAFTSMEN, with experience in process piping.
- STRUCTURAL DRAFTSMEN, with experience in steel and reinforced concrete.
- DRAFTSMEN ON PRESSURE VESSELS, familiar with various codes.

Only Qualified Men Considered
E. B. BADGER & SONS CO.
75 PITTS STREET, BOSTON

SALES ENGINEER
CHICAGO representative of several electrical manufacturers has position for a capable and energetic sales and field engineer; E. E. degree and some familiarity with electronics highly desirable; work in Chicago and surrounding states. In replying, state training, experience, abilities, religion, salary expected, and when available. Box C-19, Suite 2900, 333 North Michigan, Chicago 1.

SOLICITOR
Large factoring organization desires Massachusetts resident in its new business department; knowledge of factoring preferable; liberal compensation; your reply in detail about yourself and your experience will be kept confidential. Box F-43, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

MAN or woman to give cafe to middle-aged man; some nursing experience; resident position near New York City; references required. Write Box D-18, Suite 1550, 500 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

GENERAL MAN, capable, simple cooking, light driving; Christian Scientist preferred; highest wages; 2 adults. Com. 4494, Boston.

SALESMEN WANTED

EXECUTIVE - SALESMAN
The Research Institute of America, Inc., a nationally known organization, desires to appoint qualified, mature individual for local district on salary and commission basis.
Man selected must have well-groomed appearance—mental alertness—ability to inspire and call on "top-flight executives"; car; successful sales record of intangibles also requisite.
Send business resume to Francis Berry, Research Institute of America, 1033 Park Square Building, Boston 16.

OPPORTUNITY in compact Life Insurance sales organization. Man that qualifies will be taught our business and merchandising methods. Commission. Earnings limited only by individual ability. For personal interview write Box N-33, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

HELP WANTED

WANTED IMMEDIATELY
HELPER SHIPFITTERS
Experience Not Necessary
Buses direct to yard from Quincy Square every 30 minutes. Special Trains direct to shipyard daily from South Station at 6:25 a. m.
Apply at
BETHLEHEM-HINGHAM SHIPYARD, INC.
OR U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

HELP WANTED—WOMEN

WANTED
Girl for second work in Melrose, Mass. Good wages and living conditions. Call MELrose 0076.

MUSIC

NEW SACRED SOLOS
THE EVERLASTING ARMS Anderson
LORD OF THE HARVEST Davis
THE GATE BEAUTIFUL Staehle
HE MAKETH WARS TO CEASE Yeakle
60c each
The Harmony Music Publishers
Box 243, Chicago 90, Illinois

PAINTING AND DECORATING

Painting, Papering ARNold 2368
EDWARD PARKER (Mass.)

PECANS FOR SALE

SEMI-SHELLED PECANS. 5 lbs. $3.24; 10 lbs. $5.99, prepaid to you. 1944 crop, big bodied pecans, finest varieties. Surplus shells removed. Satisfaction guaranteed. PHILS PECAN PLANTATION M., Camilla, Ga. Delivery Nov. 1st to 15th.

PEN REPAIRING

FOUNTAIN PENS REPAIRED
We carry a Complete Stock of All Standard Make Pens, Pencil Sets, Engraving
PENCRAFT, Inc.
3rd Floor, 5 Bromfield St., Boston. LIB. 2813
Prompt Service. Boston's Finest Pen Shop.

EXPERT WORK WHILE YOU WAIT
FOUNTAIN PEN REPAIRING
Personal Pen 333 Wash. Street, Boston Room 306 LAF. 3487

PEST CONTROL

INSECT, rodent and termite control specialists since 1913. Guarantee Exterminating Co., 500 5th Ave., N. Y. C. Lo. 5-6600. Suburban branches.

PIANOS FOR SALE

MASON & HAMLIN concert grand, beautiful tone, in excellent condition. Call Biz. 1223 between 7 and 9 p. m. (Newton, Mass.).

LEXINGTON, MASS.—Medium small grand in excellent condition, late model, mahogany. Lyons and Healy, Lexington 0523.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHERS

HELEN MEJAN
EXPERT CONFIDENTIAL SERVICE
KEN. 2159 248 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON

RUGS WANTED

We pay GOOD PRICES for GOOD RUGS in GOOD CONDITION. ARMORY RUG CO., 882 Boylston Street, Boston, Com. 4045.

SEWING MACHINES

197 MAPLEWOOD AVE., Maplewood, N. J.
McLEAN SEWING CENTER
Any make sewing machines repaired

SALESWOMEN WANTED

SELL DRESS GOODS to home sewers in your locality; also hosiery, underwear, cosmetics; old established firm. Write for information. Buckley Bros. Co., Inc., 881 Broad, N. Y. 3, N. Y.

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED

LONG-ESTABLISHED rate engineering service organization needs executive time representatives residing in Massachusetts or New Hampshire; only men over 40 with good character and excellent sales background need apply; should have car, earnings must be minimum of $5,000 per year for the man who qualifies to hold protected territory; commission basis; give full details, references, after exchange of correspondence, selected men will be interviewed and given actual sales training in field. Box M-76, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

HARVARD man, College Law and Business Schools, 39 years old, employed for past two years as production manager, wants to be "born" to a "father" who is sole owner-manager of a manufacturing concern and who wants to "father a son" who is willing to give his entire training ability and enthusiastic loyalty in return for a chance to learn, carry on and own the business. Box N-28, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

GRADUATE engineer with training and experience in refrigeration and conditioning seeks position in field engineering or market research. Box T-16, S. 2950, 333 N. Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

SECRETARY, young man, alert college man, executive responsibility desired; $50.00. Write Box M-43, Suite 1550, 500 5th Ave., N. Y. C.

SITUATIONS WANTED—WOMEN

NURSE, Christian Scientist, high type of woman; years of experience with babies or young children or adults that need special care; capable of managing home where older help is kept; good companion, willing to travel. Write Box S-43, Suite 1550, 500 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

IT IS a privilege to have the services of my housekeeper-companion. She would like one or two adults in St. Petersburg, Florida. Can you use her? Box 18, Squantum 71, Mass.

LEGAL SECRETARY, experienced in probate and general law office work, desires permanent position; 11 years with last employer. Box M-75, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Nurse, practical (Christian Scientist), experienced, desires case; excellent shopper and manager; willing to assume 18-hr. duty; best references. Call EM 4677.

VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE

Job Floundering? Consult Helen Trimpe CAREERS FOR WOMEN
342 Madison Avenue, N. Y. City Mu. 2-0013

WANTED TO BUY

WE PAY spot cash for worn fur coats, chokers, scarfs, etc. J. Fox, 110 W. 34th, opp. Macy's, N. Y. C. CHick 4-4403.

COUPLE—Cook, serve, and general work. Private School, Box M-70, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

PHOTOGRAPHER—Experienced printer and enlarger. MATERNE STUDIO, 140 48th Street, Union City, N. J.

Today's Closing Quotations on New York Stock Exchange

Today's sales (est.)	700,000
Previous day's sales	676,210
1944 volume to date	213,795,349
1943 volume to date	240,969,094

Average Price of 60 Stocks
By the Associated Press

Tuesday	54.8	Prev. day	54.7
Month ago	54.7	Year ago	50.7
1944 high	56.4	1944 low	49.5

Stks/Divds (Dollars)	Sales (100s)	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Abbott Labipf4 †	10	110	110	110	
Abbott Lab 1.60a	3	59½	59	59	−1
ACF-Brill Motor	3	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
Air Reduction 1a	13	39	38⅝	38⅞	+ ⅛
Ala & Vicks 6†	10	89	89	89	+1
Alaska Juneau	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
Alb&Susq7.55e †	10	161½	161½	161½	+ ½
Alleghany Corp	6	2¼	2¼	2¼	+ ⅛
Alleghany pf	12	28¾	28¼	28¼	
Alleg Lud Stl 2e	1	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	
Allen Indust ¾g	2	14⅝	14½	14½	− ⅛
Al Chem & Dye 6	4	151	150	151	− ½
Allied Mills 3e	13	30⅞	30⅝	30⅝	− ⅛
Allied Strs 1	5	20¼	20⅛	20¼	− ⅛
Allis Ch Mfg ¾e	25	36⅜	35¾	35¾	− ⅛
Alpha P Cem 1	1	21½	21½	21½	
Am Ag Ch D 1.20a	1	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	− ⅛
Am Airlines 1½pg	4	80½	80	80	− ½
Am Bank Note .80	1	20¼	20¼	20¼	+ ⅛
Am Bosch 1e	5	15¾	15¾	15¾	
Am BrakeSh 1.15e	1	44¼	44¼	44¼	
Am Cable & Rad	72	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	+ ⅛
Am Can 3	3	87½	87½	87½	
Am Can pf 7 †	10	181	181	181	− ¾
Am Car & F 2½e	1	28¾	28½	28½	
Am C & F pf 5¼e	7	89	88⅜	89	+ ½
Am Chain & C 2	12	25⅞	25¾	25⅞	+ ⅜
Am Chicle 4a	60	127½	127	127½	+1
Am Ch&Cbl pf5 †	30	107	107	107	− ¼
Am Colortype .60	1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
Am Crystal Sugar	13	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝	+ ⅛
Am Crys S pf 6 †	20	106	106	106	+1
Am Distil	6	27	27	27	+ ⅛
Am European ¼e	1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
Am Export L 2	4	26⅜	25⅞	25⅞	− ½
Am & For Pow	70	2½	2⅜	2½	+ ⅛
Am & FP'6 pf 6k	3	92⅛	92	92	
Am & FP 7 7k	4	96¾	96⅜	96¾	+1
Am & F P 2 pf	17	17½	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
Am-Haw SS 2½e	1	36	36	36	
Am Hide & Leath	8	5⅛	5	5⅛	
Am Home Pr 2.40	2	75½	75½	75½	+ ½
Am Ice	5	6¼	6¼	6¼	− ⅛
Am Internat .20e	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
Am Invest III .60	1	8¼	8¼	8¼	+ ⅛
Am Locomo ¾e	26	21⅜	20⅝	20¾	− ⅜
Am M&Fdy .80	2	16	15⅞	16	
Am Metal 1	1	25	25	25	
Am Metal pf 6 †	20	130	130	130	
Am NewsCo1.80 †	90	27	26¾	27	+1
Am Pow & Lt	3	2¾	2⅝	2¾	+ ⅛
Am P&L S6 pf	7	53¼	53	53	+ ¼
Am P&L S5 pf	11	46¾	46¼	46⅝	+ ½
Am Rad&StS .40	15	12	11⅞	12	
Am R Mill .80	24	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	− ⅛
Am RM pf 4½ †	70	74½	74¼	74¼	− ¼
Am Safe Raz 1¾e	11	17	17	17	− ½
Am Sh Bldg 3e †	540	31¾	31⅛	31¾	+ ¼
Am Smelt & R 2	7	40¼	39⅞	39⅞	− ⅛
Am Smelt&R pf7†	50	158⅝	158⅛	158⅝	− ⅜
Am Snuff 2.40	3	44¾	44½	44¾	+ ¼
Am Snuff pf 6 †	20	147	147	147	−1
Am Stl Fdrs 2	13	25¼	25⅛	25⅛	− ⅛
Am Stores 1	2	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
Am Stove 1.20	1	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	+ ⅛
Am Sug Ref 2e	5	48⅛	48	48	+ ½
Am Sugar pf 7	1	128	128	128	+ ½
Am Sum Tob 1¼e	1	29	29	29	− ⅛
Am Tel & Tel 9	11	164	163⅞	164	
Am Tobacco 3a	2	66¾	66½	66½	+ ¼
Am Tob B 3a	3	67¾	67½	67½	
Am Tob pf 6 †	240	142¾	142½	142¾	+ ⅝
Am Type Fdrs ½e	1	11¾	11⅝	11¾	
Am Viscose 2	1	44¾	44¾	44¾	− ¼
Am Wat Wks	19	8¾	8½	8¾	+ ⅛
Am Woolen	4	8	7⅞	7⅞	− ⅛
Am Wool pf 8k	4	91	90½	91	+2
Anaconda Cop1¾e	18	27¼	27	27¼	+ ⅛
Anchor H-G .45e	2	25½	25½	25½	+ ½
Andes Copper ¾e	1	11¼	11¼	11¼	+ ⅛
Arch-Dan M 2e	1	54	54	54	+ ½
Armour & Co	21	5⅞	5¾	5¾	− ⅛
Armour pr pf 6k	1	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	+ ⅜
Armour & Co pf †	20	106	106	106	
Armstrong Cork 1	1	44½	44½	44½	+ ¼
Artloom Corp .30e	3	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	
Assd DryGoods¾ae	3	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	
Assd D Gds1p6 †	100	11.½	109¼	110½	+1
Assd D Gd 2pf7 †	60	104	203¾	104	+ ½
Atch T & S F 6	10	66½	65¾	65¾	− ¼
Atch T & S pf 5	19	98⅛	98	98⅛	+ ⅜
Atl Coast Line 3e	7	40¼	39¾	40¼	
AtlG&W Indies 3g	25	26⅜	35¼	26⅜	+1⅜
Atl Refining 1½e	17	30⅜	30	30	
Atl Ref pf 4 †	50	109½	109½	109½	+ ½
Atlas Corp ½e	7	15½	15⅛	15¼	− ¼
AtlasPowd2¼e †	80	60½	60	60	+ ¼
Atlas Pow pf 5 †	10	114	114	114	+1
AustN pfA5½k †	30	72	72	72	
Aviation Corp .10e	81	5	4⅞	5	+ ⅛
Bald Loco ct ¾e	21	23⅛	22¾	22¾	− ⅛
Balt & Ohio	34	8⅜	8⅛	8¼	
Balt & Ohio pf	12	15	14¾	14¾	+ ⅛
Bangor & Ar	19	12¾	11⅞	12¾	+ ¾
Ban & A pf7½k †	20	68	68	69	+ ½
Barber Asph ¼e	6	24⅝	24⅜	24⅝	+ ¼
Barker Bros ½e	2	18	17⅞	18	+ ⅝
Barnsdall Oil .60a	7	16⅛	15⅞	15⅞	− ⅜
Bath Iron Wks 4	5	16¼	16⅛	16⅛	
Bayuk Cigars 1½	2	31½	31½	31½	− ½
Beech Aire 1e	119	11	10⅛	10¾	+ ¼
Bell Aire 1e	153	14¼	13¾	14	+ ⅜
Bendix Aviat 2¼e	9	45	44⅞	44⅞	− ⅛
Benef Ind Ln .90e	3	19½	19¼	19¼	− ¼
Best & Co 1.60a	1	41	41	41	+1
Best Foods 1e	7	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	
Beth Steel 6	20	64¼	63⅝	64¼	+ ⅜
Beth Steel pf 7	2	125	125	125	
Bigelow-Sanf 13½e	1	47	47	47	− ½
Black&Deck 1.60a	1	22½	22½	22½	+ ½
Blaw-Knox .45e	13	10⅞	10⅜	10⅜	
Boeing Airplane 2e	59	17	16¾	16¾	+ ⅛
Borden Co 1.20e	8	33⅝	33	33⅜	+ ⅛
Bono Strs 2	1	46	46	46	+1¼
Borg-Warner 1.60	9	39	38⅞	39	+ ¼
Boston & Maine	2	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	− ⅛
Braniff Airw .60	11	19½	19⅛	19⅛	− ⅜
Bridgeport Br 1	11	11⅞	11	11	− ¼
Briggs Mfg 2	7	38½	38¼	38⅜	+ ⅛
Bklyn Un Gas ½e	3	21⅛	21	21	− ⅛
Bucyrus-Erie .45e	10	12¼	12¼	12¼	− ⅛
Budd Mfg	18	10¼	10⅛	10¼	+ ⅛
Budd Mfg55pf5 †	210	71¼	70⅜	71¼	+1
Budd Wheel ½e	4	9⅝	9½	9½	
Bullard Co ½e	2	19¼	19¼	19¼	
Bulova Watch 2	6	38¾	38½	38¾	− ¼
Burr Add Mach .60	14	14¼	14⅛	14⅛	
BushTB pf 3½k †	340	60	58½	59¼	+ ½
Bush Term ¾e	5	6⅛	6	6	− ⅛
Butler Bros .60e	*8	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	
Butler Br of 1½	*3	31½	31¼	31½	+ ½
Byers AM Co ¼e	4	14¼	14¼	14¼	+ ⅜
Byers AM pf 7 †	120	89½	89½	89½	+ ¾
Bytle C & Z ¼e	1	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	
ByronJackson 1¾e	1	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	− ⅜
Calif Pack 1½	1	27	27	27	
Callahan Z-Lead	3	1⅛	1	1⅛	
Cal & Hecla .60e	7	6⅝	6½	6½	
Campbell Wy ¾ae	1	19½	19½	19½	
Can DryGAle ¾ae	6	28⅜	28¼	28⅜	
Canad Pacific 1e	12	10⅜	10¼	10¼	+ ¼
Capital Adm A	2	9⅞	9½	9⅞	+ ⅛
Cap Adm pf 3 †	40	49½	49¼	49½	
Caro C & O 5 †	30	114¾	114¾	114¾	+ ¼
CarpenterStl 1¾e	1	32	32	32	
Carrier Corp 2	8	18⅝	18½	18½	+ ⅛
Carrier Corp pf2¼	3	57¼	57	57	
Carriers&Gen .20	2	5¼	5¼	5¼	
Case Jl Co 3¾e	1	76¼	76¼	76¼	+ ½
Case Jl pf 7 †	10	148	148	148	
Caterpil Tractor 2	8	47½	47½	47½	
Celanese Cp 3-70f	5	34	34	34	
Celanese 1stpf4¾	4	102½	102¼	102¼	+ ¼
Celotex Corp ½	5	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
Celotex Cp pf 1 †	170	18¼	18¼	18¼	+ ⅛
Cent Aguirre 1½	11	21	21	21	+ ¼
Cent Foundry	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
Cent R R N J	2	10½	10¼	10¼	− ¼
Cent VioletaSl1½e	5	28⅜	27¾	28	
CenturyRibM .10e	2	11¾	11½	11¾	+ ⅛
Cerro de Pas 3	2	32	32	32	
Certain-teed Prod	38	7⅜	7¼	7⅜	
Certain-teed pf †	280	123½	123½	123½	
Champ Pap & F 1	1	29¼	29¼	29¼	+ ¼
Champ P&F pf6 †	60	114	113¾	114	+ ½
Ches & Ohio 3	21	47⅛	46¾	47⅛	
Chi & E III	6	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	− ⅛
Chi & E III A 2e	6	13⅞	13⅝	13¾	− ⅛
Chi Grt West	2	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	− ¼
Chi Grt Wpf17⅞k	1	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	
Chi & No West	64	27¾	27½	27½	+ ¼
Chi & NW pf .15e	9	49⅜	48¾	48¾	+ ¼
Chi Pneu Tool 2	3	19⅝	19½	19½	
Chi Pneu T cv pf3	1	47½	47½	47½	+1½
Childs Co	7	4⅞	4¾	4¾	
Chile Cop 2 †	20	27	27	27	
Chrysler Corp 2¼e	3	90	90	90	+ ¼
City I&F 1.20	1	20⅝	20½	20½	
City Invest pf †	10	95¼	95⅛	95¼	+ ⅜
City Stores 3½	4	9¼	9⅛	9¼	+ ⅛
Clark Equip 2¼e	2	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	+ ⅛
Clev CC&SL pf5 †	40	85	85	85	−2
Clev Graph Br 2	1	43	43	43	
Clev G B pf 5 †	10	106¼	106¼	106¼	
Clev&Pitt 3½ †	10	93½	93½	93½	− ¼
ClimaxMolyb1.20a	1	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	+ ⅛
Cluett,Pea 1½e	3	37⅜	37¼	37½	− ⅛
Coca-Cola 3a	1	136½	136½	136½	− ½
Coca-Cola A 3 †	30	63¼	63¼	63¼	− ¼
Colgate-Pim ½a	3	30	29¾	29¾	− ½
Collins & Aik ¾ae	3	35¾	35	35	− ⅜
Col&South 1pf †	20	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	+ ⅜
Col & South2pf †	50	17½	17½	17½	+ ¼
ColB'castA 1.20e	13	32¼	32¼	32¼	− ¼
ColumG&El .20e	29	4½	4¾	4¾	
Col G&E 6 pf 6	5	89	88¾	88¾	− ⅝
Col G&E 5 pf5 †	60	82½	81	82½	
Colum Pict ½e	2	19½	19½	19½	
Colum Carbon 4	1	92¾	92¾	92¾	
Comm Credit 2	2	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	− ½
Comm Inv Tr 2.40	36	44⅝	44	44	− ¾
Comm Solvents .30e	2	15½	15⅜	15½	− ⅛
Com Ed 1.40	20	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞	+ ⅛
Comw'lth&South	139	1⅞	⅞	1⅛	
Com & So pf 33¼k	14	90	88½	89⅞	+1½
Congoleum-Nairn 1	2	25½	25½	24½	
Consol Cigar 1½e	2	28½	28½	28½	− ¾
Consol Cigpf4¾ †	50	97½	97½	97½	
Cons Copper	3	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	
Cons Edison 1.60	36	25½	25¼	25⅜	+ ¼
Cons Edis pf 5	9	107⅜	107¼	107⅜	+ ¼
Cons Film Ind	5	6⅜	6	6	− ⅛
Cons Film pf ¾k	29	28	27½	28	+ ¾
Cons Laund .85e	6	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	− ¼
Cons Nat Gas 1a	29	29⅜	29	29	+ ⅛
Cons RR Cuba pf	13	19	18⅜	18¾	+ ½
Cons Vultee 2	89	17⅞	17⅜	17¾	+ ½
Cons Vul pf 1¼	4	25	24⅞	25	+ ⅛
Consol'n Coal	2	15¾	15¾	15¾	+ ⅛
ConsumP pf4½ †	170	109¾	109	109	+ ¼
Container Cp 1½e	4	28⅜	28⅛	28⅛	− ⅜
Cont Bak ¾e	2	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
Cont Can ¾e	9	39½	38¾	38¾	− ¾
Cont Dia Fib .40e	1	10¾	10¾	10¾	
Cont Ins 1.60a	3	48⅛	48	48	− ½
Cont Motors .45e	3	8⅛	8	8	
Cont Oil Del 1.20	3	28¼	28⅛	28⅛	− ⅛
Cont Steel ¾e	2	29¼	29⅛	29⅛	
Cooper Bess pf3 †	90	45	44¾	45	+1
CopperweldStl .80	13	12⅛	12	12	− ⅛
Corn Exch 2.40	112	53	53	53	+ ¼
Corn Prod 2.60	9	58¾	58½	58¾	+ ¾
Corn Prod pf 7 †	10	178¾	178¾	178¾	
Cornell-D-E .60e	13	20¾	20⅛	20¾	+ ½
Coty Inc .15e	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
Coty Interna †	15	37⅜	35⅜	35⅜	− ⅛
Crane Co 1	4	25¾	25½	25¾	+ ⅛
Crane Co pf 5 †	30	108	108	108	
Cream of Wh 1½	2	24⅜	24¼	24¼	− ⅛
Crosley Corp ¾e	26	27	26	26⅜	+ ¾
Crown Cork&S ¾ae	1	26	26	26	− ¾
Crown Cork pf 2¼	1	48	48	48	− ⅛
Crown Zeller 1	3	20¼	20¼	20¼	+ ⅛
Crown Zel pf 5 †	110	103	102¾	103	+ ⅛
Crucible Steel 3g	1	35½	35½	35½	− ¼
Crucible Stl pf 5	1	80⅛	80⅛	80½	+ ½
Cuba R R pf	170	26	25½	26	+ ½
Cuban-A Sug 1e	8	15¾	15¾	15¾	− ¼
Cuneo Press 1½	5	28½	28¼	28½	+ ¼
Cudahy Pack .30e	1	24	24	24	
Curtis Publishing	27	9⅜	9⅛	9¼	− ⅛
Curtis Pub pr pf3a	5	54	54	54	+1⅛
Curtis-Wright ¾ag	148	6¼	6⅛	6¼	+ ⅛
Curtis-Wr A 1½e	22	18¾	18¼	18¾	+ ½
Cutler-Ham 1.05e	1	24	24	24	+ ¼
DavisonChem 1¼e	24	15⅞	15¾	15¾	
Decca Record 1.20	1	38	38	38	
Deere & Co 2e	11	40¼	39½	40¼	+ ¾
Deere & Co pf1.40	9	35½	35¼	35½	
Del & Hudson	6	30¾	30¼	30¼	− ⅛
Del Lack & West	11	7½	7¼	7¼	− ⅛
Detroit Edi 1.20	19	21⅛	20⅞	21	+ ⅛
Devoe&RayA 1a †	130	39½	38½	39½	+2½
Diam Match 1½	1	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	+ ½
Diam T Motor 1	3	16	15⅞	16	+ ⅛
Dist Cp-Sg h2.22	5	32	31¾	31¾	− ¼
Doehler Die 1½e	1	43	43	43	
Dome Mines 1.20h	14	22⅛	21¾	21⅞	+ ⅛
Douglas Airc 5e	19	72⅜	71¾	72¼	+ ⅜
Dow Chem 3	2	126	125½	126	
Dresser Indust 1e	1	39	39	39	+ ⅛
Dunhill Int	7	13¾	13⅜	13⅜	− ⅛
du Pont de N 33¼e	5	155½	155	155	− ¼
du Pont pf 4½	2	125¼	125¼	125¼	− ¾
Eagle Pich L .45e	5	13⅛	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅛
Eastern Air L	5	37	36½	36½	+ ¼
Eastman Kodak 5	2	169	168¾	169	
East Kodak pf6 †	130	189	189	189	+1
Eaton Mfg 3	1	49	49	49	+ ¼
Edis Bros St .80a	1	21¾	21¾	21¾	− ¼
Elastic S Nut ¾ae	1	13¾	13¾	13¾	
El Auto-Lite1¾e	244	44⅞	44¾	44¾	− ¼
Elec Boat 1½e	5	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
El&Mus Ind .08e	5	5¾	5¾	5¾	+ ⅛
El Power & Lt	3	4½	4⅜	4⅜	
El Pow&Lt $7 pf	2	92¼	92¼	92¼	− ⅞
El Storage Bat 2	4	44½	44⅜	44⅜	
EmersonElMfg.55e	6	15¾	15⅜	15¾	+ ⅛
Endicott-John 3	2	65	63⅝	65	+1⅜
Endic-John pf 4 †	50	106¼	106¼	106¼	
Eng Pub Service	47	14¾	14⅛	14⅝	+ ⅜
Erie R R pf A 5	1	62½	62	62½	
EurekaVCleaner½	2	12	11⅞	11⅞	− ⅛
EvansProducts ⅜ae	3	14	13⅞	14	
Ex-Cell-O 2.60	21	43¼	42⅝	42⅞	+ ⅛
Exchange Buf .35e	1	4½	4½	4½	
Fairbanks Morse1a	6	41¾	41¼	41¼	− ¼
Fajardo Sugar 2	9	25⅛	24¾	24¾	− ½
Farns Tel & Rad	2	13	13	13	− ⅛
Fed Mng&Sm 1½e	2	22½	22½	22½	
Fed MotTruck .40	6	8¾	8½	8½	− ¼
Federat D Strs1½	7	29½	29¼	29¼	− ¼
FedDStrs pf4¼ †	70	103	103	103	
Fid P Ins 1.60a	3	53	53	53	+ ½
FirestoneT&R1½e	9	52	51⅝	51⅝	+ ⅛
Firest T&R pf4½	2	107½	107½	107½	− ¼
Flintkote .45e	5	22½	22¼	22½	− ⅛
Flintkote pf4½ †	20	108	108	108	+ ½
Follansbee Stl	2	6½	6½	6½	
Food Fair Strs 1	3	15¼	15¼	15¼	
Foster Wheel ½e	2	23	22¾	22¾	
FostWh6pf 11½ †	110	23	23	23	+ ¼
FranciscoSugar½e	3	16	16	16	− ⅛
Freeport Sulph 2	6	22⅜	22¼	22½	− ⅛
FruehaufTpf4½ †	30	114¼	114	114	− ¼
Gair Robert .30g	6	4½	4⅜	4½	
Gamewell Co 3e	10	45	45	45	+ ⅛
Gar Wood Ind .40	7	7	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
Gaylord Cont ½ae	1	20¾	20⅜	20⅜	− ⅛
Gen Am Inv 1g	1	14¼	14	14¼	
Gen Am Inv pf 6	2	108¼	107½	108¼	+2⅝
Gen Baking .60	1	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
Gen Cable	1	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛	+ ⅛
Gen Cable pf7k †	80	103	102	103	+ ½
Gen Elec 1.40	29	39	38⅝	39	+ ⅛
Gen Foods 1.60	9	41	40⅝	40⅝	− ⅜
Gen Fds pf 4½ †	40	113½	113½	113½	
Gen G & El A	19	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
Gen Motors 2½e	75	61⅝	61⅜	61½	− ¼
Gen Out Adv ½e	7	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	
Gen Out Ad A 4	5	56	56	56	+1
Gen Prec Eq 1	2	21½	21½	21½	
Gen Pub Service	2	1¾	1¾	1¾	− ⅛
Gen P Ink pf 4½	21	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	+1⅛
Gen Print Ink .30e	2	9½	9½	9½	
Gen Ry Signal ¾ae	3	25⅜	25⅝	25⅝	− ⅛
Gen Real&Ut(new)	14	2⅞	2¾	2¾	− ⅛
Gen Refract .90e	13	21¾	21	21	
Gen Shoe 1e	2	19½	19½	19½	
Gen S Cst pf 6k †	10	90½	8½	90½	+ ¾
Gen Time Inst ¾ae	11	27¾	27½	27¾	+ ¾
Gen T&R pf4½ †	1	103½	103½	103½	+ ¼
Gen TimeIn pf6 †	10	111	111	111	− ½
Gillette Saf R .80	10	12⅝	12½	12½	
Gillette Saf R pf5	2	87½	87½	87½	+1
Gimbel Bros .90e	1	19¾	19¾	19¾	
Gimbel Bros S6pf6	1	101	101	101	+1
Glidden Co .90e	3	23¼	22⅞	23¼	+ ⅜
Glidden cvpf 2¼	1	51	51	51	
Gold&Stk Tel 6 †	250	143	139	142½	+3½
Goodrich BF 1½e	3	49⅞	49⅝	49⅝	
Goodrich B F pf 5	1	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	− ¼
Goodyear T&R 2	6	47	46¾	46¾	− ¼
Gotn Hosiery ½gg	3	16	16	16	
Graham-Paige Mot	46	6	5⅞	6	+ ⅛
Granite C S .175e	1	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	+ ⅛
Grant W T 1.40	4	38¼	38¼	38¼	
Gt NorIOre ct 2e	6	7	6⅞	6⅞	
Gt North Ry pf 2e	35	41⅝	41	41	
Gt West Sug 1.80e	13	29⅛	29	29	
Gt W Sug pf 7 †	20	158	158	158	+2
Green H L 2a	1	53	53	53	− ⅛
Greyhound Corp 1	23	22¾	22¼	22¾	+ ½
Grum AircEn 1½e	122	28¼	26⅝	28¼	+1⅝
Guantan Sugar		5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	− ⅛
Gulf Mob & Ohio	17	12¼	11⅞	12¼	+ ¼
Gulf M&O pf2½e	1	55¼	55¼	55¼	− ⅛
Gulf Oil 2a	4	46½	46⅜	46⅜	+ ⅛
Hall WF Print 1	1	19⅞	19⅜	19⅜	
Hamil Watch .30e	2	14¾	14¾	14¾	+ ¼
Hanna 4¼ pf	30	106	106	106	
Harb-Walker 1	3	18	18	18	
Hayes Indust ¾ae	4	9¼	9⅛	9¼	+ ¼
Hayes Mfg	5	7¼	7¼	7¼	
HazelAtlasGl5 †	20	108	108	108	
Helme G W 4¼e	1	71½	71½	71½	− ½
Hercules Motor 1	1	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	− ⅛
Hercules Pow1½e	2	81½	81¼	81½	+ ⅛
Holland Furn 2	7	44¼	44	44	
Holly Sugar 1	4	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜	
Homestake Min	32	42	41¾	41¾	− ½
Houd-Hers A 2½	2	43½	43⅜	43⅜	− ⅛
Houd-Hers B ¾ae	3	16⅜	16½	15⅝	+ ¼
HoustonL&P 3.60	2	66¾	66½	66⅝	− ⅜
Houston Oil	14	10⅜	10½	10⅜	+ ⅛
Howe Sound 1½e	2	32⅝	32½	32⅝	
Hudson & Man	1	1¾	1¾	1¾	+ ⅛
Hud Bay M&S h2	3	27¾	27⅝	27⅝	
Hudson Motor .40	5	14⅛	14	14⅛	
Hupp Motor	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
Idaho Pow 1.60	4	30½	30¼	30¼	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	39	16½	16¼	16¼	+ ¼

Studebaker Net Shows Gain To $1.27 a Share

NEW YORK (AP)—Studebaker Corp. and subsidiaries reported for the nine months ended Sept. 30 consolidated net profit of $2,947,284 after provision for taxes and charges, including $1,125,000 for postwar contingencies. The profit was equal to $1.27 a share the common stock and compared with $2,552,084 or $1.14 a share for the first nine months of 1943.

Net sales for the nine months were $317,150,233 against $262,534,622 in the 1943 period.

Consolidated Edison Co. of New York reports for 12 months ended Sept. 30 consolidated net income of $32,022,667, equal to $1.84 a common share, compared with $32,877,256, of $1.91 a share, in the preceding 12 months.

Tilo Roofing Co. reports for 40 weeks ended Oct. 7 net profit of $303,638, equal to 60 cents a common share, against $263,817, or 51 cents a share, in the like period of 1943.

Calumet & Hecla Consolidated Copper Co. reports for nine months ended Sept. 30 net profit of $1,072,137, equal to 53 cents a share, compared with $1,166,207, or 58 cents a share, in the 1943 months.

Household Finance Corp. reports for nine months to Sept. 30 net profit of $3,540,305, equal to $3.97 a share on the common stock, against $3,420,191, or $3.80 a share, in the 1943 period.

Scott Paper Co. reports for nine months to Sept. 30 net profit of $1,163,735, equal to $1.45 a share on the common stock, against $1,190,738 or $1.49 a share, in the 1943 period.

General Railway Signal Co. reports for nine months ended Sept. 30 net profit of $730,691 equal to $1.94 a share on the common stock, compared with $634,785, or $1.70 a share, in the 1943 period.

Barnsdall Oil Co. reports for nine months to Sept. 30 net profit of $2,745,694, equal to $1.24 a share on the capital stock, compared with $2,674,647, or $1.20 a share, in the first three quarters of 1943.

Bridgeport Brass Co. reports for nine months ended Sept. 30 net profit of $748,087, equal to 71 cents a share on the common, compared with $1,099,880, or $1.07 a share, in the 1943 period.

National Tea Co. reports for 40 weeks ended Oct. 7 net profit of $443,101, equal to 61 cents a share on the common stock, against $86,643, or four cents a share, in the 1943 period.

A. O. Smith Corp. reports for the fiscal year ended July 31 net income of $6,407,283, subject to renegotiation, equal to $12.84 a share, compared with $5,633,723, or $11.29 a share, in the preceding year, when $4,000,000 was set aside for postwar adjustments.

Century Ribbon Mills, Inc., reports for nine months to Sept. 30 net profit of $158,123, equal to $1.38 a common share, against $123,812, or $1.01 a share, in the 1943 period.

Cleveland Graphite Bronze Co. reports for nine months to Sept. 30 net profit of $1,418,492, equal to $4.09 a common share after reserves for renegotiation. This compared with $1,299,070, or $3.70 in the 1943 period, which is still subject to renegotiation.

Hershey Chocolate Corp. for the quarter ended Sept. 30 reports net profit of $1,227,721, or $1.32 a common share, compared with $1,477,797, or $1.69 a share, in the corresponding 1943 quarter.

Webster Eisenlohr, Inc., for the nine months ended Sept. 30 reports net income of $495,544 or $1.20 a common share, against $419,422 or $1.01 on common in the like period of 1943. The company's preferred stock was redeemed Aug. 1.

Revere Copper & Brass Co. reported for nine months ended Sept. 30, net profit of $1,262,048, subject to renegotiation, equal to 61 cents a common share, compared with $1,270,907, or 62 cents a share, in the 1943 period.

General Printing Ink Co. reports for nine months to Sept. 30 net profit of $419,549, equal to 37 cents a common share, against $418,913, or 36 cents a share, in the 1943 period.

Ritter Company, Inc., reported net income of $85,177, equal to 40 cents a share on the common stock, for the third quarter, compared with $97,261, or 48 cents a share, in the corresponding period a year ago. Net income for the first nine months was $268,556, equal to $1.30 a share, as compared with $330,467, or $1.71 a share.

25

ATTRACTIVE BANK STOCKS

Third-quarter statements of leading banks show sharp improvement over the same 1943 period and dividends are covered with wide margins.

Our Research Department has prepared a list of 25 selected issues showing in convenient form pertinent statistics.

Send for Circular SM-9

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS

60 Congress Street
Boston 9, Mass.

Since 1888—Financial Service Adapted to Your Particular Requirements

Members Important Exchanges

Offices:
New York; Boston; Chicago; Cleveland; Philadelphia; Detroit; Portland, Me. Providence; Baltimore; Bangor.

Heads New Firm

F. Vaux Wilson, Jr.

President of the newly-formed Precision-Built Homes Corporation. Mr. Wilson is also vice-president of the Homasote Company, Trenton, N. J.

New Precision-Built Homes Company To Merchandise Housing

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK—Formation of Precision-Built Homes Corporation, Trenton, N. J., the largest single corporate organization in the country devoted exclusively to promoting housing construction, was announced today by F. Vaux Wilson, Jr., president, who is also vice-president of Homasote Company.

Griffith S. Clark and George L. Apple, Jr., are vice-presidents of the new company, E. L. Simmons, treasurer, and John A. Heinrich, secretary. J. F. Barrett is chairman of the board. The authorized capital is $1,000,000.

Financed largely by contractors, dealers in building supplies and others engaged in various branches of the housing industry in all parts of the United States, the new company's functions will be to merchandise houses directly, to license constructor-builders and to engage in research, servicing and mass purchasing.

Precision-Built Homes Corporation will merchandise houses in three ways: 1. Through department and furniture stores such as R. H. Macy & Co., New York; L. Bamberger & Co., Newark; Jordan, Marsh & Co., Boston; Barker Brothers, Los Angeles; Lit Brothers, Philadelphia; Kaufman's, Pittsburgh; Frederick & Nelson, Seattle. 2. To operative builders, lumber dealers, contractors, realtors, insurance companies, lending institutions, prefabricators, and industrial companies for employees. 3. Through the export market.

Explaining the new organization, Mr. Wilson said that the licensed constructor-builders will set up fabricating plants in the major centers to service department and furniture store customers as well as others. These fabricating plants will normally operate in a 75-mile radius.

Bank 'Second Loans' To G. I.'s Sanctioned

WASHINGTON (AP) — National banks can make "second loans" on real estate to veterans without violating the Federal Reserve Act.

A Treasury ruling said the action was designed to help the 5,000 national banks take a larger part in lending money to veterans to buy or build homes under the Serviceman's Readjustment Act (G. I. Bill of Rights) of 1944.

The Federal Reserve Act prohibits a national bank from making real estate loans on property put up as security for a previous loan.

But Preston Delano, Comptroller of the Currency, said that when such second loans are guaranteed by the Veterans' Administration, in accordance with the G. I. bill, they will not be considered real estate loans within the meaning of the Federal Reserve Act.

The reason, he said, is that the bank's primary security is the loan guaranty certificate issued by the Veterans' Administration.

Under the G. I. bill, second loans may not be more than 20 per cent of the purchase price or cost of a home.

N. Y. Utility Issues Offered Publicly

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—Securities involved in a refunding program of Metropolitan Edison Co. were offered publicly by two syndicates today.

Mellon Securities Corp. and associates marketed $24,500,000 of 2⅞s per cent first mortgage bonds at 101⅜s and Smith, Barney & Co. offered 125,000 shares of the company's cumulative preferred 3.90 per cent stock at 102⅝s a share. Proceeds will be applied to retirement of $51,150,000 of other securities now outstanding.

Herrick, Waddell & Co. offered 100,000 shares of common stock of Resistoflex Corp. at $4 a share. Proceeds will be added to working capital of the chemical and plastics firm.

A $3,000,000 bond issue for postwar development of Portland's harbor has been awarded to a syndicate headed by Harris Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago, on a low bid of 1.2982 per cent interest.

Aviation Stocks

	Bid	Asked
Liberty Aircraft	9⅞	11
Piper Aircraft	3⅞	6½
Pollak Manufacturing Co	8⅛	9⅛

INSURANCE of Every Description

☆

O'Brion Russell & Co.
108 WATER STREET, BOSTON 6
Tel. Lafayette 5700
111 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Barclay 7-5540

Export Controls Seen Retained On Only Small Number of Items

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—Government officials say that, once Germany collapses, they intend to keep "not more than a couple of dozen items" of foreign trade under federal export controls.

Official sources gave this estimate today, following disclosure that the number of commodities subject to export quotas and licenses may be trimmed from more than 1,000 to around 200 within a month or thereabouts.

As a joint committee of Foreign Economic Administration and War Production Board officials buckled down to planning the relaxation of controls, both agencies appeared open to conviction that when industry reconverts, it may be necessary to retain export curbs on some consumer goods to safeguard supplies for American households.

The Office of Civilian Requirements is expected to make a strong case for curbs on shipping away refrigerators, sewing machines, washing machines, vacuum cleaners and some other products urgently needed at home, to prevent an unduly large share from going abroad.

In addition, it was declared almost certain that quotas would be retained on forest products, textiles, leather and certain chemicals; in other words, the same materials which are to stay under internal control while the war with Japan continues.

Absence of price control in South American and other countries is given as the principal reason for fearing that the small quantities of American labor-saving items which are first to be made might disappear into export outlets. Although U. S. manufacturers, who are under export ceilings, would have no more incentive to sell abroad than at home, other distributors might seize the opportunity to get reportedly fabulous prices for refrigerators and washers in foreign parts.

Conceding this point, officials close to the joint committee insist nevertheless that substantial proof of such danger must be shown, since they say this policy will be followed: "Unless a good case is made for control, we're against it."

The committee members have virtually rejected at the start proposals recently made for a flat limitation—10 per cent or some similar figure—on the proportion of American output which can go overseas.

Instead, each commodity will be examined individually, with OPA contributing guidance on price problems.

Customers' Men Charged Involved In Kickback Racket in Stock Deals

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—Assistant State Attorney General John W. M. Rutenberg said yesterday the Attorney General's office was investigating what he charged was a kickback racket among customers' men in Wall Street.

The disclosure came as Supreme Court Justice Benjamin F. Schrieber granted an injunction, sought by Mr. Rutenberg, to enjoin from future stock transactions Alfred Henry Nolman, a customers' man employed by a New York Stock Exchange firm.

Mr. Rutenberg said investigation into the affairs of William F. Moore, an over-the-counter securities dealer, who, the prosecutor said, has pleaded guilty to embezzling clients' funds, revealed a "secret arrangement" between Mr. Moore and Mr. Nolman whereby:

"Mr. Moore would kickback to the defendant from 40 to 60 per cent of the profits on all transactions that the defendent recommended to him."

Mr. Rutenberg said in a statement:

"This investigation seeks to weed out the few undesirable employees of stock exchange houses so that the public confidence will not be undermined in the thousands of honest workers in Wall Street. To this end, the stock exchange is fully co-operating in the investigation by the Attorney General's office."

An official of the New York Stock Exchange said an investigation by the exchange is already under way into the incident Mr. Rutenberg described.

All men in exchange firms who have contact with the public are under close scrutiny, this official said, and added:

"Without attempting to prejudge the Rutenberg charges, it is extremely unlikely that there is any basis for any inference that this is any more than a very isolated situation."

Mr. Nolman profited to the extent of "many thousands of dollars from Mr. Moore," Mr. Rutenberg declared.

According to the charge, Mr. Nolman handled purchases and sales of securities for depositors of a bank through Mr. Moore's office "at prices which were out of line with the market," resulting in thousands of dollars' loss to the depositors for whom the bank acted.

Mr. Rutenberg added that preliminary investigation has indicated that at least six other customers' men will be involved.

Mr. Nolman consented to the injunction but denied "any and all allegations of fraud or fraudulent practices contained in the complaint."

Over-the-Counter Securities

Industrial Stocks

	Bid	Asked
American Hardware Co	34⅞	36⅞
American Manufacturing	51¾	54⅛
American Manufac 5 pf	98¾	
American Optical Co	30½	32½
American Wringer Co	10	11
‡Amoskeag Company	44	..
‡Amoskeag Company pf	83	..
Appleton Company	34¾	37¾
Applied Arts Corp	4⅛	4⅝
Arlington Mills	53¼	56½
ArtMetal Con	28	29¾
Atlas Plywood Corp pf	31¾	33¾
Automobile Banking $1.50 pf	19⅜	21
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co	23¼	25½
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co pf	109	..
Bendix Home Appliance	8⅝	..
Berkshire Fine Spinning	21¼	23
Berk-shire Fine Spin $5 pf	79¼	..
Bird & Son Inc 5 pf	100	..
Boston Wharf Company	23⅞	25⅜
Boston Woven Hose & Rubber	38½	41
Brown Co	2.05	2.35
Brown Co pf	34½	37
Brown Durrell	6½	7¼
Campbell A S Co Inc	11⅛	12¼
Chapman Valve Manufac	35⅛	38
Collyer Insulated Wire Co	17	18⅝
Colonial Stores	22½	24¼
Crowell-Collier Pub Co	47	49¾
Dewey & Almy Chemical Co	29	31½
Domestic Finance Corp pf	77½	78¼
Draper Corporation	75¼	78¼
Durey Plastic & Chemical	27⅜	29¾
Dwight Manufacturing Co	16½	18
Eastern Corporation	10⅛	11⅜
Eastern Corporation pf	20⅜	22⅛
Exolon Co	9¾	10½
Family Finance Inc	12⅞	14
Family Finance pf A	25⅜	28
Food Fair Stores Inc	48¼	51¾
Fruit of the Loom	36	38¾
General Fire Extinguisher	16½	18
General Machinery	26⅜	28⅝
Giddings & Lewis Mach Tool	9⅜	10¼
Goodall Worsted Company	73½	76½
Graton & Knight Co	10⅛	11⅝
Graton & Knight Co 7 pf	93½	
Graton & Knight Co pr pf	30¾	33¾
Great Northern Paper Co	35¾	37¾
Greenfield Tap & Die $6 pf	63	..
Greenfield T & D $1.50 cv pf	21	..
Harrington & Richardson	1½	1¾
Haskelite Mfg Co	7½	8⅝
Heywood-Wakefield Co	40½	43
Heywood-Wakefield Co pf B	20⅜	22⅞
Hilton-Davis Chemical Co	17⅜	19⅝
Hilton-Davis Chemical Co pf	24½	26¼
Hooker Electro Chem	30	32½
International Detrola	13⅞	16¾
Kendall Company	11⅞	13⅛
Kennedy's Inc pf	20⅞	22¼
Landers Frary & Clark	39	41½
Lincoln Stores Inc	23¼	27½
Lincoln Stores 7	107½	
Long-Bell Lumber Co	7⅞	8⅝
Ludlow Mfg & Sales Co	121	..
Marathon Paper Mills	31½	33½
Marlin-Rockell Corp	66¼	69½
Merck & Co	33	35¼
Merrimcak Manufacturing	52	55½
Merrimack Manufacturing pf	70	..
Missouri-Kansas Pipe Line	10½	11½
Moxie Co Class B	5½	6⅞
Nashawena Mills	21⅜	23⅛
Nashua Gummed & C Paper	78	..
Nashua Manufacturing Co	36½	39½
Nashua Manufac Co 1st pf	87¼	91¼
Nashua Manufac Co 2d pf	29⅝	32⅛
National Shirt Shops	16⅞	18¼
Naumkeag Steam Cotton	75¼	79½
New England Lime	5⅞	6¾
Nicholson File Company	35⅞	38⅝
‡Nonquitt Mills	34	36
Ohio Finance	10	11⅜
Oneida Limited	22½	24½
Parker Appliance	13⅞	15⅜
Plymouth Cordage Company	121	..
Quincy Mkt Cold Stor & W	71	..
Quincy Mkt C S & W 5 pf	71	..
Remington Arms Co Inc	3½	4
Richardson & Co	47	49⅜
Saco Lowell Shops Inc	38½	40¾
Saco Lowell Shops Inc pf	38½	..
Sagamore Manufacturing Co	68¾	..
Sanford Mills	47¼	49¾
Submarine Signal Co	39¼	42
Tampax Inc	5⅞	6½
Time Incorporated	68¼	71¼
Triumph Explosive Inc	4⅜	4¾
United Elastic Corp	177⅜	187⅜
U S Envelope Company	79	84¼
U S Envelope Co 7 pf	107	122
Waltham Watch Co Com	28	31
Waltham Watch Co 6 pf	100¼	104½
Wamsutta Mills Inc	32	34¼
Warner & Swasey Co	10⅛	11⅜
Warren Bros Class B	49¼	51¾
Warren Bros Class C	163⅜	177⅜
West Point Manufacturing	43¾	46¾
Wickwire Spencer Steel	11⅞	13

*Ex-dividend. †Not qualified for sale in Massachusetts.

Insurance Stocks

	Bid	Asked
Aetna Casualty (4a)	139½	140½
Aetna Insurance (1.60a)	50	52½
Aetna Life (1.20a)	38⅝	39⅞
Agricultural (3a)	71	74½
American Alliance (1a)	22	24
American Casualty Company	11	11¾
American Equitable (1)	163⅜	177⅜
AmericanIsurNewark (½a)	14¾	16
American Re-Insurance (2)	52¼	55¼
American Reserve	17½	19
American Surety (2½)	57¾	60¼
Baltimore-American (.20a)	6⅞	7⅝
Bankers & Shippers (4)	79½	84½
Boston (16a)	605	630
Camden Fire (1)	20⅜	22⅛
City of New York (1.60)	18	20
Connecticut General Life (1a)	55	57
Continental Casualty (1.20a)	42	44½
Federal (1.40)	48¼	51¾
Fire Asso Philadelphia (2a)	61½	65½
FiremanFund (SF) (3)	89	93
Firemen'sNewark (.40)	119⅜	123¾
Franklin Fire (1)	223¼	243¼
General Reinsurance (2)	48	51
Gibraltar Fire & Marine (1e)	18	20
Glen Falls (1.60)	43¼	45¾
Globe & Republic (1a)	7⅝	9
Great Amer Insur (1.20)	28½	29⅞
Hanover (1.20)	25⅜	27⅜
Hartford Fire (2a)	99	103½
Hartford Steam Boiler (1.60a)	41½	44½
Home Insurance (1.20)	27⅝	29⅝
Homestead (1a)	14	..
Insur Co. North Amer (2½a)	88¾	91¼
Jersey Insur N Y (1.80)	36⅛	39¼
Knickerbocker (1a)	7⅛	8¼
Maryland Casualty	7¼	8¼
Mass Bonding (3½)	70¼	73¼
Merch&Mfrs of N Y (.40)	5¾	6¼
Merch Fire Asso (1½a)	46¼	49¾
National Fire (2)	58½	61½
National Liberty	6⅜	7½
National Union (3a)	168	178
New Amsterdam Cas (1)	25⅞	27⅞
New Brunswick (1½)	27¼	29⅛
New Hampshire (1.60a)	45	48
New York Fire (.80)	12⅛	13⅜
North River (1)	21⅞	23⅞
Northeast Insurance	6⅛	6⅞
Northern (3a)	82½	85
Pacific Fire (5)	93½	98½
Pacific Indemnity (2a)	48½	50¾
Peerless Casualty Company	12⅞	14¼
Phoenix (2a)	82¾	86¾
Preferred Accident (.80a)	12⅞	14⅜
Providence-Washington (1a)	34⅞	37⅜
Reinsurance Cor New York (.075e)	4⅞	6¼
Republic Insur Co Texas (1.20)	27½	29½
Revere (P) Insurance (1.u20)	21¾	23¾
St Paul Fire & Marine (1.60a)	68¼	71¼
Seaboard Surety (1a)	45¼	47¼
Security (1.40)	32⅜	35⅜
Springfield (4½a)	120½	126
Standard Accident	35¼	38
Travelers (16)	525	540
Un States Fid & Guarantee (1a)	35⅜	37⅜
United States Fire (2)	46¼	49½
United States Guarantee (1.60a)	68½	73½
Westchester (1.20a)	30⅜	32⅞

aAlso extra or extras. gPaid last year. eDeclared or paid so far this year.

Investment Trusts
Management

	Bid	Asked
Affiliated Fund Inc	3.82	4.18
Amerex Holding	27.00	28.875
American Business Shares	3.64	....
Boston Inv Tr of Amer	103.20	107.50
Boston Fund	17.87	19.22
Broad Street Investing	29.87	32.22
Bullock Fund	15.88	17.40
Canadian Investment Fund	3.25	3.85
Century Shares Trust	29.21	31.41
Chemical Fund	9.71	10.51
Christiana Securities Co	2610.00	2710.00
Commodity Corp	2.35	....
Consolidated Investment Tr	44.75	47.75
Dividend Shares	1.28	1.40
Eaton & Howard Bal Fd	22.38	24.04
Eaton & Howard Stock Fd	13.69	14.70
Equity Corp $3 pf	40.375	42.625
Fidelity Fund Inc	19.60	21.11
Fund Investors Inc	22.94	23.14
General Capital	34.40	36.93
General Investors Trust	5.60	6.03
Group Securities Inc.		
Automobile Shares	6.07	6.68
Low Priced Shares	5.86	6.45
Railroad Shares	3.78	4.17
Railroad Equip Shares	4.28	4.83
Steel Shares	4.35	4.79
Incorporated Invest Tr	22.38	24.06
Institutional Sec. Bank Gr	.90	1.00
Inst Sec. Insur Group	1.05	1.17
†Keystone Custodian Funds		
Bid Asked		
B-1 ..... 29.85	S-1	37.15
B-2 ..... 29.51	S-2	1[illegible]04
B-3 ..... 20.54	S-3	11.85
B-4 ..... 10.34	S-4	3.29
K-1 ..... 19.66	K-2	24.63
‡Loomis Sayles Mut Fd	97.60	....
‡Loomis Sayles 2nd Fd	41.40	....
Manhattan Fund	9.18	10.09
Marviand Fund	5.40	6.00
Mass Investors Tr	22.08	23.74
Mass Inv 2d Fd	10.38	11.81
Mutual Invest	11.28	12.33
Nation Wide Voting	1.33	1.47
New England Fund	13.01	14.02
New York Stocks		
Automobile	6.38	7.57
Railroad	5.57	6.14
Railroad Equip	7.74	8.52
Steel	6.25	6.88
Old Colony Tr Assoc	23.00	25.00
Plymouth Fund Inc	.53	.58
Putnam Fund	14.28	15.25
Quarterly Income Shares	7.375	8.225
Railway & Light Sec	15.00	16.25
Railway & Light Sec pf	110.00	....
Repub Invest Fund	3.38	3.71
Scudder Stevens & Clark	93.74	99.64
State Street Invest	45.00	48.00
Trusteed Industry Shrs	.76	.86
Wellington Fund	17.13	18.70
Union com Stock Fund B	7.06	7.72
Union pf Stock Fund	19.68	21.51
Fixed and Unit Type		
Assoc Stand Oil	6.125	6.875
Corp Tr A A mod. acc mod	2.31	....
Cumulative Trust Shares	4.90	....
Diversified Tr C	3.80	....
Diversified Tr D	5.63	6.45
Foundation Tr Shrs A	3.85	4.45
Fund Tr Shrs A	4.92	5.68
Nation Wide Sec	3.84	....
North Am Bond Tr Ctfs	36.625	....
North Am Tr Shrs 1933	2.14	....
North Am Tr Shrs 1935	2.84	....
North Am Tr Shrs 1936	2.73	....
North Am Tr Shrs 1958	2.43	....
Super of Am Tr AA	2.48	....
U S Elec Lt & Pow "A"	17.25	....
U S Elec Lt & Pow "B"	1.86	....
Investment Banking		
Blair & Co	3.375	3.75
First Boston Corp	34.50	36.50

*Ex-dividend. †Sales prices as of 1 p. m. ‡Bid 2 per cent less if not held 3 years.

Resumes Post

Maj. Henry W. Patterson

Who has returned to the advertising agency field after 18 months in the Pacific, resuming his position as executive vice-president of Harold Cabot & Co., Inc., nationally known advertising agency. Following a rehabilitation leave, Major Patterson is now on inactive duty, retaining his commission as major, U. S. A.

Farm Leader Avers Break in Hog Prices Wholly Uncalled For

CHICAGO, Nov. 1 (AP) — The current sudden break in hog prices at several markets this week, accompanied by a seasonal increase in receipts, was "wholly uncalled for," says one of the nation's farm leaders.

The drop of 50 to 75 cents per 100 pounds this week, sending the top price below $14 for the first time since July 20 has reduced the value of spring pigs yet on farms approximately $50,000,000, said Earl C. Smith, president of the Illinois Agricultural Association.

Hog prices broke another 10 cents today and the top was $13.85 with the bulk of sales ranging from $13.50 to $13.75.

Criticizing government officials and packers for what he described as the "unprecedented" break in hog prices, Mr. Smith, vice-president of the American Farm Bureau Federation, said the government officials had failed to agree on livestock producers' recommendations, including one for lowered subsidies made last July.

Mr. Smith said there was a current heavy demand for pork and packers had no valid excuse for breaking the market from 50 cents to $1 a hundred pounds. He added that during the last few weeks packers have been buying all hogs at ceiling prices.

The American Meat Institute, in a statement commenting on Mr. Smith's remarks, said that "with hogs selling at ceiling prices, meat packers have been frozen at a loss." It said it had told the government packers were "suffering serious losses" at ceiling prices because their returns, including the so-called subsidy," were less than the cost of hogs, plus operating expenses.

Power Output Still Below a Year Ago

NEW YORK (AP)—Demand for electricity rebounded last week to 4,358,293,000 kilowatt hours from 4,345,352,000 the week before, but was still 2.1 per cent under that of a year ago, the Edison Electric Institute reported.

The sharpest decline in energy requirements was in the Rocky Mountain area, where usage was 10.9 per cent under a year ago.

The only increases were in the West Central and Southern States regions.

Pacific Coast figures were unchanged, and declines included: New England 1.1 per cent, mid-Atlantic 6.8 per cent, and Central industrial .6 of 1 per cent.

Job-Making Held Task for Industry

CHICAGO (AP) — Government must provide the postwar environment to make high-level employment possible, but individual businessmen must assume the responsibility of finding jobs for all who are willing to work, T. G. MacGowan, manager of the marketing research department, Firestone Tire and Rubber Co., said.

"It is not exclusively the function of government to see that men have jobs," he told the industry postwar conference of the National Shoe Fair. "If we have jobs for a high proportion of our people after the war, it will be in large measure because business takes the steps to provide those jobs."

Underwear Industry Urges Revisions in Ceiling Prices

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK — Calling attention to mounting demands from the Navy because of increasingly heavy fighting in warm Pacific climates, the underwear industry today urgently appealed to OPA Administrator Chester Bowles for immediate revision of "economically unsound" ceiling prices, in order to safeguard military needs, particularly for lightweight underwear.

In a letter to the Administrator, Roy A. Cheney, president of the Underwear Institute and spokesman for the industry, also expressed grave apprehension over a possible widespread civilian shortage stemming from regulations which he said virtually are forcing low-priced merchandise from the shelves.

Maine Central Net Higher

PORTLAND, Maine—Net income of $48,448 over and above its fixed charges was earned by the Maine Central Railroad, it was reported here. This compares with net income of $44,644 earned by the road in September, 1943. The figures for the first nine months show that the road earned after fixed charges a total of $517,485, as compared with $1,225,233, reported for the first nine months of 1943.

Strikes Cut Steel Output, Olds Reports

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—Scarcity of suitable manpower is hampering the steel industry in its effort to meet war demands, Irving S. Olds, chairman of United States Steel Corporation, said yesterday, citing his company's production rate of 93½ per cent which is well under its wartime peak.

Mr. Olds also reported at a press conference that the corporation suffered a production loss of 710,000 of steel and 274,000 tons of coal this year to Oct. 27, a result of a number of work stoppages, but he added that October losses from this source were less than in any other month in 1943.

The corporation reported net profit of $16,924,356, equal to $1.22 a share on the common stock, for the quarter ended Sept. 30. This compared with $15,354,917 or $1.04 a share in the June quarter and $19,166,596 or $1.48 a share in the September quarter of 1943.

For the nine months ended Sept. 30 net profit was $49,306,859, equal to $3.49 a common share, against $50,252,649 or $3.50 a share in the same period of 1943.

Directors voted the usual dividend of $1 a share on the common stock payable Dec. 9 to holders of record Nov. 10. The regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 a share on the preferred stock was declared payable Nov. 20 to holders of record Nov. 3.

U. S. Steel's sales for the nine months were $1,535,783,742 compared with $1,446,647,355 in the 1943 period.

Estimated federal taxes against income for the third quarter were $25,000,000 against $33,800,000 in the previous three months and $26,700,000 in the 1943 September quarter. A provision of $6,000,000 to cover estimated additional costs applicable to the quarter arising out of the war compared with similar deductions in the June quarter and the September quarter last year.

Mr. Olds said the corporation's order backlog had shown a further decline and was now equal to about five months operations.

Commenting on the postwar prospects for the steel market Mr. Olds said the time lag between the end of the war and completion of industrial reconversion which would release large orders for civilian steel was hard to estimate, but he thought a considerable volume of steel products might be sold to Russia and China if satisfactory financing could be arranged.

Senate Group Asks Test Case Of Ohio C.I.O. Campaign Acts

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1—With little disagreement over the facts at issue, the Senate Campaign Investigating Committee unanimously voted to request the Attorney General to institute a test case against the Ohio Congress of Industrial Organizations to determine whether it has violated the Corrupt Practices Act in the current election.

Decision on the issue involved will help clarify organized labor's scope of political activity.

The same Senate Committee also decided to send to the Attorney General records and testimony "for his information" taken at yesterday's hearing on the publication and distribution by the Pennsylvania Republican State Central Committee of 3,000,000 pamphlets attacking Sidney Hillman, and bearing the statement that they were issued by the Trade Union News, a labor publication of Philadelphia.

"Mistake" Admitted

M. Harvey Taylor, State G. O. P. chairman, testified that the pamphlet had been printed by the same firm that set the type for the Trade Union News, but he said he did not know how the notice that it was "issued" by that labor publication instead of the Republican Committee had been printed upon it, and he admitted that the "issued" statement was incorrect.

Meanwhile, in Philadelphia yesterday, Gerald J. McDermody, Assistant Superintendent of Mails at the city post office, said that a booklet, "Clear Everything With Sidney," has been ruled "unmailable" by the post office, on the ground that it was deemed "libelous" and "contained indecent matter."

At yesterday's Senate hearing on the C. I. O., presided over by Senator Joseph H. Ball (R) of Minnesota, time was occupied by a legal argument between Committee members and John Abt, C. I. O.-Political Action Committee general counsel, as to whether publication and distribution of a pamphlet attacking Senator Robert A. Taft (R) of Ohio was or was not a political activity. The Committee members argued it was. Mr. Abt argued it was part of a local campaign to gain union members. The matter was ultimately put up to Attorney General Francis Biddle.

Taft Assailed

The C. I. O. pamphlet is entitled, "He wanted to do business with Hitler and Hirohito—the amazing story of Senator Taft," and attacks the Senator as an isolationist. It is issued under the name of the C. I. O. council. On the back, it recommends election of Senator Taft's Democratic opponent, William G. Pickrell.

The Federal Corrupt Practices Act, as amended by the Smith-Connally provision, prohibits a political contribution by any labor organization, or corporation, in connection with any election for Federal office.

Thus, this test issue will decide the meaning of the important provision, and how far it shall be applied, not only to trade unions but perhaps to corporations.

Mr. Abt's argument was that the issuance of the leaflet was not a "contribution," but an "expenditure," and that any corporation could be likewise. It was testified 300,000 copies had been ordered or delivered.

End of War in Europe to See War Production Cut by Third

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1 (AP)—The Government is prepared to settle $20,000,000,000 worth of war contract terminations after V-E Day without delaying reconversion, Robert H. Hinckley, Director of the Office of Contract Settlement, reported today.

Most of the cancellations will come within three months after German collapse, Mr. Hinckley said in a report to Congress.

"This represents at least one-third of the outstanding war production program and equals approximately all terminations to date," a summary preceding the report stated. "V-E cutbacks will release manpower and productive facilities from war production for other uses. Prompt settlement of terminated contracts will speed the shift to civilian production.

"Experience with contract settlement shows that the challenge of mass terminations can be met."

To date, 37,000 prime contracts, covering items valued at $21,000,000,000, have been canceled by the Army, Navy and Maritime Commission. Since they occurred while production was being brought to a peak and maintained, Mr. Hinckley said, they represented a transfer of men and machines from one munitions item to another.

Already the Government agencies have settled 28,000 cancellations, paying contractors $340,000,000 as reimbursement for costs incurred. Partly completed goods, surplus materials purchased, and other claims.

"Recently, the average time required for settlement has been reduced considerably and some operating units are now able to settle all but a few large claims well within six months after termination," the report said.

The War Department has the best record of settlements, having completed the handling of 86 per cent of its terminations. The Navy Department has settled 47 per cent and the Maritime Commission 19 per cent. The disparity in the records is not as great as it appears, Mr. Hinckley said, since the Navy and Maritime Commission have had few terminations until recently.

Nazis By-Passed U. S. Two-Dollar Bill In Printing Flood of Bogus Currency

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK, Nov. 1—The two-dollar banknote has been bypassed by Adolf Hitler. Carlos Sanguinetti, recently arrived Uruguayan delegate to the International Business Conference to be held in Rye, N. Y., Nov. 10-16, said today that it was the only denomination of American paper money that German engravers have failed to counterfeit.

Long before Pearl Harbor, the United States Treasury Department was aware that Germany was flooding the market with millions of authentic-looking American dollars. These bills, printed on the German Government's own money pres

China's Role as World Power Now Squarely Up to Chiang

By J. Reilly O'Sullivan

NEW YORK, Nov. 1 (AP)—Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell's recall from the China-Burma-India Command, as the culmination of long-standing disagreements over measures to increase the effectiveness of Free China's resistance to ever-growing Japanese military thrusts, puts it squarely up to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek to prove that his government merits a leading place among the United Nations.

I saw the crisis developing during 18 months as an Associated Press war correspondent in Chungking and with both the American and Chinese forces in China. It has headed up since I left the Chinese capital last April.

Division of the China-Burma-India theater into two war sectors places China on its own except for support of the United States 14th Air Force, a continuation of American Lend-Lease war materials and whatever degree of military co-operation General Chiang is willing to accept in the way of directing and training his armies.

China Less Important

It makes China less important in the overall strategy against Japan, especially in view of the American successes in the Philippines.

In forcing General Stilwell's withdrawal, General Chiang perhaps gained "face" with his Kuomintang Party leaders, his favored generals, and some of the provincial war lords he is able to dominate.

Elsewhere, however, it would appear that China's leader loses prestige through the exposure abroad of conditions which occasioned American demands for General Chiang to bring about reforms in the Chungking Government, placing Free China more actively in the war against Japan.

General Stilwell, returning to Washington for "an important new command," seemingly loses no "face" in leaving behind a situation which only the Generalissimo can rectify.

General Chiang has successfully resisted all efforts to bring about a settlement with the Chinese Communists in northern China who claim to be fighting the Japanese more vigorously and winning more victories than the Central Government troops.

Fights Communists

Many of General Chiang's best army divisions have been enforcing a blockade against the Communists, rather than being sent against the Japanese who are making a strong threat at cutting China in two.

General Chiang's reported acceptance of American requests that Chinese ground and air forces be placed under General Stilwell, then his reversal and angry refusal of General Stilwell's appointment would appear to be in line with stories I heard in China that more and more the Generalissimo has become capricious in his decisions and refuses to take advice.

The fact about the Chinese Army, as some experts told me, is that "it isn't an army at all." The Chinese soldier, pressed into service without any selective service system as we know it, is brave and a good fighting man if he has a chance. But he lacks proper clothing, shelter, and equipment.

Officers Incompetent

Worst of all he is hopelessly led by incompetent officers, callous of his sufferings, and too often out for "squeeze" on his pay and rice.

In the Salween River offensive to reopen the Burma Road, a drive that Chungking refused to undertake for months, generals are reported to have disobeyed orders to attack—leaving unsupported columns to be slaughtered. Some higher Chinese officers are reluctant to risk their men on the theory that, no army, no prestige and no graft. Let the other fellow do it.

Americans have urged a thorough-going reorganization to cut out the deadwood and form a reasonable number of active fighting units. To this the Chinese official reply given me was that many of the divisions and armies are the property of provincial war lords and that General Chiang's position is not secure enough to crack down.

As an example of this situation, in Yunnan Province from which the Salween offensive was launched, numerous American motor convoys hauling equipment to the Chinese expeditionary force have been ambushed and looted by armed bands. There have been American casualties.

Equipment Held Up

American Lend-Lease equipment for the Chinese armies has a habit of ending up in warehouses far behind any active front. True, the Chinese service of supply is practically nonexistent and transportation is a grave problem. But the arms and munitions do not move out even on American pleadings. When Lend-Lease is finally turned over to the Chinese, the Americans have no control.

I have heard charges made in China that the Central Government is more interested in conserving men and supplies to maintain its position against the Communists and other doubtful elements than in fighting the Japanese. Chungking officials denied such accusations.

After more than seven years of war—cut off from the outside for two years, except by air—China is in a bad way economically and militarily.

General Chiang's government, taking what Allied aid can be supplied and always insisting on more, has never shown any real sign of throwing in the sponge.

But, there has been no real indication that General Chiang is immediately willing to move from dictatorship toward democracy, enlist the aid of the fighting Communists, clean out corrupt circles high in the government, get rid of the profiteers and speculators, and thus intensify the war effort.

China's position as a full big four member of the United Nations may hinge on what steps are taken in Chungking in the near future.

Stilwell: British View

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON, Nov. 1—Though Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell's withdrawal from China comes as a surprise to the British public, it isn't by any means the shock which it appears to be in the United States.

The British press today does little more than register the news. An outstanding exception is the Manchester Guardian which editorializes, "The recall coincides with a wave of disillusion in America about China. After long praising China as a great, powerful, democratic nation, the American press has suddenly—and rather unfairly—discovered that Gen. Chiang Kai-shek is dictator and that the Chungking Government is a corrupt, inefficient administration without popular support. British opinion, which was less lyrical at the outset, should be able to stand the shock of this discovery with rather more sympathy and rather less dismay."

Meanwhile, Maj. Gen. A. Carton de Wiart, Prime Minister Winston Churchill's personal representative with General Chiang, had been promoted temporarily to Lieutenant General, it was announced.

Military Matter

CHUNGKING, Chicago, Nov. 1 (AP)—Chinese Minister of Information Liang Han-chao told foreign correspondents today that the recall of Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell to Washington was purely a military matter and for that reason no comment would be forthcoming here.

"Inasmuch as this is a military matter—a change of military personnel—we have no statement to make," Mr. Liang replied in response to a query at a press conference.

"There is no political issue, then?" a correspondent asked.

"No," interjected foreign office spokesman Dr. K. C. Wu. "President Roosevelt has made that clear."

Mr. Liang denied a suggestion that the Chinese Government had taken the attitude that if the correspondents did not like the increasingly severe censorship they could get out of China.

Army-Navy 'E' Awarded Pottery Firm For Developing Nonmetal Land Mine

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 1 — The Army-Navy "E" flag was presented recently at the Court Street Plant of the Onondaga Pottery Company. In the presentation ceremony, "E" pins were given to the President of the company and to one worker in token of award to 800 members of the pottery organization, workers at the Court Street plant, and associated research, engineering, and executive personnel.

The Army-Navy "E" is a production award and was given in recognition of excellence in the production of nondetectable land mines and fuses, designed and developed by the organization in cooperation with the Army Ordnance Department.

Col. Frank J. Atwood, Chief of the Rochester Ordnance District, said in presenting the flag: "I acknowledge the appreciation owed to management and workers of this plant for a most unique job of war production.

"The production of ceramic land mines at this plant constituted an outstanding example of co-operation. Early battle experiences showed there was need for a nonmetallic mine which would resist detection by the enemy's locating devices.

"You pioneered in the techniques of the mass production of these devices. Your pioneering resulted in designs and manufacturing processes which were invaluable to other manufacturers. . . ."

In accepting the flag, Richard H. Pass, President of the Onondaga Pottery Company, expressed appreciation for "the splendid cooperation we have had from officers of the armed forces."

Of the part played by pottery employees, he said: "You have met or exceeded our contract schedules consistently. In all these many months, not one hour has been lost due to dispute or misunderstanding—a worthy continuance of the traditions of this old organization. . . ."

15 Stradivari Violins To Feature Celebration

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1 — A collection of 15 original Stradivari violins will be the feature of the American Tercentenary Celebration of the birth of Antonio Stradivari, which will be held from Nov. 12 to 26 in Philadelphia.

The collection, valued at $500,000, will be on view in the Philadelphia Art Alliance. The instruments have been collected from private owners by William H. Moennig, Jr., Philadelphia violin maker.

Among the Stradivari instruments which will be on public exhibition during the two-week celebration will be the famous Lamoureaux Strad, a perfectly preserved example of the Italian's last period and one of the last violins made by the master. The instrument is being loaned by its owner, Efrem Zimbalist, internationally famous soloist and Director of the Curtis Institute of Music.

Mrs. Stassen Asks Votes Of Women for Dewey

SAINT PAUL, Minn., Nov. 1 (AP)—Mrs. Harold E. Stassen, wife of Commander Harold E. Stassen, former Minnesota Republican Governor, Oct. 30 called upon the women of America to support Gov. Thomas E. Dewey and his running mate, Gov. John W. Bricker, for President and Vice-President, respectively, in a speech prepared for radio broadcast and released by G. O. P. state campaign headquarters.

Asserting that she "wanted her children, along with every other American mother, to grow up in a world at peace," Mrs. Stassen said: "This hope, this prayer in the heart of every mother, cannot be realized except with the leadership of a President and Congress working together in harmony on the terrible complex problems of peace."

NEW JERSEY

ATLANTIC CITY

Have Your Fur Coat Repaired and Remodeled Now

We will gladly furnish you an estimate on any work needed without cost or obligation.

FUR REPAIRS—Third Floor

M. E. BLATT COMPANY

KAUFMAN & WEINER
The Square Deal Store
NEON SIGN IN WINDOW
Hardware and Furnishings
1007 ATLANTIC AVENUE
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Sporting Goods, Paints, Glass

KENTS
RESTAURANTS
ATLANTIC CITY
Delicious Food Delightful Surroundings
Reasonable Prices
1214 Atlantic Ave. 2124 Atlantic Ave.
1700 Pacific Ave.

BLOOMFIELD

WM. B. CORBY COAL CO.
281 GLENWOOD AVE., BLOOMFIELD, N. J.
"blue coal" Koppers Coke
Atlantic Fuel Oil—We maintain our own fuel oil storage plant.
BL. 2-0603

COLLINGSWOOD

Bartlett-Seaman Co.
Jeddo Coal
Genuine Koppers Coke—Fuel Oil
Lumber and Building Material
Collingswood 1200 Haddonfield 1910

CRANFORD

ELITE BEAUTY SALON
7 Walnut Avenue Cranford
CRanford 6-0304

Seager's Drug Store
J. WALTER SEAGER, Reg. Pharm.
Agents for
Lucien Lelong Toiletries
104 Union Ave., Cranford, N. J.
Phone CR. 6-0700

EAST ORANGE

For Information regarding local and national advertisers Tel.: Belleville 2-4154. Hours: 9 to 10 a. m., except Saturday and Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Bud Beauty Shoppe
Complete Beauty Service
Popular Prices
383 Main Street OR 3-9880

NORRIS AND BRODY SUPERIOR MARKET
Groceries
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables
Free quick delivery Or. 4-7715
30 Greenwood Ave. East Orange

For the Perfect Permanent Wave
Have the Featheredge Haircut
It is easy to care for
The Dainty Deb Shoppe
GUILLAUME
HAIRDRESSER
Closed Wednesdays
Open Friday Evenings
84 No. Walnut St. OR. 5-9750

TALLY-HO TEA ROOM
529 Williams St., East Orange, N. J.
Luncheon 11:30 to 2 p. m.
Dinner 5 to 7:30 p. m.
Bridges, Parties and Teas Catered to
Closed Sundays
For reservations call OR 4-9578

Complete Stock of
NORCROSS
Cards and Wrappings
LUCY E. JOHNSTON
86 No. Walnut St., East Orange, N. J.
Or. 4-4064

C. A. LUND
The Jeweler
Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing—Old Gold and Silver Bought
617 Central Ave. at Harrison St.
Or. 3-4990

Chas. T. Horrecker Florist
445 Central Avenue
at Burnett Street
Phone Or. 3-7360—7361
Member F. T. D.

GARDNER ELECTRIC CO.
Radios and Radio Service
Wiring and Repairs
Lighting Fixtures and Appliances
18 Washington Place Or. 3-8505

For Custom-Built Upholstery
Furniture Repairing
Slip Covers and Drapes
Consult
PHILIP SCHMIDT
465 Main St. Or 5-3270

BERLIN'S
MARKET
Fruits—Vegetables
Groceries
231 Springdale Avenue
Or. 3-6791 Or. 3-4634

Care for Your Car for Your Country
Prepare for winter driving now
E. H. VANDIVER
38 No. Arlington Ave., E. O. Or. 4-9571

NEW JERSEY

EAST ORANGE (Continued)

jean fessenden
Knitting Instructions
Yarns
Everything for the Knitter
556 Main St., nr. Washington St. OR. 5-6346

JEWELRY CRAFTSMEN
Repairing—Replating—Cleaning
Bead Stringing
SILVER—WATCHES—JEWELRY
589 Central Ave. Over Sears Roebuck

ELIZABETH

Harper Method
HarperCOLD Permanent Waves
Complete Harper Method Beauty Services
CLARA M. DAVIS
286 N. Broad St. Phone EL 3-2844

ENGLEWOOD

LAW
INCORPORATED
15 East Palisade Avenue
HABERDASHER
Englewood 3-4152

HADDONFIELD

OFFICIAL TIRE INSPECTION STATION
Have your battery checked. If it needs charging we can charge it while you wait without removing it from your car, which will save you time and money and the discomfort of a rundown battery.
WARREN'S RICHFIELD STATION
Phone 8058—Nite Phone 3969-W
Tanner Street Haddonfield, N. J.

"Outfitters for Gentlemen"
Finney Wood's Men's Shop
Arrow Shirts — Interwoven Socks
J. B. Simpson — Custom tailored suits
111 KINGS HIGHWAY HADDONFIELD

JERSEY CITY

For Information regarding local and national advertisers phone Journal Square 2-6914 daily, except Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

George Fangmann, Inc.
Jersey City, N. J.
Koppers Coke
Coal—Fuel Oil
JOurnal Square 4-8111

SUNSHINE LAUNDRY
Laundry work in all its branches. Hudson County's A-1 Laundry. Also fur and dry cleaning.
29-35 E. 30 St., Bayonne, N. J.
Phone Bay. 3-4600

Upholstered Furniture Cleaning
MOVING STORAGE
RUG CLEANING
NEW FURNITURE DEPT.
GOODMAN'S
830 BERGEN AVENUE BER. 3-8100

MAPLEWOOD

For Information regarding local and national advertisers Telephone: So. Orange 2-6083. Hours: 9 to 11 a. m., except Sunday
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

SAMUEL H. ROSS, Inc.
"The Home of Good Marketing"
Meats, Vegetables, Fruits
Postum
Headquarters for products advertised in The Christian Science Monitor
177 Maplewood Ave. SO 2-4300

Community Shoe Rebuilder
Men's and Ladies' Shoes
Rebuilt and Repaired
Made longer and wider
183 MAPLEWOOD AVE.

MONTCLAIR

GIFTS BOOKS
Greeting Cards
BURNER'S
629 Valley Rd., Upper Montclair, N. J.

GILLIS KING
Interiors — Antiques
20 Church Street Montclair
Montclair 2-5452

Anderson's Flowers Inc.
4 and 6 South Park St., Montclair, N. J.
Phone Montclair 2-2921-2922

Est. 1880 63 Years' Continuous Service
Henry Berker & Son, Inc.
"EXCLUSIVELY"
GRADE "A" DAIRY PRODUCTS
Tel. Caldwell 6-2000 Farms and Main Office at Roseland, N. J.

Crossword Quiz Answers

C	A	R	R	O	L	L
O	▨	E	▨	S	A	I
R	I	T	E	▨	P	O
N	O	R	A	S	▨	N
W	R	I	T	E	R	
A	▨	E	▨	P	▨	D
L	E	V	▨	T	W	O
L	▨	E	▨	E	▨	R
	F	R	A	N	C	K
D	▨	S	I	N	A	I
E	A	▨	M	I	N	N
E	L	M	▨	U	▨	G
R	A	D	A	M	E	S

NEW JERSEY

MONTCLAIR (Continued)

For Information regarding local and national advertisers Phone Montclair 2-1280, 10 a. m.-12 m. daily, except Saturday and Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Clairidge Book & Gift Shop
Christmas Cards and Gifts
Rental Library Stationery
11 Church Street Montclair 2-0763

Frieda's
MILLINERY
7 South Park Street Phone MO. 2-7891

THE SPINNING WHEEL, Inc.
Service and Civilian Yarns
Free Instructions
27 Church Street Montclair

Surgical Garments
Blanche Elaine Corset Studio
44 Church Street
Phone
Graduate Corsetieres Montclair 2-9694

BOND'S
ICE CREAM
Upper Montclair
Gifts and Cards for Christmas
Printing and Engraving
Books and Albums
Madisons
427 BLOOMFIELD AVENUE

Bynderian Bros.
RUGS—CARPETS
RUG CLEANING SERVICE
535 Bloomfield Ave. Tel. Mo. 2-5860

APPLEGATE FARM
Guernsey Milk
Ice Cream
A Complete Dairy Service
616 Grove Street Montclair 2-5980

All Kinds of Insurance
MOXLEY-KERR, Inc.
Real Estate and Insurance
241 Lorraine Avenue
Upper Montclair, N. J.

Cullen Est. 1882
Photographic Supplies, Developing, Printing and Enlarging on Premises
720 Bloomfield Ave. at St. Luke's Place
Tel. MOntclair 3-1234

NEWARK

A. C. BERTHOLON
INSURANCE
MILITARY PARK BLDG.
60 PARK PLACE
NEWARK, N.J.
MITCHELL 2-2246

BOTANY NO DYE LOT YARNS
and Other Well-Known Brands
Mayfair Osborne Co.
12 HILL STREET, NEWARK
Phone MArket 3-1458
Open Daily and Wednesday Evenings
Member of Florists' Telegraph Delivery

kuehn
FLOWERS AND POTTERY
621 Central Ave., Newark, N. J.
HU. 2-6060 OR. 4-7173

TRIXY
Corsetiere who will help solve your corset problems in your home at your convenience.
MRS. CLARA WACKENHUTH
71 Park Ave., Maplewood

ORANGE

Children's Books
Christmas Greeting Cards
and Gifts
HENRY F. SCHMIDT & CO., Inc.
350 Main Street Or. 3-0757

Men's and Boys'
Clothing and
Sportswear
The Morris Shop
296 Main Street, Corner Day Street

Your Holiday Gifts
at the
LINDSLEY'S HARDWARE STORES, Inc.
Established 1806
319 Main Street Tel. Or. 3-8200

STELLING'S
304 Main Street, Orange, N. J.
A Better Confectionery Store

NEW WINTER
COATS, SUITS AND DRESSES
LEON DIAMOND CO.
211 Main Street, Cor. Canfield St.

NEW JERSEY

ORANGE (Continued)

BILSE & GUSTAVSON ESSO STATIONS
Central Ave. and Scotland Road Orange, N. J. OR. 3-9611
Springdale Ave. and No. 21st St. East Orange, N. J. OR 3-9785
BUY AT THE ESSO SIGN

Sale on
Custom Made
Slip Covers
at
GOLD FURNITURE CO.
Use our Budget Plan
234 Main Street, Orange, N. J.

You Are Invited
To Visit Our Fountain
Agents for Alderney Ice Cream, Toilet Requisites, Films and Candy.
CADMUS' PHARMACY
408 Central Ave. Tel. OR. 3-5020

PASSAIC

BANK
of
PASSAIC
and
TRUST COMPANY
Passaic, N. J.
Member of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
Member of Federal Reserve System

SUPERIOR DAIRY PRODUCTS
Delivered in
Passaic Garfield
Clifton Rutherford
Paterson E. Rutherford
Radburn Wallington
Nutley Carlstadt
Bloomfield Belleville
Phone PASSAIC 2-1500
SISCO DAIRY CO.
MT. PROSPECT AVE., CLIFTON, N. J.

ABBOTT'S
DEPARTMENT STORE
634 Main Avenue
Passaic, N. J.

Stenchever's
FINE SHOES
for Men, Women and Children
38 Lexington Avenue, Passaic, N. J.
PATERSON—HACKENSACK

PLAINFIELD

For Information regarding local and national advertisers Telephone: Plainfield 6-2806-J. Hours: 9-10 A. M. daily except Saturday and Sunday
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

TEPPER'S
"A Safe Place to Shop"
FOR ALL OCCASIONS
FOR EVERY SEASON
FOR ALL THE FAMILY
Plainfield, N. J. Tel. Pl. 6-3100

Professional Beauty Service for Discriminating Women
Appointment Only
Olive A. Brownell
333 East Seventh Street
Tel. Plfd. 6-0618

F. A. KIRCH and CO.
Hardware
108 North Avenue
Two Doors from Park Avenue
Tel. PL. 6-0578

WHITTON'S
Smart
Women's Apparel
620 Park Ave. Tel. PL. 6-1148

SWAIN'S ART STORE
317 WEST FRONT STREET
offer you now as since 1868
Expert Service in
PICTURE FRAMING
TEL. PLFD. 6-1707

P. M. FOY'S MARKET
MEAT, FISH and POULTRY
442 East 5th St. Tel. PL. 6-4262

Stetson Hats—Manhattan Shirts
JOHN FRANKS
Men's Apparel
NUNN BUSH SHOES
McGREGOR SPORTSWEAR
131 Park Avenue Plfd. 6-2776

ROBERT LIPTON, Inc.
Jeweler
A small deposit will hold any article.
206 W. Front St. Est. 1892 Tel. PL. 6-3269

RIDGEFIELD PARK

INSULATE NOW!
Cuts Fuel Bills up to 40%
Rooms up to 15° Cooler in Summer
Free Estimate No Obligation
ELMON B. SEE
Local Consultant
Sher. 2-8300
78 Paterson St.
Paterson, N. J.

RIDGEWOOD

SKIBIN, Inc.
CLEANERS, TAILORS
DYERS, FURRIERS
One Quality—the Best
Branch Store
1 W. Ridgewood Ave.
Phone RD 6-5006—07
Plant Store
418 So. Broad St.
Ridgewood, N. J.

NEW JERSEY

RIDGEWOOD (Continued)

"Grace"
Your Hair Dresser
suggests
eska noheet
PERMANENT
Modern Beauty Shop
11 Oak Street Ridgewood 6-6342

Ridgewood Rug & Furniture Co.
17 Chestnut St. Tel. RD. 6-0260
Furniture—Rugs—Linoleum
Rug Cleaning

WONDER GROCERY STORE
F. KILROY, Prop.
Next to Municipal Building
MAPLE AVENUE GLEN ROCK
CASH GROCER
Headquarters for Birds Eye Frosted Foods
Commete Lime Monarch Brand Products
Visit our store. Compare our prices.

"QUALITY" ICE CREAM
CHURNED BUTTERMILK
GRADE A MILK
Terwilleger & Wakefield, Inc.
Quality Farm Products
1208 East Ridgewood Avenue
Telephone Ridg. 6-2292

RUTHERFORD

Werner's
"Some of America's Finest Clothing for Boys and Men"
5-7 Sylvan St. Ru. 2-1178
9 a. m.-9 p. m. except Wed.—9 a. m.-6 p. m.

TEANECK

P. NAPOLI & SONS
Jewelers
Service Men's Watches and Sterling Identification Bracelets.
454 Cedar Lane TEA. 6-1656

THE FIRST AID STORE FOR THE HOME
Hardware House Furnishings
WM. LUDEWIG
Paints Glass
119 QUEEN ANNE ROAD Teaneck 6-4291

TRENTON

Johns-Manville Insulation
by
TATTERSALL'S
309 North Willow St., Trenton, N. J.
JUST PHONE 8-201

DIAMONDS
We have a choice selection. No lovelier gift than a fine diamond
CROASDALE & ENGLEHART
Jewelers
9 SO. MONTGOMERY ST.

UNION CITY

YOUR PHOTOGRAPH
The Gift That Only You Can Give
Lasting Memories
THE MATERNE STUDIO
110 18th Street, Union City, N. J.
Phone UNion 7-3042

WESTFIELD

For Information regarding local and national advertisers Tel.: Westfield 2-4748-M. Hours: 9 to 10 a. m. daily, except Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Paul Allemann
JEWELER :: OPTICIAN
104 EAST BROAD STREET
Telephone Westfield 2-0736

Westfield Flower Growers
JOHN C. STEUERNAGEL
Day: WEstfield 2-3650
Night: WEstfield 2-5555
Springfield Ave., Westfield, N. J.
If You Can't Find It Elsewhere, Try

The Economy Dry Goods Store
The Store for Everybody
147 Broad St. Tel. Westfield 2-2615

The Largest Drive-In Station in Town
SERVICENTER
INCORPORATED
EST 1919
Tel. Westfield 2-1020 Herse Brothers, Owners
413 North Ave. "At the Plaza"

BONAT BAKE SHOP
Birthday Cakes—Holiday Cookies
Delicious Fruit Cake
220 E. Broad Street Tel. WE. 2-2250

Gold Cross Shoes
for Women
Walk-Over Shoes
for Men
NEE DELL SHOE STORES
171 E. Broad St., Westfield, N. J.

WESLEY R. BRAUNSDORF
ASSOCIATES
Effecting Every Form of Insurance
Advisers in the purchase of Insurance since 1921
66 ELM STREET, WESTFIELD, N. J.
Tel. 2-3115 and 2-0200

O'CONNOR'S MARKET
Now located at [illegible] CT ST.
Carrying a full line of Meat, Groceries, Vegetables and Birds Eye Foods
FREE PROMPT DELIVERY AT ALL TIMES
3 Phones—We. 2-3737, We. 2-3050, We. 3051
WESTFIELD, N. J.

NEW JERSEY

WEST NEW YORK

DISTINCTIVE GIFTS
L. J. Raid Jewelers
6011 BERGENLINE AVENUE
at 60th ST., WEST NEW YORK, N. J.

Pennsylvania

ALLENTOWN

H. LEH & CO.
DEPARTMENT STORE
ALLENTOWN, PA.
Fashion and Quality at Thrift Prices

Allentown's Busiest Clothing Store
BOHLEN GROSS & MOYER
Outfitters to Men and Boys
721 Hamilton St. Allentown, Pa.

ZIMMERMAN'S ROADSIDE MARKET
FANCY FRUITS and VEGETABLES
OUR SPECIALTY
1029 N. 7th Street Phone 2-4692

The HOME RESTAURANT
17 SOUTH 7TH STREET
Home of PENNA. DUTCH COOKING
BUY WAR BONDS

Arnold's Bakery
Lehigh Valley's Leading Cake Bakery
637-639 N. Lumber St., Allentown, Pa.
Four Retail Stores for Your Convenience

Distinctive Service
THE ONLY CLEANERS, Inc.
1031 Hamilton Street, Allentown
PHONE 6181
Thirty Years of BETTER DRY CLEANING

Hess Brothers
Allentown, Pa.
One of "Pennsylvania's Good Stores"

WETHERHOLD & METZGER
"THE STORE OF FAMOUS SHOES"
A SPECIALIST TAKES CARE OF YOUR SHOE TROUBLES
719 HAMILTON ST. ALLENTOWN

BETHLEHEM

HESS
AUTO SUPPLY COMPANY
Esso Gasoline and Oils
Goodyear Tires
Willard Batteries
Greasing, Tire, Battery, etc. Service
715 Main Street Telephone 7-9589

natalie nadele
550 Main Street
One of the City's Finer Shops

ERIE

For Information regarding local and national advertisers phone W-92-387. Hours: 5:30 to 8 p. m. daily, except Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

The Halle Bros. Co.
116-124 WEST 10TH STREET
For Your Furs and Fur Coats

Trask, Prescott & Richardson
Department Store Erie, Penn.
Women's and Misses' Printzess, Jaunty Junior and Sterling Fur Trimmed Coats.

A. K. D. PRINTING CO.
Direct by Mail Advertising
General Printing and Binding
111 WEST 11TH STREET
ERIE, PENN.

GREENSBURG

Harper Method
GERTRUDE W. BATES
Rm. 412, First National Bank Bldg. Ph. 3158
HarperCOLD Permanent Wave Specialists
Complete Harper Method Beauty Services

MAIN LINE—Ardmore

ST. MARY'S LAUNDRY
INCORPORATED
Know Where Your Laundry Goes
DRY CLEANING
We own and operate our own plant
PHONE TODAY ARDMORE 440

PENNSYLVANIA

OLD YORK ROAD
Elkins Park

The GIFT SHOP
ADA L. PFLUEGER
Personal Christmas Cards
Gifts. Hosiery. Toys. Lending Library
"Open every evening during December"
Opp. Elkins Park Station Mel. 1329

OLD YORK ROAD
Jenkintown

THE CEDAR CHEST
Apparel for Men
411 YORK ROAD OGONTZ 3003

PHILADELPHIA

FRED J. COOPER
Jeweler by Birth
IF YOU CHOOSE YOUR DIAMOND
from our collection, it will reflect with greater glory, the spark of love it symbolizes.
109 SO. 13TH STREET
Certified Gemologist, Registered Jeweler, American Gem Society

JOHN B. BECHTEL
Certified Public Accountant
TAX SERVICE—AUDITS
Public Ledger Bldg. Wal 5791

the STURGIS store
Greene Street and Chelten Avenue
Germantown, Phila. Germantown 1611
Women's Smart Accessories
Hosiery • Handbags
Handkerchiefs • Costume Jewelry
Umbrellas • Gloves, etc.

Our Own Make Candies
Delicious Assortment of Chocolates and Bonbons
Malin-Hall
OUR OWN MAKE CANDIES
GRA 9261
510-512 SO. 52ND ST.

COLD WAVE
More Beautiful
Lasts Longer
Also machine and machineless permanents
FRANK GITTLER
Room 707, Penfield Bldg. 1328 Chestnut St.
Pen 5512

Nan Marie
Millinery
Rittenhouse 3639
135 South Seventeenth, Apt. 2D

PITTSBURGH

For Information regarding local and national advertisers
Tel.: Atlantic 9418. Hours: 9 to 12 noon daily except Saturday and Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

The Ardery-Dempsey Co.
Complete Home Furnishings
DRAPERIES, CARPETS
FURNITURE, LAMPS
414 Sixth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. COurt 1338

J. R. HUSSER PRINTING CO.
SALES BOOKS
BUSINESS FORMS
LECTURE ANNOUNCEMENTS
WEDDING ANNOUNCEMENTS
2440 Brownsville Rd., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Jewelry—Gifts
Box of 20 Christmas Cards
Choice Selection $1.00
CLARICE MAY HAMER'S
BEAD STUDIO
701 Pitt Bank Building

GRAHAM-BEERBOWER LUMBER CO.
Lumber and Millwork
At South Park—
the Playground of Pittsburgh
Broughton, Pa.
Tel. Carrick 2151

PITTSBURGH—Bellevue

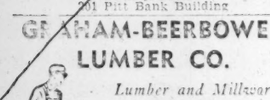
J. A. GESLER
563 Lincoln Avenue, Bellevue, Pa.
Dry Goods—Notions
Men's Wear
Juniper 0137 Hemstitching

There is no substitute for Quality!
Call Linden 6100
For Fine Foods and Meats
Free Delivery
BELLEVUE MARKET
LINCOLN AT SPRAGUE

PITTSBURGH—East End

THE HARPER METHOD SHOP
Mable M. Heimark
422-423 Highland Building
Telephone Montrose 2442
HarperCOLD Permanent Waving and ALL Beauty Service

READING



SAM HECKMAN
Rugs for Every Need
514 Penn Ave., W. Reading DIAL 2-2031
Open Eve. Until 8 P. M.

SELECT YOUR PERSONALIZED
Christmas Cards
NOW AT
POMEROY'S

PENNSYLVANIA

READING
(Continued)

Delicious
Mince Pies and Fruit Cakes
and other special cakes cookies, buns and French and Danish Pastries
The CRYSTAL
RESTAURANT AND PASTRY SHOP
Established 1914
537-545 PENN STREET

Drink
ST. LAWRENCE
Vitamin D MILK
PHONE 5211

Quality Jewelry
Here we have only the better things for your selection
J. C. MUMMA
619 PENN STREET READING, PENNA.

SCRANTON

BESANÇON, FLORIST
327 Jefferson Avenue
Scranton, Pa.
Telephone 3-8921

ROSWELL PHILLIPS
Agency
1923 N. Main Avenue
INSURANCE WITH SERVICE

Quality Service Satisfaction
THE WULLERT MARKETS
Meats of Quality
1221 S. Webster Ave. Ph. 4-9101
802 Pittston Ave. Ph. 3-9302

RUTH ZIMAN
TRAVEL LEATHER and GIFT SHOP
Formerly Publ & Ziman
211 N. Washington Avenue

SEWICKLEY

He hasn't stopped fighting -don't YOU!
Hovis & 5th WAR LOAN Hutchinson
Kramer Place at the Bridge

FRANK MENZ
Electrician
BACK THE ATTACK—BUY MORE THAN BEFORE

Rinso
SELECT
PHONE 1900 FREE DELIVERY Food Market 510 BEAVER ST SEWICKLEY

SWARTHMORE

SNOWDEN'S
DEPARTMENT STORE
18th Century Furniture
LARGE GIFT DEPT.
Media

MARTEL'S
Self-Service Market
Saves You Money to Buy WAR BONDS
Chester Rd. at Rutgers Ave., Rt. 320

YES, ABBOTTS DE LUXE ICE CREAM Is Available in Limited Quantities
MICHAEL'S COLLEGE PHARMACY
ON THE CORNER

UPPER DARBY

Topaz
Birthstone for November
Jewelry is an Ideal Gift for Christmas
A small deposit reserves your selection
GERLACH'S
Fine Jewelry
6915 Market St. Blvd. 0415

TOYS and PLAYTHINGS
for every age child
Ample stocks of dolls, games, table and chair sets and just every type of toy and plaything.
★
JONAS TOY SHOP
7028 Terminal Square

Apparel for Women
COATS—SUITS
DRESSES—LINGERIE
Real Robin
Fashions Yours
64 South 69th St.

PENNSYLVANIA

UPPER DARBY
(Continued)

• Boxie Cardigan made of 100% Virgin Wool of good weight. In all popular shades. Sizes 34-40. Price $5.95.

BLACKSTONE
Sweater Shop
29 South 69th Street. Blvd. 5312

Collins Store
Furniture and Gifts
Chairs—Upholstered, Ladderback and for Needlepoint. Tables and Lamps. Mah. Shelves. Mirrors, Pictures, Metal Trays.
7056 Garrett Road Blvd. 9763

"Famous Brand" Cancellations
Shoes for Men, Women and Children
Not rejects or damaged shoes but "First Quality" from "Famous Makers"
"FINE SHOES FROM FINE SOURCES"
Sheppard's
CANCELLATION FOOTWEAR
6804-06 Market St. Blvd. 9797 Open Eves.

WATCH REPAIRING
BAKER'S
(Formerly Baker & Hamilton)
Watchmakers and Jewelers
Upper Darby's Finest Equipped Repair Shop
Open Friday and Saturday Evenings Until 10 O'clock
7001 Garrett Road Blvd. 4381
(Next to 69th St. Theatre)

VOGEL'S
flowers
"When It's a Matter of Quality"
Blvd. 0445 7050 Garrett Rd.
DIRECT From the FLORIDA GROVES
Taste the difference in Tree Ripened Fruit
ORANGES Large, Sweet, Juicy PK. BSKT. 90c
GRAPEFRUIT, 5 FOR 35c
The ORANGE CAR
5015 West Chester Pike
Half Square West of PTC Terminal

UPPER DARBY
Lansdowne

INTERBORO LAUNDRY Inc.
Quality Laundry Services
Dry Cleaning of the Better Class
Serving Delaware County, West Phila., and the Main Line
PEMBROKE AVE. LANSDOWNE, PA.
PHONE MAD. 8100

WILKINSBURG

CALDWELL & GRAHAM
Corner Penn Avenue and Wood Street
Now is the time to buy Blankets on the Club plan, 95c down $1.00 weekly

New Fall Styles in Men's and Boys' Clothing
Dasch's
Wilkinsburg's Largest Men's Store
800 Wood Street at South Avenue

KISER BROTHERS
Stationery, Greeting Cards
Office Supplies
755 Penn Avenue PE. 4875

New Fall Fashions
DRESSES COATS
SUITS ACCESSORIES
THE CHARME SHOP
723 Penn Avenue

YORK

For Better Shoes
Shop at
REINEBERG'S
51-53 S. George Street

Miriam E. Baumgardner
Studio of Music
PIANO AND ORGAN
480 West King Street

LADIES!
Your Lovely New Hat Is Here
Also a large selection of Smart Handbags
FASHION HATS
8 S. George St. Colonial Building

For Better
FURS, CLOTH COATS, DRESSES, and SPORTS WEAR
Shop at
DANIELS
138 E. Market Street York, Pa.

Daily Features Page

Wit and Wisdom, Art and Comics — *Anecdotes, Sunny Hours, Camera Club*

Words of Current Interest

Alienated (Eph. 4:18)—*Al'-yen-at-ed* (both *a*'s long, first *e* clipped-short as in silent, second short). By Webster's alternative pronunciation, the word may be divided into five syllables, *a'-li-en-at'-ed*, with the *i* short, and other vowels as before. The *-ed* ending may also be pronounced with a short *i*, by Webster's alternate choice.

Webster's Synonyms has two lines of meaning for "alienate." The first is legal—"transfer" or "convey"; the second, descriptive of feeling—"estrange," "disaffect," "wean." In the latter case, a diversion of affection or interest to another object is connoted. In Eph. 4:18, English translators are evidently influenced by the Latin Bible, which has *alienati*, "made another's." Paul's Greek word carries the idea of "being made a stranger."

Cana (John 4:46)—*Ka'-na* (first *a* long, second as in *sofa*).

The 1944 revision of The Westminster Dictionary of the Bible commends the view that Cana is identical with Khirbet Kana, or Kana-el-Jelil, eight miles to the northward of Nazareth.

Coeternal—*Ko'-e-tur'-nal* (*o* long, *e* quick-long as in *event*, *u* as in *urn*, *a* clipped-short as in *account*). By Webster's alternative pronunciation, the *a* in the last syllable may be elided, *-n'l*.

"Equally eternal"; active in theological discourse since the fourteenth century.

Indissoluble—*In-dis'-o-lu-b'l* (both *i*'s short, *o* quick-long as in *obey*, *u* quick-long as in *unite*). Or, especially in the literal senses, *in'-di-sol'-u-b'l* (both *i*'s short, *o* short, *u* quick-long, accent shifted to third syllable, with secondary accent on first syllable).

Paramount—*Par'-a-mount* (first *a* short, second as in *sofa*).

A French phrase made into an English adjective. In a kind of legal use at first, to denote someone highest in rank or authority. Going with this force back in the sixteenth century. Later it acquires the simple meaning of "superior," "pre-eminent."

Persistently—*Per-sis'-tent-li* (first *e* as in *maker*, second clipped-short as in *silent*, both *i*'s short). By Webster's alternative pronunciation, the second syllable may begin with a *z* sound instead of *s*.

The noun "persistence" is older than the adjective "persistent"; and as for the adverb "persistently," that does not seem to find currency much before the middle of the nineteenth century. From the verb "persist," through noun, adjective, and adverb, the idea is carried of a person repeating an action and remaining firm in it; of continuing a course in spite of failure.

Radiance—*Ra'-di-ans* (first *a* long, *i* short, second *a* clipped-short as in *account*).

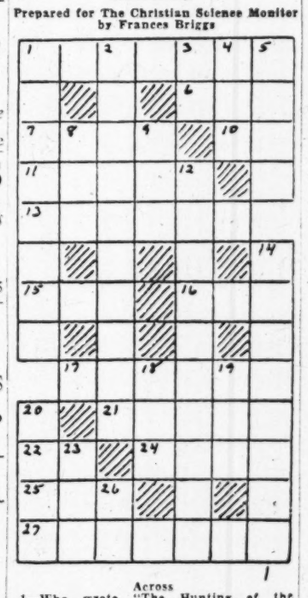
"Splendor." The notion of a light shining and throwing out its rays is inherent. Since Shakespeare; a poetic word.

Longest Civilian Flights

During the past year Australian civilian aircraft have been flying regularly the longest non-stop flight undertaken by civilian aircraft in the world, the 3,500-mile trip over the Indian ocean to India.

Crossword Quiz

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor by Frances Briggs



Across
1—Who wrote "The Hunting of the Snark"?
6—What is a long-tailed South American monkey?
7—What is a formal and ceremonial act?
10—What Italian river is mentioned in Goldsmith's "The Traveller"?
11—Who is the "doll" of Ibsen's "A Doll's House" (poss.)?
13—Damon Runyan is what?
15—What is Bulgaria's monetary unit?
16—How many prongs has a bident?
17—Who composed the musical work "Les Beatitudes"?
21—What mountain is associated with Moses?
22—Who was Babylonian god of the watery element?
24—St. Paul is capital of what State of U. S. (abbr.)?
25—Shade tree.
27—What role did Caruso sing in opera "Aida"?

Down
1—What place is scene of Gilbert and Sullivan's "Ruddigore"?
2—Chesapeake Bay dogs are what?
3—Bone.
4—A fold.
5—What animal might be described as "maned"?
8—Suffix.
9—Would you eat, pet, or row a hackin?
12—What is a period of seven years?
14—What English fowls have five toes, or the hind toe double?
18—Purpose.
19—To be able.
20—An elephure is what?
23—What is a winglike process or part?
26—Potomac River separates Virginia from what State (abbr.)?

(Answer Block Appears Among the Advertisements)

In Lighter Vein

Baffles Originator

Surrealist Salvador Dali's extraordinary paintings have baffled more people than has Einstein's theory of relativity.

"What do your paintings mean?" asked one straightforward critic.

"I don't understand them entirely myself," replied the Spanish artist, "Isn't it enough that I paint hem?" —Milwaukee Journal

Of Course It Is

If you're saving tales of Scottish thriftiness, here's one for the scrapbook:

Sandy and wife paused thoughtfully in front of the restaurant bearing the sign: "Dinner here from 12 to 3—50 cents."

"Coom, lass," Sandy said, nodding approval, "three hours' eatin' for fifty cents is'verra reasonable."

On the Spot

"So you got a job in the dime store, Sadie?"

"Yes, it's practically the only way to be sure to get a package of chewing gum when the carton's unwrapped."

Daily Anecdote

Personal Attention

At the close of the last war General Pershing made a tour of the West, stopping at Cheyenne, Wyoming, to speak and shake hands with more than 3,000 school children.

Afterward a little girl boasted to her parents that she had had a private word with the General.

"What did he say to you?" they proudly asked.

"He said, 'Pass on, little girl, pass on'."

Drawn for The Christian Science Monitor by Reamer Keller
"See, that's what I mean!"

Today's Quotation

You cannot dream yourself into a character: you must hammer and forge yourself one.
—FROUDE

Brevities

Then there was the fox that got out of harm's way by digging a manhole.—Detroit News.

We can safely predict that there will be a shortage of political oratory after Nov. 7.

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

M. P.'s Find "Pop"

By the Associated Press

Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

An 11-year-old boy who became "awful lonesome" for his soldier dad, stationed here, decided to do something about it.

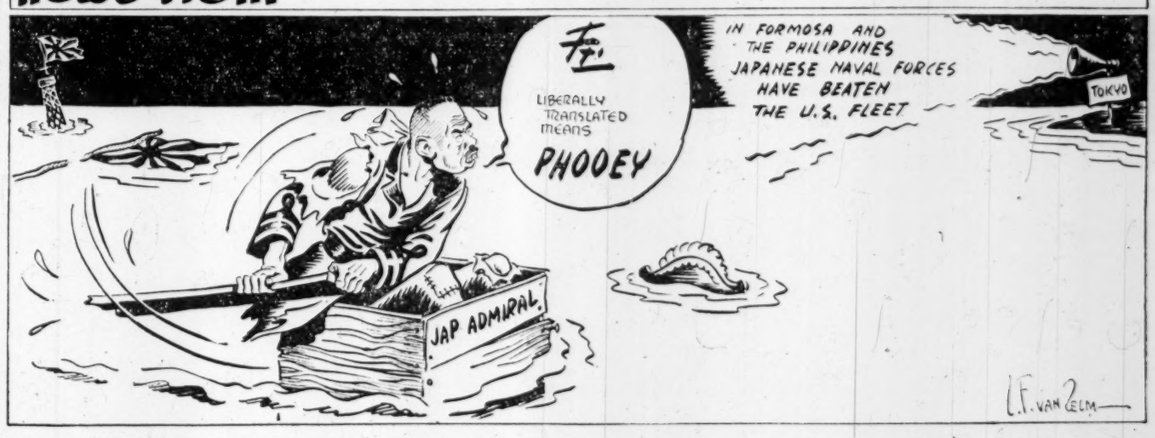
Richard Gemberling decided that if dad couldn't come home to Bethlehem, Pa., he would just have to travel the 150 miles to Aberdeen himself. He arrived about 11 o'clock Saturday night, tired but grinning, and asked the M.P.'s how to find "Pop," Private Henry Gemberling.

"Pop" was found and Richard was fed and bedded down for the night in a G. I. bunk. The effectiveness of his self-prescribed cure was his remark as he was placed on a train for home Sunday night. "Gosh, wait till the guys back in school hear that I ate in a real Army mess hall."

Have You Noticed?

Gold, silver, platinum and radium are sometimes found in minute quantities in coal ashes.

NEWS ITEM~ JAP WARSHIPS SUNK OR DAMAGED IN BATTLE OF PHILIPPINES NOW TOTAL 60, NIMITZ REPORTS



The Taffles—*The Obstacle Course* — By PALMER

Tubby and Buddy & Co.—*What Paper Do You Read?* — By LE PELLEY

WOW...
YIPPEE..
BUD... BUD... GUESS WHAT! THE PAPER SAID IT WAS GOING TO SNOW !!
OUR PAPER SAID IT WAS GOING TO RAIN
OH... I GUESS YOUR FAMILY READS A DIFFERENT NEWSPAPER...

The Diary of Snubs, Our Dog—*Sponge Isn't Like That* — By RODGERS

I can't understand Sponge!
Every time I come near she gets up and walks away!
As far as I know I haven't done or said a single thing that could possibly have offended her!
You'd almost think she was jealous of my growing importance in the canine world-
But- shucks! That's not like Sponge!
Rodgers

The Adventures of Waddles—*Jim Is Frozen on His Job* — By THE HAGERS

THE DUCKLINGS IN THEIR HALLOWE'EN COSTUMES GAVE US QUITE A START LAST NIGHT.
YEP, IT WAS THE ONLY THRILL I'VE HAD IN THIS OLD HOUSE. IT IS DEFINITELY NOT A PLACE FOR AN AUTHOR OF MYSTERY STORIES.
THEN YOU'VE GIVEN UP WRITING THOSE CHILL-PROVOKING YARNS FOR PULP PERILS?
ON THE CONTRARY-
THE ATMOSPHERE IN HERE IS SO CHILL THAT I AM NOW WRITING A TREATISE ON "AIR CURRENTS AT THE NORTH POLE."
THE HAGERS

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1944 — *"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"* — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Editorials

Teamwork for Jobs

Governor Dewey's Buffalo speech dealt primarily and effectively with the major postwar domestic concern of Americans—full employment. It well illustrated his basic approach—to enlist the co-operation of all groups and bring them together on a program of action. His attitude is not one of reluctant reliance on private enterprise for jobs, but of earnest desire to create conditions under which business and labor can work with confidence.

The New Deal, coming into power at a time when the public blamed the 1929 crash on businessmen, started with the idea that business must be distrusted, policed and punished—if not displaced by governmental competition. Too many of its leaders have endeavored to make political capital out of hatred for "economic royalists," not distinguishing honest business from dishonest. Too many of them have sought votes as the special representatives of union labor, always ready to attack employers, instead of recognizing that the greatest interest of labor and employer is their mutual one in full production.

Many a business man—and as Governor Dewey pointed out, particularly the small-business man—has felt that the multiplicity of red tape, of reports and questionnaires, of inspections and regulations, was so excessive as to display a desire to plague him or put him out of business. And, as Mr. Dewey showed, a vast number have been unable to continue.

His figure of 500,000 small businesses closing their doors in 1943 and 1944 doubtless includes many of the normal failures and others forced by unavoidable wartime conditions. But even officials charged with aiding small business are disappointed in what has been done. Moreover the vast majority of the men whose enterprise and management skill must be depended on for postwar jobs regard the Roosevelt administration as an enemy.

Some businessmen will have their doubts about any governmental program to insure jobs, and the eight-point plan put forward by Mr. Dewey is not free from indefiniteness—as on tax reductions—or free from contradictions—as between tax reductions and new expenses to support prices and expand social security. Yet most of the proposals are widely agreed upon as essential to America's postwar economy, and the general attitude of friendliness toward business and of seeking teamwork for jobs as between business, labor and Government is clear.

Mr. Dewey's desire to extend teamwork into the relations between President and Congress is another vital factor. The manner in which he started his campaign—by consulting not only the varied elements within his party, but leaders of business and labor—indicated his willingness to accept and his ability to co-ordinate the information and ideas of others. His success in winning the support of Congressional leaders promises much in the way of necessary legislation. The whole Dewey approach to the problem of jobs is one of friendly, effective teamwork.

Across Fence and Ocean

More than for treaties or tribunals or police forces, the world is calling for the compassion that finds practical expression in feeding, clothing, and sheltering the hungry and the homeless. The National War Fund in its annual solicitation aims at reaching 60,000,000 people in over 91 countries with such aid in the coming year.

In the wake of United States forces returning to the islands, American friendship for the Filipinos will bespeak itself anew through relief supplies purchased by workers and housewives. On the heels of the liberating armies in Europe and Asia, mercy will replace marauding. A considerable part of the fund, too, will continue to be devoted to U. S. O. clubs and United Seamen's rest centers, to furnishing recreational equipment and comforts to war prisoners in enemy camps, and to helping the needy on the home front.

The National War Fund, in taking under its sheltering wing some 700 organizations which formerly appealed separately for public support for these worthy causes, has greatly simplified the privilege of contributing. It covers immediate and other needs not supplied by Government agencies. And nothing can take the place, or substitute for the blessing to either giver or recipient, of the individual friendly hand outstretched from neighbor to neighbor, whether across fences or over oceans. Americans, in oversubscribing their fund, can prove that something more constructive than warplanes is drawing the world together!

To Remove Voting Barriers

A major obstacle in the path of intelligent voting on referendum questions by Massachusetts citizens will be eliminated on Nov. 7, if Question No. 1 on the State ballot results in a "Yes" majority.

Under this referendum the voters are asked whether they approve a proposed amendment to the State Constitution to permit use of a fair and concise summary of proposed amendments and laws when they are presented to the voters on the ballot. For many years constitutional barriers have blocked efforts to make such questions more readily understandable to the voter.

Another voting barrier will be removed if a majority of voters cast affirmative ballots on Question No. 4. This referendum presents a proposed Constitutional Amendment to permit qualified persons to vote by absentee ballot if they are physically unable to go to the polls. Such persons are now barred from voting.

The fair and concise summary amendment and the absentee voter proposal are respectively the first and fourth State-wide referendums appearing on the Nov. 7 ballot. The other three referendums will be discussed on successive days in the editorial columns of The Christian Science Monitor.

Question No. 1 itself is a good example of the confusion resulting from the present constitutional requirements. To eliminate such confusion and to make ballot questions more easily understood, vote "Yes" on Question No. 1. To broaden the absentee voting law and to eliminate an unfair hindrance of the franchise, vote "yes" on Question No. 4.

The Stilwell Recall

The recall of General ("Vinegar Joe") Stilwell from China highlights a situation often hinted at. It is a situation compounded of politics, ideology, personality, inadequate supplies, differences of outlook on strategy, and even on etiquette.

General Stilwell consistently urged a much more vigorous campaign against the Japanese in China than Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek was prepared to undertake. General Stilwell seems also to have symbolized American pressures for co-operation between Chungking and the Chinese Communists, a co-operation Chungking has obviously considered out of the question.

Though President Roosevelt states that the Stilwell recall reflects a clash of personalities — Chiang's and Stilwell's—there is obviously much more to the case than this. War Department censors have passed several reports from correspondents in the Far East which disclose points of disagreement not simply between the Generalissimo and the General, but between Chungking and Washington.

One of the paradoxes of the recall—a paradox truly Oriental in its circumlocutions—is that it does not represent a defeat for the American position. General Stilwell espoused this position. But his removal seems almost required by the complexities of the Chinese situation.

It is clear that the United States Government has been demanding reforms at Chungking. These reforms must come through Chiang. Chiang, then, must not be deprived of prestige in China while capitulating to American demands. The recall of General Stilwell in response to Chiang's demand is apparently doing wonders for Chiang's "face."

On this matter of "face" the British have just done their bit by elevating the status of their representative at Chungking. The British move will strengthen Chiang within China, but will not affect his position vis-à-vis the United States, on which he still depends for supplies.

The flareup—it is far from being a crisis—in American-Chinese relations will doubtless clear the way for a sounder understanding from this point onward. The bickering of governments composing a coalition is always a comfort to the enemies of the coalition, but is something that history has taught us to reckon with. Moreover, the Chinese through long years of resistance to the Japanese have won the deep admiration of the American people, who remember the shortcomings of western policy when China was standing alone.

It is too late in this war for Hitler or Hirohito to get much solace out of the Stilwell recall.

Vern Sprague, Maine sage, says: "The postwar prospect of going back to earnin' what they're worth bothers a lot of folks."

But They Always Land Safely

Peace by Changes in German Industry

The Wide Horizon

By James B. Conant
President of Harvard University

In an address before the Foreign Policy Association

Most Americans are agreed that certain steps must follow the surrender of Germany and Japan: military occupation, the removal or destruction of all remaining engines and weapons of war, the use of every possible means to break the power of the German General Staff and the Japanese War Party. . . .

What proportion of the citizens of Germany should be held responsible for the continuing aims and the crafty planning of the military caste, I do not pretend to know. But the facts are clear as to the consequences of this continuity of military thought in an extremely able group. Five times in 80 years German military might has disturbed the peace. . . . What possible assurances can we have that this tradition will be broken? Given the overwhelming importance of technological developments and industrial power, must we not insist that the physical means be absent by which a military clique can accomplish its ambition? . . .

* * *

There is little doubt that a considerable proportion of the German youth today are convinced believers in all that Germany has stood for in the last ten years. It would be a miracle indeed if bitter defeat suddenly changed their minds. One has to be an incurable optimist to believe that any process of education—particularly one sponsored by other nations and imposed from without—will change the views of these youths hardened by the party discipline. In time, of course, we can hope for modification of this attitude. . . .

I believe that it can be demonstrated that a drastic change in the German industrial scene and a considerable degree of redistribution of European industry will be required. With Germany's industrial plants now largely reduced to ruin, the question turns on the degree of physical reconstruction to be allowed.

As far as aviation is concerned, of course, Germany and Japan must both be prevented from the manufacture or use of airplanes even for commercial purposes for years to come. But the success of the robot bomb shows that control of conventional aviation is not enough. The basic consideration is total industrial power.

If it turns out on careful analysis that there are a number of equally effectual methods of reducing the industrial strength of Germany as far as armament is concerned, we should, of course, choose those that cause the least disruption. But I would like to emphasize my personal conviction that effective methods—effective for many years—must be found and that these methods will almost surely require vital changes in Germany's industrial structure. To me there is no question that even if these measures require a reorientation of the economic balance of the world, we must apply them nevertheless. . . .

* * *

Only changes which it would take years to reverse can be considered safe. Moulton and Marlio, in their recent book, have spelled this all out and have made the excellent suggestion that Germany's main source of electrical power be located beyond her borders. International operation of this mainspring of future industrial life would be the sort of industrial control which would be both effectual and not too crippling to the economic life of the German nation. But I have grave doubts if this or any other single measure alone will be sufficient. It is total industrial strength that tells. . . .

To me it would seem preferable to make at the outset such drastic alterations in the industrial scene that relatively little continuing interference with Germany's internal affairs will be required. . . .

Consider the situation in the 1950's: Which would be preferable, a Germany industrially strong still occupied by foreign troops ready to act if reconversion to armament manufacture starts, or a weak industrial Germany readjusted to a new life and free from alien soldiers? Which is preferable from the point of view of the eventual re-entry of the German people into the family of equal nations? Which is likely to be more successful, a disarmament plan resting on military force which must act rapidly when the alarm is sounded, or a plan based on a low industrial potential? . . .

Let me be clear that I am not arguing against the military occupation of Germany in the immediate future. Of course, military occupation will be a necessity for several years. Furthermore, careful inspection of all German factories and industrial facilities will be required in order to be certain that the initial terms of disarmament are fulfilled. This can be done in this period largely by military men of the occupying nations, but as the years go by the supervision of Germany's disarmament status will be less of a military problem and more a matter of industrial and technical inspection.

Mirror of World Opinion

Prayer Is Answered

The art of praying is a profound one, not just a matter of saying words in a certain way, and then sitting back to await the answer, at the precise time we want it, in the precise way we expect it, under the exact conditions we have pictured.

In our finite and limited way of thinking, we draw patterns and designs for our wants, ordering them from God as a man orders a suit from a tailor. Prayer is not a matter of specifications. Strangely, when a prayer is answered to exact measurements, too often it brings unhappiness. *It is best to leave the details to God.*

A couple I know prayed for years, for a house of their own. As the years passed, it did not seem that they would ever own one, but they continued to draw up dream-plans and to clip pictures of houses and rooms from magazines. They even knew just where they wanted every fixture and faucet. . . .

Unexpectedly, the woman inherited some money, and with what they had saved by sweat and toil, they built their dream. Henceforth, every penny they earned went into the house. For years, they have bought no clothes, but their bathroom alone cost as much as would build a modest bungalow. They have taken no recreation, but their roof is the finest money can buy. They skimp on their food, but not on doorknobs, or bricks for the terrace, which they scarcely dare to walk on for fear their heels will scratch it.

Are they happy? No. They are slaves to their house. They worship the house, when they should worship God the Provider, who gave them the opportunity to bring their prayer to fruition.

What is the answer, then?

Instead of asking God for *things*, ask that His will be done in the matter. . . . Finally, pray for the wisdom and understanding to use His gift properly, for the grace to share it generously, for the deep gratitude which will keep your faith ever-joyous and ever-active.—Editorial in *True Story Magazine*.

On Election Day

(Reprinted by Request)

When I have cast my ballot let me say:
I mark an X for principles today.
I did not vote for party or for man,
But for what seemed to be the wisest plan
To meet the present need. With open mind
I weighed each deed and promise, that the blind
Lead not the blind.

But high o'er all
I prayed that God would hear a people's call.
A call not made for self, but for the whole;
Enabling Right to govern and control,
I prayed that Love would stifle lies and greed,
Thus knitting hearts together in one creed;
One politic; one party; and one plan:
The good of all; the all of good, for man.

RUTH D. SMITH

Helping the Schools of Europe

An Intimate Message From Washington

By Mary Hornaday

In liberated Europe, school bells have begun to ring again, calling pupils back to classrooms after years of Nazi oppression.

The problems of repairing school buildings, of finding balanced teachers and inspiring morals into children who have lived in a lawless reign of terror will be difficult. Already, educational authorities abroad have begun to look to the United States and Great Britain for a helping hand in lifting them out of their intellectual confusion.

Last April in London, at a session presided over by Representative J. William Fulbright, former president of the University of Arkansas, a tentative draft constitution for a united national organization for educational and cultural reconstruction was accepted by a group of Allied Ministers of Education.

Like UNRRA and the new United Nations security organization, it would have an assembly, an executive board, and an international secretariat. These would have at their disposal an emergency rehabilitation fund to be used in helping war-devastated Allied countries to re-establish their educational systems.

The United Nations would not do the whole job for any nation, neither would they dictate educational policies, but they would collect information, provide for exchange of teachers and students, stock depleted libraries and laboratories, and otherwise help to end the intellectual isolation imposed by the Nazis and the Fascists.

The proposed constitution was submitted to the United Nations for approval and suggestions, but here in the United States it has not been presented to Congress because of the election and pressure of other State Department projects. Now the Allied Ministers of Education are leaving London and going back to their homelands to re-establish their school systems. The time for giving them international backing is ripe.

The United States State Department has had Dr. Grayson N. Kefauver, former Dean of Education at Stanford University, over in London ever since the conference last spring, to keep in touch with Allied ministers. Before returning to this country a few days ago, Dr. Kefauver went to Normandy, to Paris, and to Brussels, visiting schools where they had reopened and preparing firsthand information on European education.

Until they were able to get back into Europe, educators were uncertain just what the impact of Nazism had been on the schools. They have found out that though spotty, it was considerable. Teachers that were anti-Nazi were not allowed to remain. There was no general destruction of textbooks, but books unfavorable to Nazism were put out of circulation. Libraries were not allowed to make use of certain books, though they were usually allowed to lay them away instead of burning them.

In Italy where schools opened a couple of weeks ago with a new de-fascistized course of instruction devised by Italian educators, it was found necessary to dismiss only 3 per cent of the total number of classroom teachers for being active Fascists, though Fascism had been injected into every textbook under Mussolini.

In the past, European educational systems have been largely modeled on the German. Educators from the Continent usually went to that country for advanced study. Now there is evidence that they are turning to Britain and the United States.

Even more important than the structure of their school systems will be Anglo-American assistance in encouraging the re-establishment of morals in the oncoming generations of Europe.

"The Belgians," said one of their educational officials recently, "aren't as badly famished physically as morally."

Opening the schools of Paris, Rene Capitant, French Minister of National Education, told teachers: "Teach the children initiative, teach them to oppose all that is opposed to liberty. Children and adolescents brought up under the régime of terror and privation will need to be taught perseverance and concentration for work."

Children who were taught that it was all right to steal from the Nazis will need to be given a new concept of right for right's sake.

The task before the teachers of Europe is tremendous. They will be better able to stand up to it if they are given early tangible encouragement from men in their field in nondevastated countries that they have known and respected.

World Order Needs Wise Friends

Toward Tomorrow: A Peace Aims Feature

By Carlyle Morgan

"Et tu, Brute? Then fall, Caesar."

The wounds inflicted by our enemies are rarely so painful as those inflicted by our friends. Or so fatal, as Shakespeare implied in that famous line uttered by Caesar when he finds Brutus among the Senate ambush. Like Caesar, the plan outlined at Dumbarton Oaks may need as alert defense against the too-fervent friends of international organization as against its implacable enemies.

The foes of international organization are not numerous enough in the United States today to cause the downfall of present efforts to build a world peace agency. But when we add to them the whole-loafers, the perfectionists, the people who oppose Dumbarton Oaks because it does not come up to their own varying specifications for world order, it begins to feel "pretty crowded in here."

Should the present effort at international organization be defeated, we need not expect the opposition to have a better, or even as good, a plan ready to substitute for that produced at the Oaks. To understand this, let us look at this opposition:

A very vocal section wants the United States to have as little as possible to do with the rest of the world. This group sees Dumbarton Oaks as a subtle scheme to put American power at the service of Old World interests, and rings all the changes on the theme of Americans being suckers in the hands of slick European diplomatists. It represents the last vestige of unabashed isolationism left in the United States, and its assumption that America must go it alone in the postwar world, depending only on its own strong right arm and imposing its will where necessary, represents the beginnings of an American imperialism which is the antithesis of co-operation.

Another section wants the United States to take part in some sort of co-operation if—if—Americans approve of all the many solutions to boundary questions, minority problems, reparations schemes and so forth which may be embodied in the peace treaties. And that means that Americans of Polish extraction may have to approve an adjustment of Polish borders in Russian favor, that Americans of Hungarian extraction have to accept the probable loss of Transylvania to Rumania, that Americans of Italian extraction may have to pretend to like it if Yugoslavia is given territory which Italians claim. The composite racial structure of the United States makes it highly improbable that any peace treaty could lift these issues above question in the United States. Such issues will always offer politicians good material with which to bid for votes. There will always be some American mouthpiece for some special European discontent.

Still another section of the opposition to Dumbarton Oaks voices grave concern for the rights of small nations, on the ground that too much power resides in the security council dominated by a Big Four or Five. The intentions of this group are laudable but they could help pave the road to another war. For to satisfy this group we should have either to give all nations a voting power such as stalled the League of Nations, or provide a form of world federation acceptable to States exceedingly jealous of their national sovereignty.

The key question in appraising the achievement of Dumbarton Oaks is this: Does this plan represent the most forward step which it is politically possible to take at this time? A plan which does that deserves our support. Faced with reports of a many-sided attack on the Dumbarton Oaks plan, it behooves us to remember that this project for a security organization will not be defeated by the enemies of world order unless they can enlist in the attack those friends of world order who love their goal not wisely but too well.

Letters to The Christian Science Monitor

Security Through Justice

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

As an English nurse was being led before a firing squad in World War One, she said some words which go ringing down through the ages. She said, "Patriotism is not enough." Naziism is patriotism run riot. Every force will in the end prove destructive of untempered with love.

It is perhaps true that the cornerstone of human security is "the Golden Rule," also that all that the Allies want in this war is security. At the Treaty of Versailles, the Allies thought they would get this security by being lenient. This plan would have been a success if Germany had responded, which she failed to do. This time we should win security through justice, just punishment never being a breaking of the Golden Rule.

Barton, Vt. W. S. HIBBARD

Bulgaria's Claims

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

In your esteemed paper recently appeared a letter entitled "On the Bulgarians" by Kimon A. Koukas. He states "the fruit of the partnership with the Axis has gotten them Dobruja from Romania, Macedonia from Yugoslavia, and Western Thrace from Greece." He does not say that these very territories had been stolen from Bul-

Does he not know the Bucharest ference in 1919, after Bulgaria brunt of the Balkan War, was called by the above-mentioned Powers to divide Bulgaria among themselves, and to make her so small and powerless and unable to exist that she might as well resign to be taken by the above-mentioned nations?

When I was prisoner in Serbia in 1913, they used to tell me, 'There is no more Bulgaria. You have to become Serbian, if you know what is good for you. Our ally will see to it.'"

V. N. MADOLOFF

Berkeley, Calif.

V-E Day

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

"Why not encourage these ideas of V-E Day? 'Stay on the Job.' 'Buy bonds with the money you would otherwise spend in celebration and have something worth while to honor the day of Victory.'"

Imagine if each war worker, as well as others, bought an extra bond on that glorious day and marked it "not to be cashed until maturity!"

C. B. WORSNOP

Los Angeles

Affront to Loyal Companion

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

With reference to your recent front page picture, much as I have admired Field Marshal Montgomery for his brilliant African campaign, I cannot but consider the naming of a dog "Hitler" a most callous affront to a loyal companion unable to voice his own protest.

Boston OLOF WENSTROM

THIS NEWSPAPER ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITIES FOR STATEMENTS OR OPINIONS IN LETTERS FROM ITS READERS.